

DON'T PASS
PROSPERITY UP

The Daily Republican.

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VOTE FOR TAFT TOMORROW AND KEEP PROSPERITY

JAMES E. WATSON RECEIVES THE GREATEST OVATION OF CAMPAIGN

PARADE IS BIGGEST SEEN HERE IN YEARS

Republican Demonstration Gives Vent
to Pent-up Enthusiasm of
Campaign in Rush.

PARADE IS TEN BLOCKS LONG

Decorated Autos and Marchers, Car-
rying Torches are Revelation
to Thousands on Streets

People jammed the downtown
streets Saturday night to witness the
greatest political demonstration in
years when a pageant ten blocks
long moved over the streets in the
business district.

Pent-up Republican enthusiasm
ran riot. Thousands of people
marched and rode in automobiles and
many more crowded the sidewalks
and the streets, leaving only a nar-
row line in the center for the parade
to pass.

It required twenty minutes for the
parade to pass a given point, and it
did not move slowly either because
the Rushville concert band, which led
the parade, was pushed to walk fast
because it was trailed by automobiles
whose drivers could not keep them
down to ordinary walking pace.

There were forty beautifully deco-
rated autos in the pageant. Every
person in the machines, as those
marching, carried red torches, and
the city was aglow with the red light.
Frank Capp and Merrill Ball marched
at the head of the parade and W. A.
Alexander and John C. Blackledge, on
horseback, acted as marshalls for the
night.

The line of first voters, which fol-
lowed immediately after the automo-
biles, was a revelation to the people
on the streets. More than a hundred
first voters were in line, cheering for
the G. O. P. and waving the red
torches above their heads. The first
voters were led by the Republican
drum corps, augmented by a boy's
drum corps.

It was the greatest political
demonstration that has been witness-
ed here in many a campaign. There
were men in line, carrying red lights
enthusiastically above their heads,
that never participated in such a de-
monstration before.

The marchers carried banners of
all sorts. A good majority of them
were on white card board, with the
word "TAFT" spelled out in large
bold black letters. Other banners
read:

"Vote for Prosperity and Happy
Homes."

"Our County Ticket is a Winner."

"Before You Vote, Stop and Think"

"Why Vote for a Change? To
What?"

"First Voters Club."

"Why Should You Want a Change?"

"Taft and Durbin."

In addition to these there were
many other timely slogans and a
number of pictures of Taft and Dur-
bin.

The parade was delayed because
of the lateness of the arrival of the
Shelbyville delegation. The parade
was held until the crowd of a hundred
reached the scene of the formation
of the pageant. Shelbyville brought
Continued on Page 8.

TALKS TO CHEERING AUDIENCE OF 3,000

Former Congressman Recalls Legis-
lation of Republicans and Fail-
ures of Democrats in Speech.

PAYS ATTENTION TO MOOSE

Assails Beveridge For His Demagog-
ic Appeals to Win Votes—Some
Political History.

WATSON'S FAREWELL.

On this, my birthday, I am
glad to stand in the presence
of my friends and neighbors
of Rushville and the sur-
rounding counties and render
to you my gratitude for all of
your many acts of kindness
to me; for your generous sup-
port when I was a candidate
and to say to you that what-
ever I can do for you as an
individual I will cheerfully
do. And I want to say to you
while my memory is as clear
as it is and while my belief
is as firm as it is, I will stand
for the principles of the old
Republican party that I be-
lieve has made this country
what it is today, the wonder
and admiration of the world.
I bid you all good night and
God speed.

James E. Watson received such an
ovation as he has not received this
campaign when he ascended to the
platform in the tabernacle Saturday
night before an audience composed of
his own townspeople, those who
know him best.

He was cheered for several min-
utes, the cheers re-echoing from one
end of the immense building to the
other. Mr. Watson was deeply
touched by the greeting which was
given him by the three thousand
people assembled. They arose in
their seats, waved their hats and
shouted until they were hoarse. Mr.
Watson appreciated the demonstra-
tion, not as a man, but as a represen-
tative of a cause, for he said:

"I should be less than human if I
were not profoundly moved by this
evidence of cordiality. I am not vain
enough to think it was given to me
as an individual but rather to the
policies for which I stand."

The stage was beautifully deco-
rated for the occasion. It was gayly
bedecked with flags and pictures of
Taft and Sherman and other Repub-
lican leaders—McKinley and Lincoln.
The seats on the immense stage were
all filled with old soldiers and wom-
en.

Will M. Sparks presided at the
meeting and introduced Former-con-
gressman Watson. As soon as he
could stop the applause, Mr. Sparks
expressed his pleasure at being able
to preside at such a meeting, one of
the Republican variety.

"It is a peculiar pleasure," said
Mr. Sparks "to have been defeated
for office and still be a Republican." This
was loudly applauded. "I am
here," he continued, "to introduce
one who went down with me." When
Continued on Page 4.



Tried And Found True

MOTORBIKE AND AUTO COLLIDE

Albert Leisure Run Over by Machine
But Emerges From Under
it Smiling.

HAS A MIRACULOUS ESCAPE

Hurled 25 Feet But Sustains Only
Few Bruises—Motorcycle is
Badly Damaged.

Albert Leisure of West Ninth
street narrowly escaped death in a
collision with an automobile Sunday
afternoon about one o'clock at the
corner of Main and Second streets.
Leisure was knocked off his motorcy-
cle, and run over by the auto, but
crawled out from under it bright and
smiling when spectators fully ex-
pected to have to drag his lifeless body
out.

The automobile was driven by C.
C. Gunning, living four miles north of
Manilla. He was going south in Main
street and Leisure was riding west
in Second street. The automobile hit
the motorcycle broadside when the
two were in about the center of the
street.

The motorcycle and rider were
hurled twenty-five feet over toward
the Rush County National bank
corner before Gunning could bring
his auto to a stop. The front wheel
of the automobile passed over Lei-
sure and the motorcycle, but Leisure
was not injured aside from a few
bruises.

Eyewitnesses turned their heads
when they saw the crash was inevi-
table. They expected the motorbike
rider to be killed, and they still be-
lieved it until they saw him emerge
from under the auto. He insisted that
he was not hurt but Gunning finally
persuaded him to go to a physician
Continued on Page 8.

TAFT VOTE WILL BE BIG SURPRISE

F. L. Youse, Traveling Salesman
Here Today, Says Trend Toward
President is Astonishing.

JUST RETURNED FROM TRIP

Declares That Protectionists Realize
it Will Not be Necessary to
Vote For Wilson.

"The trend is so strong toward
Taft that he will surprise a lot of
people when the votes are counted."
That was the assertion of F. L.
Youse, wholesale representative for
D. H. Baldwin & Company, of In-
dianapolis, who spent today in this
city. Mr. Youse travels through
northern Indiana and Michigan.

"The turning to Taft in the last
two weeks has been the most remark-
able thing I ever saw in politics,"
said Mr. Youse today. "The vote
that Taft receives is going to be a
big surprise. I would not be sur-
prised if he were elected."

"I have just finished a trip over my
territory in northern Indiana and
Michigan and I have been inquiring
especially about the political con-
ditions, not only to satisfy my own
curiosity but because the boys in at
the house wanted to know how things
were."

"I believe, or at least I have found
it so, that droves of Republicans are
just now realizing at the last moment
that Roosevelt does not have a ghost
of a show and that it will not be
necessary for them to vote for Wil-
son in order to defeat Roosevelt."

"But the trend from this class has
not been near so strong as that from
the Progressive party. Even many
men who are still admirers of Roose-
velt and are protectionists are turn-
Continued on page 8.

WILL SWEAR IN DEPUTIES TO SEE THAT ELECTION TUESDAY IS CLEAN

HITS CASH DRAWER BEFORE LEAVING

Joe Robinson Gets \$100 From Till at
Meat Market And Disappears
From City.

POLICE FAIL TO FIND HIM

Joe Robinson, who has been man-
aging a meat market in West Third
street for the past several weeks,
suddenly disappeared Saturday night
and took with him about everything
in sight. When Robinson left about
the only thing he left behind was the
building. Joe hit, the cash register
for about \$100 and left the city. So
far he has not been located.

It is understood that Robinson was
running the place on money furnished
by Hyman Schatz and Schatz is said
to be the heavy loser. It is reported
that Robinson took all the money in
sight amounting to about \$100. The
police were notified but have not
found the man Carl Dausch of New
Salem, who has been working for
Robinson, it is understood is out
about \$75 the amount he loaned
Robinson. Dausch will continue to
run the place.

FILES SUIT FOR DIVORCE

Mrs. Mary B Brown Asks Separation
From Omer Brown.

Mary B. Brown filed suit for di-
vorce this afternoon from Omer
Brown. Mrs. Brown demands \$500
alimony and asks the custody of their
two children. The complaint alleges
that he is an habitual drunkard and
that he failed to provide for his fam-
ily. Mrs. Brown also charges cruel
and inhuman treatment. They were
married in 1892 and separated April
1, 1912. Walter E. Smith is the attor-
ney for Mrs. Brown.

W. L. King, who sustained a severe
injury to his left eye several days ago
when a wire on a bale of hair hit him,
was able to be in the city today for
the first time.

Sheriff Clata Bebout Warns That
Vote Buying Will Not be
Countenanced.

ANXIOUS FOR CLEAN ELECTION

Says Every Effort Will be Made to
Detect Any Attempts to De-
bauch Ballots.

ANONYMOUS LETTERS SENT OUT

It States That Man Has Been As-
signed to Watch Recipient
Until Polls Close.

Sheriff Clata Bebout stated that
he would swear in fifteen deputy
sheriffs to see that the corrupt prac-
tice act is not violated in any re-
spect tomorrow.

"I am just as anxious as anyone,"
said the sheriff, "to see that we have
a clean election and debauchers of
the ballot may as well beware of
election day. I stated the other day,
as county chairman, I favored a
clean election, and the county cen-
tral committee stood behind me in that
assertion."

"There has never been any as-
sumption that the election
in Rushville and Rush county tomor-
row would be other than clean. But
if there are men who expect to buy
votes tomorrow, they may as well
close up shop right now because I in-
tend, with the aid of my deputies, to
see that the law is not violated in
any respect."

"It would also be well for all vot-
ers who have not registered to re-
members that they can not vote. The
law is the law. It requires that in
order to vote one must have regis-
tered at one of the three registration
days in the precinct in which he
votes. Some men have made the as-
sertion that they will vote regardless
of the registration but they will find
that they are mistaken in this."

Several men in Rushville Saturday
received anonymous letters warning
them against buying votes. The let-
ters were written in long hand and
were unsigned. They were written
on plain white paper. The anony-
mous communications stated that a
man had been appointed to watch
Continued on Page 8

McFarlan Urges Support of Republican County Ticket

TO THE PROGRESSIVE VOTERS OF RUSH COUNTY.

Gentlemen:
The campaign just ended has
been a remarkable one in many re-
spects. It has seen the Republican
party in nation and state torn to
pieces by machine politicians, who re-
fused to listen to the voice of the
people. It has been a campaign of
personalities and villification. The
Progressive cause has been the main
point of attack, but it has grown
steadily.

In our own county, the Republi-
can ticket was nominated at a time
when no break was dreamed of. We
assisted in nominating the men,
whose names are on the Republican
ticket. Some of our Progressives

were delegates to that convention,
and hence, we, who were Republicans
at that time are bound morally to
support that ticket. The candidates
accepted the responsibility of making
the campaign as a representative of
the entire Republican party as it was
then. So strongly do I feel this re-
sponsibility, that I feel it a duty we
owe ourselves as well as a greater
duty we owe these candidates to sup-
port them as strongly at tomorrow's
election, as we would have done if no
division in the party had taken place.
No statement made in the Republican
meeting on Saturday night should be
permitted to prevent us doing our
duty on the morrow.

BEN L. MCFARLAN,
Chairman Progressive County Com.

Sick Room Needs

Many useful, unique and unusual articles are to be found in our stock that make for the comfort and convenience of the patient. Waiting on the sick becomes a pleasure when you have the many helps that we carry.

Air cushions, bedside tables, rubber douche pans, rubber sheeting, feeding cups, thermometers, icecaps, bandages, cotton.

And many other useful and necessary helps to lighten your care and the inconvenience of the patient.

Our Telephone Works
1038 USE IT 1038

The *Rexall* Store

: Lytle's Drug Store :

LORD ALVERSTONE

Chief Justice of England
May Never Resume Bench.



London, Nov. 4.—Lord Alverstone sustained a stroke of apoplexy not long ago, and, although the matter has been kept quiet, his condition has become so much more grave of late that, even if his days are prolonged, which is improbable in the extreme, he will never be able to resume his seat on the bench as lord chief justice of England.

A VOTE FOR TAFT IS A VOTE TO WIN

Republican State Committee Sends Message to the Democrats of Indiana.

THEY WONT VOTE FOR WILSON

Thousands of Democrats Willing to Support Taft and are Assured That He Will be Elected.

"A vote for Taft is a vote to win" is the message that has been sent over Indiana from headquarters of the Republican State Central Committee at Indianapolis, and it is especially directed to thousands of Democrats who do not intend to vote for Wilson and Marshall, who will vote for either Taft or Roosevelt to help bring about the defeat of the Democratic candidates, but who are undecided for whom their votes should be cast. These Democrats would like to help elect Taft, yet are withholding their decision for fear that by some chance Roosevelt will be the winning candidate and will need the support of these Democrats who are far from satisfied with their party's presidential candidate.

Reports from over Indiana to the State Committee say that there are many thousand other men, too, who are wavering between Taft and Roosevelt—men who have never voted for a Democratic president and never intend to. These men are apparently awaiting assurances from some source that Taft will be elected, when they will at once make up their minds to vote for him. The Republican State Committee is giving this assurance—that if the men who really want to see him elected will vote for him, Taft will succeed himself as President.

Out of all the issues and all the arguments, and the present campaign has been unusually prolific in the development of political facets, comes this one conspicuous fact; throughout Indiana, as well as throughout the land, there are voters by the tens of thousands who are entirely satisfied with business conditions as they have prevailed in recent years and who fear that tampering with the future by making a change in the presidential administration will cause a reversal of prosperity, which may run as far backward under a Democratic or Progressive President as it has run forward under a Republican administration. While Democrats and Progressives have been disposed to belittle the prosperity of the country, as it has advanced during the term of Taft, there is no doubt but "let well enough alone" has become the slogan of millions of business men, farmers and workmen, who are not willing to take chances against their own interests by voting for Wilson or Roosevelt. This attitude has brought about the hesitancy of thousands of Democrats who have decided they will not vote for their party candidate, and has caused the Republican State Committee to spread the word that "a vote for Taft is a vote to win."

DURBIN FOR TAX EXEMPTION

Republican Candidate Favors a Law That Would Be of Far Reaching Benefit to the Poor.

Col. W. T. Durbin, Republican candidate for Governor of Indiana, is applauded by the Indiana Labor Bulletin, the organ of organized labor in this State, which says:

"Col. Durbin's stand for a \$600 tax exemption for the poor is the most practical and far-reaching of benefits ever proposed for the benefit of labor in this state. It is not like most of the so-called labor laws, which at best only benefit a few. This provision will protect the homes of the many. Most all states have the exemption law. As Col. Durbin well says, such a law is founded on justice. He deserves great credit for his courageous advocacy of this much needed law. He is the first public man to advocate this law for Indiana. "This speaks well for the practical side of Col. Durbin and it shows the difference between a practical governor and our present incumbent, Mr. Marshall did not think of a tax exemption in his now famous hand-down constitution. Instead of providing for the relief of the poor taxpayer, he added to his burden by compelling him to show three paid-up poll tax receipts in order to exercise his sovereign right to vote. "This stand of Col. Durbin for the relief of taxation on personal property up to say six hundred dollars is a strong appeal to the wage worker and should cause every wage man to vote for him for this proposition is tangible and practicable and of vital importance to the many homes which have been harassed by the tax collector who adds a fee for every time he serves notice that your taxes are due. In most cases these fees amount to much more than the original bill. Few are the homes which have not been threatened to sell their furniture on the courthouse steps. We know of no proposed law that would be such a boon to labor. Now is our time to strike for it at the ballot box."

"SILENT TREATMENT" TOO MUCH FOR HIM

Kramer Confesses Murder of Sophia Singer.

Chicago, Nov. 4.—Charles N. Kramer, broken by hours of "silent treatment" confessed that he killed Sophia Singer, the Baltimore heiress found murdered here.

Kramer, whose stage name is Conway, added a new feature to the statement made by his wife, Beatrice Ryall-Kramer, known on the variety stage as the "Burlesque Queen." He said that he knocked Miss Singer down in self-defense when she attacked him with a razor after he had rebuked her for making, he said, a suggestion to Mrs. Kramer to go out and meet some men. Kramer exonerated his wife from all blame in connection with the crime.

Kramer, the former clown, high diver and circus acrobat, broke into tears and begged to be allowed to tell his story. "Don't send me back to that black cell," he cried. "I'll tell it all."

Kramer's story differed only from his wife's in the detail that he claimed self-defense in justification. He said that he never meant to kill Miss Singer and that he bound and gagged her to prevent her making an outcry. He said that he took \$35 from Miss Singer's purse and two suits of clothes belonging to W. R. Worthen, Miss Singer's fiancé, because he was penniless and was shabbily clad.

He and his wife fled through the alley, he said, hoping to get away before Miss Singer revived, believing that she would not want to come into publicity by prosecuting them. The man told his life history from the time he ran away from his home to join a circus. He said that he had been convicted of horse stealing and that he had served eighteen months' sentence in a reformatory.

MAY BE MURDER

Shelbyville Youth Said to Dying From Effects of Blow.

Shelbyville, Ind., Nov. 4.—Harvey Chappelow, aged nineteen, was probably fatally injured when he was assaulted with a heavy club by Thomas Hogan, thirty-five years old, who is held in jail awaiting the outcome of Chappelow's injuries. It is said the victim cannot recover, as his skull is fractured. Hogan assaulted the young man after accusing him of insulting Mrs. Hogan. In a moment of consciousness Chappelow stated that the trouble started when Mrs. Hogan tried to pick a quarrel with him and a companion as they were passing her home. Hogan confessed that he struck the blow. Chappelow's character is above reproach.


A Constantinople dispatch represents that city as being on the brink of anarchy.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather.
New York.....	93	Clear
Boston.....	34	Clear
Denver.....	36	Cloudy
San Francisco..	50	Cloudy
St. Paul.....	28	Pt. Cloudy
Chicago.....	44	Clear
Indianapolis...	41	Clear
St. Louis.....	48	Pt. Cloudy
New Orleans...	52	Clear
Washington...	36	Clear

Probably fair, warmer.



Coming

DR. J. A. WALLS

THE SPECIALIST,
Will be at the Windsor Hotel,
Rushville, Ind.
Wed., Nov. 6, until 3:30 p. m.
CONSULTATION AND ONE MONTH'S TREATMENT FREE.
HE TREATS SUCCESSFULLY

Diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Kidneys, Liver and Bladder, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and all Diseases of the Blood, Epilepsy (or falling fits), Cancer, Scrofula, Private and Nervous Diseases, Female Diseases, Night Losses, Loss of Vitality from indiscretions in youth or mature years, Piles, Fistula, Fissure and Ulceration of the Rectum, without detention from business.

RUPTURE POSITIVELY CURED AND GUARANTEED.
It will be to your interest to consult the Doctor if you are suffering from disease, and if he cannot cure you, he will tell you so at once. Remember the time and place.
Will return every four weeks.
OFFICE, NO. 21 SOUTH TENTH STREET, RICHMOND, IND.

MOTHERS WILL GET TOGETHER

First Meeting Will Be Held at Huntington.

GENERAL OBJECTS OF SESSION

Indiana Branch of the National Congress of Mothers and Parent-Teachers' Association Is Pledged to Carry Mother Love and Mother Thought Into All That Touches Childhood in Its Various Relations.

Huntington, Ind., Nov. 4.—The Indiana branch of the National Congress of Mothers' and Parent-Teachers' association will hold its first meeting here Nov. 11 and 12. Mrs. Frederick Hoke of Indianapolis, president of the organization, will preside over the meetings, and National President Mrs. Frederick Schoff of Philadelphia, Pa., will be present and take part in the sessions.

The general objects of the congress are "to carry mother love and mother thought into all that connects or touches childhood in home, school, church or state; to raise the standard of home life; to develop wiser, better trained parenthood and to bring into closer relationship the home and the school."

To bring about these conditions legislation affecting the scope of juvenile courts will be sought and a concerted effort made to promote higher ideals of marriage and the maintenance of its sacredness and permanency, and to teach young persons the proper care of children, to make them better fitted for the duties of parenthood.

The general purposes of the state branches of the congress are to promote the organization of the affiliated clubs in all parts of the state and to co-operate with the educative and the legislative branches of the government to secure the best method of physical, mental and moral training of the young; to uplift and improve the conditions of mothers in all walks of life.

The conference at Huntington is open to all interested in the welfare of the child and representatives of parent-teacher associations, mothers' clubs or child study clubs will be welcomed as delegates.

HELD FOR CONSPIRACY

Terre Haute Registration Frauds Get Into Federal Court.

Terre Haute, Ind., Nov. 4.—Arrests of three precinct registration officials by deputy United States marshals brought the local charges of illegal work in recent registrations before the federal court in Indianapolis. Andrew C. Berkley, Joseph Jeffers and Theodore Swickard were arrested on federal warrants, charging conspiracy to deprive James C. Leasure of the right guaranteed him by the constitution of the United States. The arrests were made by D. C. Rankin and Tom Martin of Indianapolis. The men were sent to jail in default of bond and will be given a hearing before Orph. M. Hall, United States commissioner. The accused men served as registration officials in the recent registration periods, and, when Leasure appeared to register, it is said he was assaulted and thrown out of the polling place. Federal officers also arrested Fred Tossor on a similar charge. He was locked up.

An Appeal Is Probable.

Marion, Ind., Nov. 4.—A jury in the Grant circuit court returned a verdict of guilty in the case of William A. Thompson of Marion, a chiropractor, charged with practicing medicine and surgery without a license, and fixed his punishment at a fine of \$25 and costs. Chiropractors were present from all parts of the state to attend the trial, as it was regarded as a test case, the general contention of the

prosecution being that chiropractors cannot practice their profession legally in this state. It is likely the case will be appealed to the supreme court.

Intruder Slain by Negress.

Brazil, Ind., Nov. 4.—Blaine McGrew, colored, forty years old, is dead as the result of five bullet wounds inflicted by a revolver in the hands of Mrs. Mamie Downing, also colored, who shot McGrew when he attempted to force an entrance into her home here. The woman has not been arrested.

Tail Caught in Shredder.

Newcastle, Ind., Nov. 4.—Al Western, a Henry county farmer, lost a valuable horse when the animal, which was standing near a corn shredder, switched its tail into a belt. The tail was carried to a shaft and jerked out by the roots. The horse was shot.

Lower Court Affirmed.

Indianapolis, Nov. 4.—The supreme court has affirmed the judgment of the Knox circuit court in its conviction of Will Hall of perjury. Hall signed an affidavit for a new trial of a case. It was later found that the affidavit was false.

Used Bottle For Weapon.

Rensselaer, Ind., Nov. 4.—Ed Frawley is in jail here charged with a murderous assault on John Stowers, an old soldier, at Fair Oaks. Frawley struck Stowers on the head with a beer bottle.

Pay Telephone Toll

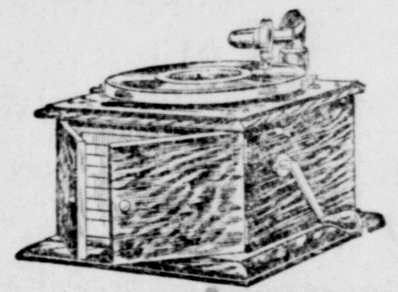
Don't overlook to pay your telephone toll before Nov. 12 if you wish to avoid paying 15 cents extra for collection. No notice will be given by telephone.

200112. W. T. JACKSON, Sec'y.


Smoke FAIR PROMISE 5c Cigars

\$15

for this genuine
Victor-Victrola



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Come in and hear this instrument play your favorite music
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MONUMENTS, MAUSOLEUMS,

EXAMINE OUR LARGE DISPLAY.
WE ARE PREPARED TO SAVE YOU MONEY.

MONTELLO MILLSTONE

And All Popular Granites in our Large Stock. We Can Please You
Come and See us and be convinced.

117-121 South Main Street, RUSHVILLE, INDIANA.

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In making farm loans the undersigned is a long way ahead

WHY?

Because he offers by far the BEST TERMS for the BORROWER. This is an Ad. but it is the TRUTH. He will be pleased to talk with those desiring loans. He is Financial Correspondent for the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co., and has unlimited amount of MONEY to loan at Five per cent. and upon better terms than can be offered by any other party in Rush County.

B. F. MILLER

5% Money to Loan on Farms

The lowest commission guaranteed. Prepayment privilege granted at interest paying time.

Walter E. Smith

Rushville National Bank Building.

Phone 1318

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Use "Kan't Blo" inner liners for your outer casings. We carry a full line of the I. J. Cooper Red Inner Tubes—none better. Our tire repair department is in charge of an experienced man. Our Auto Livery is prompt and all calls answered at any time.

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North of Court House

Rushville

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When you have a Picture to Frame bring it here and you are sure to get just what you want and at prices that are right.

We aim to make every frame the best frame.

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The Shoe Man

Kill the Rats

Everybody is Bothered With Them Now

Our Rat Paste Kills Them

Hargrove & Mullin

TAGGART HAS WHIP HAND

SHAMEFUL CONDITIONS MARK MARSHALL'S ADMINISTRATION.

Lawyer Friends Favored in Parole Cases—Taggart's Gambling Resort Protected—State Money Wasted.

If the decent citizen wishes to go to the polls with eyes open to the Marshall administration, he should study the record of pardons and paroles under the existing Democratic regime. It is notorious the state over, especially among lawyers, that Marshall has paroled and pardoned something like 17 per cent. of the criminal population of the state's penal institutions. It is notorious that certain of Marshall's lawyer friends and close associates in politics have been especially active in the "parole" business, and that marked success has attended the efforts of certain especially favored attorneys in this line of endeavor. This situation is one of the lasting shames of the Marshall term of office.

Another matter which has attracted general attention among self-respecting citizens, is the fact that Marshall has made no attempt of any kind to stop or to prevent gambling at the Indiana Monte Carlo, conducted brazenly by Thomas Taggart at French Lick Springs. The Casino is running night and day, and Marshall does nothing to stop it. Why?

Thomas Taggart is Democratic national committeeman, and absolute dictator in Indiana Democratic politics. Taggart financed and managed Marshall's candidacy for the vice presidency. Then Taggart said he would withdraw from the position of Democratic national committeeman from Indiana. Governor Marshall asked Taggart to stay on the job. Publicly he surrendered to the boss. This was what Taggart most wanted. It meant the Casino could go on without danger of interference by Governor Marshall. It meant Taggart would be the dispenser of Indiana patronage in the event of a national Democratic victory in November. It meant Taggart would be the mentor of the state house in the event of Democratic victory in Indiana in 1912. It meant that after four years in power, Marshall had abjectly given Indiana Democratic leadership into Taggart's hands.

So it is that the Marshall administration draws to its close under a cloud. Where economy was promised extravagance and flagrant waste, deficits and maladministration have been the rule. Where law enforcement was the preachment, there has been a record for non-enforcement, inefficiency, evasion, dodging and petty politics. Where it was promised that the will of the majority would rule in the matter of liquor legislation Marshall has openly and brazenly betrayed the people into the hands of the liquor men, and today is branded as the tool of the brewers in every state in the Union.

So completely is Marshall allied with the brewing interests that protests have been made to the Democratic national committee by good citizens in many states against the sending of Marshall into the various states to make campaign speeches for the Democratic party.

Indiana taxpayers know the Democratic record. The people know how Marshall betrayed them into the power of the brewers headed by Fleming. November gives the people their opportunity to go on record in disapproval of the Marshall administration.

MONEY SAFE IN BANK.

Republican Prosperity in Evidence in Reports of State Banks.

Republican prosperity as it has reached the people of Indiana is vividly shown in the official reports of 320 state banks made to the Auditor of State on Sept. 4. These banks on this date held a total of \$71,576,654.13 in time and demand deposits. This money is owned by people of all degrees—does not belong to Wall street, trust

magnates or individuals outside the state—and it does not include the immense sums on deposit in the national banks, trust companies and building and loan associations. The report shows that the deposits on Sept. 4 had increased \$2,000,000 over the previous statement of June 14. On Sept. 4 the total resources of the state banks alone amounted to \$9,534,270.55, an increase of \$3,000,000 since June 14.

At the convention of the Indiana Bankers' Association in Indianapolis a few days ago, reports made to the trust company section showed these financial institutions have had enormous growth in the last year, another evidence that boundless prosperity prevails in city, town and rural districts throughout the state.

The time deposits of banks and trust companies represent the profits which are piling up in the hands of individual depositors and business concerns, and it is only in times of prosperity that people can put away money for the proverbial "rainy day." It was not done in the panic years of the Democratic administrations, when bank deposits ran down until they were as low as the supply of meal in the widow's barrel back in Bible times.

With the greatest crops in the history of Indiana, with prices good for everything producers have to sell, there is but one reason why a period of depression may be expected. The election of a Democratic president may bring it about. The history of this party shows that such a result as this may be expected.

PEOPLE TRIED IT TWICE

BUSINESS SUFFERED UNDER DEMOCRATIC RULE.

History Shows That American People Erred Seriously in Depriving Republicans of Administrative Power.

To change a national administration is a more serious matter than one might imagine. Twice since 1860 the American people have tried the experiment of depriving the Republican party of power, once in 1884 when Cleveland defeated Blaine and again in 1892 when he defeated Harrison, and in both cases the event was fraught with disaster which was apparent almost before the change was effected, says the Loogootee Tribune.

These changes taught the people lessons they were long forgetting, but from 1897, when the last Democrat sat in the President's chair, to 1912, is a long time in national affairs and many are now voters, who were not old enough in the nineties to feel the sting of Democratic hard times, while others have forgotten. It is a fact which any thinking, fair man who remembers will attest, such hard times as this country knew under Cleveland were never known under a Republican administration.

As soon as the Democrats were in office they began tinkering with the tariff, a thing that can not be done without disaster, and by the time the Wilson bill became a law business was demoralized and paralyzed. The protective tariff is peculiarly American and Republicans believe that its use is for protection. No sooner was McKinley elected and the Dingley law passed than business took on new life and an era of prosperity began such as the world had never known.

Under McKinley the people were satisfied because they were prosperous. Every manufacturing establishment in the land was running full time and both capital and labor prospered.

Under Taft times have grown better and business has resumed its prosperous course. Today the country is in fine condition. A firm executive in the person of President Taft has been able to resist the onslaughts of a Democratic Congress and keep in force beneficent laws. This has saved the country, but of late there has grown up a class of complainers, who disregard the lessons of history, throw party allegiance to the wind and preach doctrines which can result in nothing but evil.

Roosevelt is running for the expressed purpose of defeating Taft. He knows and his followers know that there is no chance for him to succeed in this race. Every vote cast for him is half vote for Wilson and an encouragement to the Democrats.

"It is a pleasure to tell you that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the best cough medicine I have ever used," writes Mrs. Hugh Campbell of Lavonia, Ga. "I have used it with all my children and the results have been highly satisfactory."

For Sale by all dealers.
(Advertisement.)

The boy's appetite is often the source of amazement. If you would have such an appetite take Chamberlain's Tablets. They not only create a healthy appetite, but strengthen the stomach and enables it to do its work naturally.

For Sale by all dealers.
(Advertisement.)

Is your husband cross? An irritable, fault finding disposition is often due to a disordered stomach. A man with good digestion is nearly always good natured. A great many have been permanently cured of stomach trouble by taking Chamberlain's Tablets.

For Sale by all dealers.
(Advertisement.)

WHY RUN THE RISK?

A QUESTION WHICH PERSONALLY CONCERNS EVERY WORKINGMAN.

PLAIN STATEMENT OF FACT

Why Should Men Who are Now Getting Good Wages on Steady Jobs Vote to Overthrow Good Times and Invite Idleness for Themselves?

Do not make a target of your dinner pail.

This is good advice to every workingman. Why should the man who is working at a good job and drawing good wages regularly every week run the risk of throwing himself out of employment? He knows conditions are good now under a Republican administration. If a Democratic administration should be elected the distressing times of 1893 will be repeated.

A splendid condition now prevails in the building and other trades throughout the entire country. In every section building is active and the prospect for the future most promising. So far from there being a lack of demand for labor, the almost universal complaint is of a dearth of laborers. This is particularly true in the structural iron trades, where the contractors complain that they are unable to get men enough to carry forward the work they have on hand. It is also a gratifying fact that at no point in the country is there any dispute between contractors and workmen regarding hours, wages or working conditions. This is a situation which has rarely existed in the past and is one of the results of the safe, stable and businesslike administration of the government by President Taft.

Is it wise to take the chance of changing these conditions and becoming involved in the troubles which inevitably accompany a change of political administration? It is well to remember the conditions which were brought about by a political change in 1892. In that year, as in this, business was active everywhere up to election day; but when it became known that there was to be a change in public policy, there was an immediate contraction in undertakings of all sorts which speedily brought about a condition of panic, the worst the country had ever known. And the very first to suffer in that panic were the building trades. New construction ceased almost completely and thousands of men were compelled to abandon their trades and work at any odd job they could find to make a living for their families.

The causes which produced such dire effects from 1893 to 1897 would produce similar effects now. The continuance in power of the present administration could not possibly disturb business, for everybody would know what to expect and things would move right on. To place in power another administration pledged to different policies would bring about a condition of doubt and uncertainty which is always disturbing to business.

Men with money to invest would be sure to wait until they could see what the new administration was going to do. Workingmen cannot afford to wait. Labor cannot be put into cold storage. Workingmen must cash in a day's work every day or they lose it. A change which would adversely affect the business of the country would hit the workingman first and hardest. Do they want to take any chances?

Ambition.

Ambition becomes displeasing when it is once satiated. There is a reaction, and as our spirit till our last sigh is always aiming toward some object it falls back on itself, having nothing else on which to rest, and, having reached the summit, it longs to descend.—Cornell.

Cruel.

"Now, I could be happy with a nice little flat," began Aramantia. "Take me, Aramantia," said little Jinks. "Oh, I don't mean a nice little flat of that kind," replied the heartless one.—Harper's Weekly.

His Belief.

"Does old Skinnim believe in his fellow man?" "Yes—in his fellow man's infallible gullibility."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Don't waste your money buying strengthening plasters. Chamberlain's Liniment is cheaper and better. Dampen a piece of flannel with it and bind it over the affected parts and it will relieve the pain and soreness.

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ROOSEVELT CANNOT BE ELECTED

IMPOSSIBLE FOR HIM TO RECEIVE LARGE ENOUGH PERCENTAGE OF REPUBLICAN VOTE.

FACT IS BEYOND DISPUTE

Question at Issue Is Whether Country Wants Taft and Protection or Wilson and Free Trade, Because Either Taft or Wilson Will Be Elected.

Theodore Roosevelt cannot possibly be elected president of the United States.

This is not a mere statement. It can be demonstrated by figures. It can be shown that he cannot secure the voting support which would be necessary to give him a successful showing in Republican states.

As the popular vote for Bryan in 1908 was 6,409,104 and for Taft was 7,678,908, it is a mathematical fact—assuming that the relative strength of the two parties in this election will remain the same—that Mr. Roosevelt will have to get the vote of eight out of every ten Republicans in the nation in order to be elected. No one believes that he can do this. It does not avail to say that he will make up the difference in Democratic votes, for this will not be the case. The information received at Democratic headquarters shows that for every Democratic vote going to Roosevelt four or five will go to Taft.

In Illinois it will take seven out of every ten Republicans to vote for Roosevelt in order to give him the state. In Kansas it will take eight out of ten, in Indiana nine out of ten. It is an apparent fact that he cannot secure this large proportion of Republican votes. The percentage of votes in all the Republican states necessary to elect Roosevelt and which he cannot get is as follows:

	1908		% To Elect Roose- velt.
	Bryan.	Taft.	
California	127,492	214,398	59-1/2
Connecticut	68,255	112,915	60-1/2
Delaware	22,071	26,014	84-9/10
Idaho	36,162	52,621	68-4/5
Illinois	450,795	629,929	71-3/5
Indiana	338,263	348,993	97
Iowa	200,771	275,210	73
Kansas	161,209	197,216	81-8/10
Maine	35,403	66,987	52-9/10
Maryland	115,908	116,513	99-1/10
Mass.	155,543	265,996	58-9/10
Michigan	175,771	335,580	52-4/10
Minnesota	109,401	196,843	57-8/10
Missouri	346,574	347,203	99-9/10
Montana	29,326	32,333	90-8/10
New Jersey	182,567	265,326	68-9/10
New Hampshire	33,655	53,149	63-4/10
New York	667,468	870,070	76-8/10
North Dakota	32,885	57,680	74-4/10
Ohio	502,721	572,121	87-9/10
Oregon	38,049	62,530	60-9/10
Pennsylvania	448,778	745,779	60-4/10
Rhode Island	25,706	43,942	56-5/10
South Dakota	40,266	67,536	59-7/10
Utah	42,601	61,015	69-9/10
Vermont	11,496	39,552	50-1/10
Washington	58,691	106,062	55-4/10
W. Virginia	111,418	137,869	80-9/10
Wisconsin	166,632	247,747	66-9/10
Wyoming	14,918	20,846	71-2/10

But, while it is mathematically impossible for Roosevelt to be elected, it is possible, unfortunately, for Wilson to win, because of Republican votes cast for Roosevelt. In the country at large, it would require but 16 Republican votes out of every hundred to be cast for Roosevelt to give Wilson a popular majority.

It follows, therefore, that the only way to defeat Wilson in the nation is to vote for Taft. The only way to keep Wilson from carrying any state, and thus contributing materially to his election, is to vote for Taft. A vote for Roosevelt helps Wilson; it cannot by any possibility elect Roosevelt.

The voters of the nation, therefore, have but one question to answer at the coming election, so far as national politics is concerned, and that is "Taft or Wilson?" Do they want Taft and the Republican party, or Wilson and the Democratic party? Do they want a continuation of the policies under which the present condition of universal prosperity has been attained, which would call for no business readjustment, and therefore would result in no business derangement; or do they want new and different policies, the result of which nobody could foresee, which therefore would force upon the country a period of uncertainty and waiting, inevitably inviting stagnation, distress and disaster? Do they want to exchange an assured good for a nearly certain evil? They have prosperity now; do they want to risk losing it?

That is the only question, and the whole question, in this national campaign. Roosevelt is a demonstrated impossibility. It is Taft or Wilson. It is the Republican party or the Democratic party. It is a certain good or an almost equally certain evil.

Be thrifty on little things like bluing. Don't accept water for bluing. Ask for Red Cross Ball Blue, the extra good value blue.
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J. FEUDNER, Editor.
ROY E. HARROLD, News Editor. ALLEN C. MINER, City Editor.

TELEPHONE NUMBER, 1111.

Monday, November 4, 1912.



William H. Taft.

Republican Ticket

NATIONAL
For President
WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT of Ohio.
For Vice-President
JAMES S. SHERMAN of New York.

STATE.
Governor
WINFIELD T. DURBIN of Anderson
Lieutenant Governor
THOMAS T. MOORE of Greencastle
Secretary of State
FRED L. KING of Wabash
State Treasurer
JOB FREEMAN of Terre Haute.
Auditor of State
I. NEWT BROWN of Franklin.
Attorney General
F. H. WURZER of South Bend.
Superintendent of Public Instruction
SAMUEL C. FERRELL of Ft. Wayne.
State Statistician
J. L. PEITZ of Indianapolis
Reporter of Supreme Court
WARWICK H. RIPLEY of Indianapolis
Supreme Judge, First District
WOODFIN D. ROBINSON of Evansville
Supreme Judge, Fourth District
LEANDER J. MONKS of Winchester
Appellate Judge, Southern District
DAVID A. MYERS of Greensburg.

CONGRESSIONAL
Congressman, Sixth District
WILLIAM L. RISK of Newcastle

JUDICIAL.
For Prosecuting Attorney,
ALBERT C. STEVENS.

COUNTY.
Joint Senator
CHAUNCEY DUNCAN.
Representative
WILLIAM R. JINNETT.
Auditor
WILL H. McMILLIN
Clerk
GEORGE B. MOORE, Jr.
Treasurer
FRED R. BEALE
Sheriff
J. K. JAMESON
Coroner
DR. LOWELL M. GREEN
JAMES BENNETT
Surveyor
Comm. Northern Dist.
JOHN T. BOWLES
Comm. Southern Dist.
JOHN E. HARRISON

Good Business.

The first essential for advancement in the United States is material prosperity. The factories have got to run before charitable societies or churches can be supported.

No economic reforms can be instituted until the people are given work and are fed.

Under William H. Taft, the United States has been prosperous. The clouds of financial doubt that hung

around four years ago are all dispelled. Business has steadily grown better.

The only way to judge of the future is by the past. If Mr. Taft shall be re-elected, his second administration should naturally be a duplicate of the first. The factories will run full time. The workingman will have bread for his family, and something for the savings bank and the church.

Mr. Wilson is an unknown quantity. Just how far he and the Democratic party will go in the direction of free trade no man can precisely tell.

Economic reform was set back many years when the Democratic party tipped over the dinner pail in 1893. The result of any such business depression is to let loose a flood of freak notions about finance. The business men of the country were unable to do a thing toward reforming our defective currency system, because the Democratic party filled the land with their crusade for cheapening the dollar, thereby lowering the workingman's purchase power and increasing his cost of living. It took all the power of sound finance for 10 years to fight a defensive battle against the free silver howlers.

Since that time Democratic opposition has persistently expressed itself to a currency reform that would have prevented the needless depression of 1907.

The Democratic party has a bad record on financial matters, and has followed every freak will of the wisp which scatterbrain thinkers have lighted. A vote for the Democratic party is a vote for a party that does not understand how to handle the country's business and keep the factories running.

Senator LaFollette, in his Weekly, says there is no basis whatever for the Roosevelt theft outcry concerning the Chicago convention. He says there never was a moment, granting even Roosevelt's own claims as to delegates, that he had a chance of nomination except through the seizure of delegates that did not belong to him. Colonel Roosevelt's complaint, according to Senator LaFollette, is that he was not permitted to steal the nomination himself.

Modern Voting.

Whatever faults there may be in our political methods, the machinery of voting has been brought to a point closely approaching perfection.

Before the days of the secret ballot, it took some little moral courage for many men to act out their own conviction. Many employers felt that when they had bought a workman's time, they paid for his opinions along with it. The ballot was thrown in as a kind of trading stamp.

There are a great many voters who would never have the courage to vote publicly on the losing side. They would quickly vote against their own pocketbook and their own judgment,

Sam Sanderson Says:



That some people just found out Saturday night how many Republicans there really are.

than have their friends know that they failed to pick the winner.

The new methods of voting came hard to the bosses. They valued the privilege of having a checker stand by the ballot box and make a list of the political sheep and goats, discernible by the form or color of the tickets that they bore.

The vote buyer plies his trade under adverse circumstance now. The man who is low enough to sell out to one party might just as well sell to both while he is about it, and half the time he does.

Fall House-Cleaning.

Occasional comments in contemporary newspapers show a state of unrest due to this semi-annual festival. Journalistic thinkers wobble a little when the dust cloths get over the writing desk, when you have to eat from a packing case in the laundry, while the whacks of the carpet sound intermittently from the back yard.

The newspapers have never upheld the function of house-cleaning. As the majority of newspaper offices are only cleaned up twice a year when the insurance man comes around, the weekly sweeping day in the home seems adequate to the writer people without a semi-annual revolution.

At the risk of offending the traditions of the craft, this newspaper will venture a word on the side of the housewife.

It is certainly a dirty age. Many towns that once had as pure air as a mountain top are now a smutch of soft coal. Five hundred times a day a passing motor car sends its baptism of street dust through every opening. Perhaps after all, when you consider that the family clothes have a bath once a week, the housewife may be right in feeling that a human dwelling should have its semi-annual scrub.

Wherefore brethren, chasten your hearts and accept the handout meekly in the laundry.

Borah's Tribute.

Senator Borah, of Idaho, who was one of Col. Roosevelt's strongest supporters, but who refused to follow the Colonel into the third term party, recently paid the following tribute to the President:

"President Taft is a safe, sound, conscientious and honest executive. His frankness is the opposite of cuteness to mislead the public and begot the issues. Calm reflection upon his administration will show the President to have been fearless, progressive and thoughtful of the people's interest.

"If the voters in their wisdom, now in time of so great prosperity, feel that they can risk a change from this condition by casting their ballots for a Democratic administration they have the power to do so.

"The sober second thought of a great people of this most prosperous country should bring about the serious reflection that a change of administration from the party of progress and prosperity is undesirable and unwarranted."

No, dear reader, smoke consumers were not invented until after the Cleveland administration. In those days the stacks on factories did not emit enough smoke to smudge a handkerchief. Notice the difference today?

The New York Sun says Senator Mr. Roosevelt is the first president of the United States to characterize as "liars" most of the public men with whom he has been associated.

At any rate, the defeated candidates who toured the country in a windmill campaign will have one grand satisfaction. There will always be room for them in vaudeville.

True, the cost of living is high, but not high enough to induce American

workingmen to emigrate to Europe, where nothing is lower except wages.

Now that the two great conventions are things of the past you do not hear the cry for a third party—or a third term either.

If you are becoming tired of the bustle and whirl of the mills, and factories, and railroads try Dr. Wilson's favorite antidote.

It is the workingman that can least afford a change of administration of national affairs at such a time as this.

Let's all be good boosters for the grand old party. The knockers' place is in the dump of the Bull Moosers.

The Democratic party is making the assault in two divisions. Let's lick 'em in detail, like we used to do.

The Democrats are absolutely certain of one thing; they want the offices, and they want 'em quick.

Another sign of prosperity is the increasing seriousness of the car shortage.

TALKS TO CHEERING
AUDIENCE OF 3,000

Continued from Page 1

Mr. Watson arose to speak he was again cheered for some time.

"At the Beginning," said the former congressman, "I should remember and refer to the services of the vice-president of the United States whose funeral was held today (Saturday.) In the midst of the political rancor of this campaign, it becomes us to pause and remember the usefulness of him who has been taken by the angel of death. Regardless of party affiliation, all of us can proclaim him an excellent official, a good man and a good citizen.

"It has been said that this party of ours is not progressive. When I see the first voters here tonight in front of me and the old soldiers, who went out from homes and loved ones they never expected to see again to preserve the union, clasping hands across the chasm of fifty years of almost uninterrupted prosperity, I can but recall some of the progressiveness of the Republican party.

"The Republican party was progressive when it assailed slavery; it was progressive when it demanded its promises should be redeemed with good money; it was progressive when it stood for the gold standard and saved the country from repudiating itself; it was progressive when it launched into the war with Spain. History affords no parallel in the world of nations when it took on itself the burden of that war, not because of any war but because it was the will of God. It was progressive when it made sure the Panama canal. All the progress of the last fifty years has come about through the legislative, executive and judicial power of the Republican party.

"The Republican party this year can prove its right to win in the coming election just as it has in former campaigns," said Mr. Watson by way of beginning. "And I will try to give this proof to you this evening. I want to talk to your judgment not your passion. We should view this campaign in the light of patriotism and not prejudice.

"This year the Republican party as usual is assailed by the Democrats on one side and socialists on the other as in days gone by. But there is a new party attacking us from the rear, and for the first time we are having to fight a three cornered battle.

"But one real issue separates us from the Democratic party, and that is the tariff issue as of old. Either William Howard Taft or Woodrow Wilson will be the next president of the United States. Please bear that in mind. No other man can win.

"So the principal question is that of tariff policy. It costs us a billion dollars a year to pay the expenses of this government, and it is a billion dollar country, made so great by the policies of the Republican party."

Mr. Watson then launched into a discussion of the difference between a tariff for revenue only, and a protective tariff showing that protec-

tion keeps the American laborer out of competition with the cheaply paid labor of Europe.

"Protective tariff is to protect the laborer," he continued. "Capital needs no protection. It can take care of itself. You never heard of a million dollars going over the hills to the poor house, did you?"

"In fifty years the wealth of the country under Republican rule has increased from sixteen billions to 141 billions of dollars, and the average wage of the American laborer has more than doubled from \$286 to \$526 a year.

"The United States as a nation is the wonder and admiration of the entire world. We are prosperous, labor is employed, wages are high, and prices are good, why should we want a change?"

"In 1892 when we were in a tidal wave of prosperity we wanted a change and got it. The Wilson law enacted in 1892 cost us more in reduction of prices and value than the civil war. Do you want us to do it over again? Today the democratic party has the same policy, the same platform and another Wilson.

"In 1892 we were on the purple heights of power, the wonder and admiration of the world. In another year we were down in the bogs of despair. And nothing was changed but the tariff policy.

"My friends, our Democratic brethren blow hot in the country and cold in the city. They tell the farmer he pays too much for his manufactured goods and they will lower the price. They tell the man in the city he pays too much for his farm products and they will cut the cost. You cannot lower the price of one commodity without affecting all. We depend on one another.

"When things were cheap we did not have the money to buy them with. The farmers couldn't make a living and left their crops unharvested in the fields. The laborers walked the highways unemployed and could not earn enough to keep them from starvation. Clothing was cheap, yet many were unclad. Why the men even had to back around when they walked.

"Tonight there is not a Coxey's or a soup house under the flag. And yet we kick. These troubles of ours always come in prosperous times. It was so in 1892. All of us couldn't get the postoffice, some of us had run for office and been defeated.

"Isn't it strange that every four years we have to go around and hit people on the heads to get them to eat beefsteak instead of soup for the next four years.

"It's a question of labor from core to skin and from skin to core, it's a question of wages.

"In 1900 the Democrats said it was not the tariff; we needed a change in the money system. Then that man stood on his vineyard porch at Canton, O., and talked to the multitudes that came to hear him, and his voice echoed across the hills of the continent. William McKinley of sacred memory said open the mills and not the mints."

Mr. Watson was talking of the coincidence that another Wilson-similar in every respect to the Wilson who wrote the tariff measure that brought despair to this county in 1892—was at the head of campaign when someone in the audience yelled for Wilson.

"Wilson, that's all you should say," replied Mr. Watson and the crowd set up a cheer for Watson and Taft.

"Why in those days we sold corn for eighteen cents," he continued.

"Fourteen," yelled a man in the audience, and another said twelve.

"And we sold rye for fifteen," continued the speaker.

"For ten," interrupted a man in the crowd.

"I didn't know it was that bad," said Mr. Watson. "And we sold steers for \$3.50 to \$4.00"

"I sold some for two," said another farmer in the audience.

"Horses were cheap as dirt," he continued, "and mules, look what the Democrats did to their own emblem."

"I remember that my friend George Young had a farm to sell. He begged me to take it at forty dollars an acre. It has since sold for \$200. I could give you the name of the farm if you desire it. I would have bought it, but, confound it, I didn't have the forty."

"What's wrong with this country? All conditions of prosperity are present yet there is disturbance, uneasiness and unrest. It is not a material condition, it is a mental condition. There has been too much muckraking, too much yellow journalism, too much

stirring up of the multitudes and tramping down of principles to get into office.

"Brother Democrat, if we gave you undisputed possession of the government tonight what could you do to give us greater prosperity or add greater honor and glory to the flag?"

"Brother bull mooser, what would you do tonight to give us greater prosperity? You say you would not change the tariff, money or trust policy. Initiative, referendum, recall, universal primaries, these are means and not an end, they are not policies of government.

"What's the matter? Because some fellows are in office and others are not. Beveridge says pass prosperity around. God said let there be light but I can not see the connection."

"He means pass it to him," shouted a man in the crowd.

"Not if I can help it," replied Mr. Watson. "Passing prosperity around consists of electing Beveridge to office."

Mr. Watson then read a statement made by Beveridge in a speech during this campaign, clipped from the Indianapolis Star, his official organ. It is as follows:

"The nation's wealth is great, but it is in the hands of the few who stole it. Because you do not wear purple and fine linen, and fare sumptuously every day, it is not your fault, but of those who have despoiled you. You are as much entitled as any one to automobiles and yachts and palaces by the sea, and retinues of servants, and assuredly these things would be yours if you had your dues. These good things belong to you, and if our party is successful we shall despoil the Egyptians who have despoiled you, and you will come into your own."

"If we elect Beveridge," he commented, "we are told everyone will have yachts and palaces by the sea and automobiles and retinues of servants. But friends, if we all have these things, who are going to be the servants? That's not Republicanism, not Democracy, that's anarchy. Never was there made a statement that was so calculated to stir up the envy of man. Never has there been such a lot of gumfudgery spend out on an audience as there was in that assertion."

Mr. Watson continued to ridicule that statement during the rest of his speech. He assailed Beveridge for his demagogic appeals for free school books, change in the road tax law and child legislation.

Mr. Watson recalled that Elmer Bassett forced Beveridge to say during a speech at Shelbyville, in order to justify his position, that it would be constitutional to make railroads pay their road taxes in cash and farmers work out the same tax. That, Mr. Watson declared, is class legislation and known by Beveridge to be unconstitutional.

"Over at Greenfield this afternoon," he continued, "my friend Chauncey Duncan, candidate for the State senate, put the same question to Beveridge and he evaded answering it by chiding the questioner about the red tie he wore. If we had a few more days we would make him take that assertion back or show he is not a fit man to be governor."

Mr. Watson said there was no need for child legislation in Indiana because we now have a good law. He said Beveridge wanted to raise the age from 14 to 16 and declared his opposition to it for just reasons he stated.

In regard to free school books he asked if it were not better for each parents to buy school books where they are able, rather than every taxpayer being taxed for pay for school books. There is now a law providing for the trustee not only to buy books but to clad children whose parents can not send them to school.

Mr. Watson pointed out Beveridge was as big a boss as ever thrived in any State, citing the 1910 campaign when he dominated the party to the exclusion of all other. The former congressman said his offers to speak for the ticket then were spurned, and that a man was sent here to try to prevent him from closing the campaign in Rushville the last Saturday before election as he did this year.

Mr. Watson briefly summed up the charge that Taft's nomination was stolen, recalled that he had defied Beveridge or any other Moose to debate the question before any audience, but they had ignored it because they know they had no case. He referred to Roosevelt's attitude, how all of his leaders, with a few exceptions, had left him.

High Standards

One reason why this bank has become a large factor in the important financial and commercial affairs of Rushville is that

It has always maintained a high standard of ideals.

It has confined its business to strictly legitimate channels, and has always sought stability before profit.

It has won the confidence of banks and business men.

It welcomes accounts with business men and individuals who recognize the value of high standards in business.

The Rush County National Bank

Rushville, Indiana

Capital\$100,000.00
Surplus\$100,000.00

L. LINK, President.
W. E. HAVENS, Vice Pres.
L. M. SEXTON, Cashier.
V. R. SPURGEON, Ass't Cashier.

PERSONAL POINTS

—Mrs. Harriet Plough visited in Indianapolis today.

—Denning Havens was a visitor in Indianapolis today.

—Mrs. Blanche Wolverton of Connersville spent Sunday in this city.

—Thomas Madden, Sr., of Indianapolis spent Sunday here with relatives.

—Miss Zama Rakestraw of Indianapolis spent Sunday here with friends.

—Miss Gladys Lockhart of Connersville was the guest of friends here over Sunday.

—Perry Oneal of Indiana University is here to attend the funeral of his grandfather, James Oneal.

—Clarence Smallwood of Connersville was the guest of friends and relatives here over Sunday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Hilary Haydon have returned from Bloomington where they have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Smith, who accompanied them home for a visit here with Mrs. Smith's mother, Mrs. J. Feudner.

TONIGHT

"A Question of Hair"
Solax Comedy

"U.S. Army Maneuvers"

"A Piece of Ambergris"
(IMP)

"Maud Muller," Tomorrow

Palace Theatre

New Princess

W. F. Easley Owner and Mgr.

Orma Hawley in
"The Deceivers"
A Dandy Comedy Drama
(LUBIN)

"The Laird's Daughter"
A Beautiful Drama
(SELIG)

Tomorrow
"An Aeroplane Love Affair"

5c ADMISSION 5c

—Miss Alice Winslip and Buford Winslip will leave Wednesday for an extended stay in Orchard Park, New Mexico.

—Miss Nettie Clark returned to Indianapolis this morning after spending Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Clark.

—Mr. and Mrs. Will Doyle and daughter and Mrs. Mary Mellwain returned to Indianapolis last evening after a brief visit here with relatives.

—Louis Mauzy, a student in Indiana University, is home from Bloomington to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Mauzy until after the election.

—Mr. and Mrs. Sherman and Mrs. Mary Ford returned last evening from a short visit with Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Black in Muncie. Mrs. Black was formerly Miss Nina Ford of this city.

—Miss Alma Green was brought home Sunday from Oxford, O., where she has been a student in Western College for Women, on account of a severe illness from which she has been suffering several days. Her brother, Dr. Lowell M. Green, went after her.

—Mrs. Margaret I. Bussell and two granddaughters, the Misses Grace and Lois Bussell have returned from an extended trip through the west. While in Granger, Wash., they visited Mrs. Bussell's sister. They brought back with them some specimens of fruit raised in the Macinac valley in Washington by their relatives there. They stopped off at points in Nebraska, Iowa, North Dakota, and were as far west as Seattle, Wash. They have been away since Aug. 12.

SOCIETY NOTES.

The Elite club was entertained this afternoon by Mrs. Sarah Guffin at her home in North Morgan street.

* * *

The Ladies Aid Society of the St. Paul M. E. church will be entertained tomorrow afternoon by Mrs. Pinkney Derringer, Mrs. Rebecca Johnson and Mrs. Cora Humes at the home of Mrs. Humes.

* * *

The engagement of Miss Ruth S. Harrison, daughter of Mrs. Pauline Harrison of Evansville, and Myron R. Green of Indianapolis, son of Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Green of this city, was announced at a party in Evansville last Friday evening, given by one of the bride-elect's friends. The wedding will take place in December. Miss Harrison is well known by a number of young women in Rushville by reason of having attended Indiana University at the same time they did. Mr. Green is now dramatic editor of the Indianapolis Star.

* * *

"Antony and Cleopatra" was the subject of Mrs. May W. Donnan's lecture Saturday afternoon. Shakespeare admittedly is inexhaustible but there is so much original force and feeling in Mrs. Donnan's treatment of these familiar themes that her subjects always appear fresh and interesting. This, Mrs. Donnan said, is one of Shakespeare's most powerful plays and one in which he is supposed to have revealed something of his own experience though he has portrayed the Antony and Cleopatra of tradition deriving his Roman history, characterization and description from Plutarch. Mrs. Donnan's criticism of Cleopatra is well taken that while we must condemn her grievous faults without being puritanical, she never loses her eternal fascination for us and it is the combination of splendid qualities with base ones that makes her the wonderful creation she is and puts the play in a different class from any one of the great tragedies.

Discussing present literary tendencies Mrs. Donnan said that of all the forms in which the day's problem are brought to our consideration none is so popular as plays; plays of all sorts, but most of them serious and sociological. One of the most notable books of the year is "The Promised Land" by the young Russian Jewess, Mary Antin. It is the life story of an eager, observant, aspiring and always original young woman whose formative years have been divided between the stifling restrictions of her own country and the glorious freedom of America. Educational advantages and the intellectual and spiritual opportunities enjoyed by the children of new-comers to America is strikingly in contrast with the cruelty, hardship and injustice of this our land.

Test by Test, Fair Promise 5c Cigar

SEASON STARTED WITH BIG VICTORY

Shelbyville Easterns Easy For Independents, Who Win by Score of 34 to 0.

STRAIGHT FOOT BALL USED

The Rushville Independent football teams started the season yesterday with a 34 to 0 victory over the Shelbyville Easterns. The game was devoid of any sensational plays and straight foot ball was used for the most part. The Rushville team surprised even the most ardent supporters by the kind of game they put up and with a little practice the team will develop into a wonderful machine.

After the first few minutes of play Brann scored on a long run around left end. Before the quarter was over Brann repeated the trick. Gunning kicked both goals. The Shelbyville line failed to hold and the Rushville backs had easy sailing. In the second quarter Todd got away for a long run and scored. The half ended 20 to 0.

At the beginning of the second half Shelbyville took a brace and displayed the best foot ball, holding the locals scoreless in the third quarter. During this period Shelbyville's line held and they made first down more often than all the rest of the game. In the final period Todd added two more touchdowns and the game ended 34 to 0.

POLICE RUN DOWN SUPPOSED ROBBERY

Story Coming From Jersey City Concerning Burglars Proves to be Only a Grapevine.

HIRED HAND ENTERS HOME

The police steered on to a grapevine Saturday night and put in an hour hunting for a "burglar." Word came to the officers that the home of John Boyd in Jersey City was being robbed and as Mr. and Mrs. Boyd were known to be out of the city the story seemed reasonable. Securing two automobiles, and a number of assistants the officers hurried to the scene.

The house was dark and seeing nothing of the robber the police started in pursuit. After an hour's search they returned to this city and in the meantime it developed that the "burglar" was a man employed by Mr. Boyd, who had entered the house to secure some of his possessions and the whole affair was a grapevine.

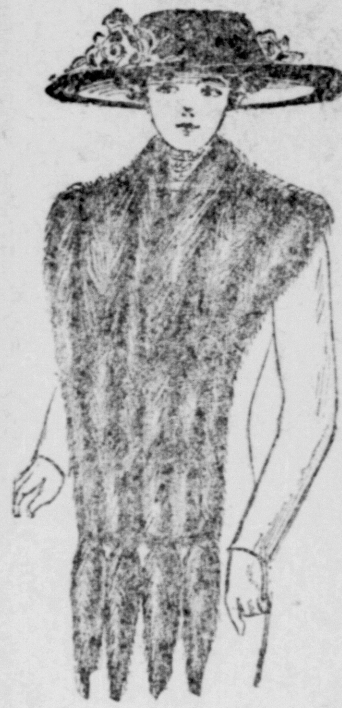
FIRST FOOT BALL ACCIDENT

Bert Osborn Sustain Dislocated Shoulder in Game Yesterday.

Bert Osborn, living south of the city, sustained a dislocated shoulder yesterday, while playing foot ball at the South main street grounds. The accident occurred near the close of the game and was the second time during the contest that his shoulder had been out of place. The first time it caused him no trouble the final dislocation required the attention of a physician. It was his left shoulder and the arm will be useless for probably ten days.

ELECTION RETURNS.

Election returns will be received tomorrow night at the sheriff's office. The Republican central committee has contracted with the Western Union for a special wire to be run to the court house and the returns will be posted as soon as received. Besides the state and national election, returns from Rush county will also be given.



If You Have Furs To Get By All Means Buy Them Now

If you want something exclusive in style and thoroughly dependable in quality and at the lowest prices of the season you should come here now.

You'll see an unusually fine display of all the most wanted furs at particularly inviting prices, if you come here now.

Notice these special prices, then come and inspect the furs.

Many sets of Furs in natural colors, which are very good this season, \$20 to \$60 a set.

Fur Coats, excellent new style \$50.00 and up

Jap Mink Sets, \$25 up to \$50
Separate Muffs and Collars, \$2.00 up to \$35.00

You Must Come and See For Yourself the Advantages of Buying Now

PHONE 1143.

223 NORTH MAIN ST.

PICTORIAL REVIEW PATTERNS.

Kennedy & Casady

MAGAZINE SUBSCRIPTIONS

Do Not Wait Too Late

If you are going to renew your subscription to your favorite magazine, "Do it Now."

Subscriptions placed in December and January are longer in starting than those placed in other months. The publishers handle more subscriptions in these two months than any time during the year and subscribers should

SUBSCRIBE AT ONCE

We handle subscriptions for any periodical published, either foreign or domestic.

Subscriptions placed with us are sent to the publishers the same day and are filed and started to you by the publishers just as soon as possible.

HARGROVE & MULLIN

News Dealers.

We give you a receipt which is a copy of your subscription and guarantee your satisfaction. 196126

FOR SALE

Best Michigan Salt, \$1.20 per barrel. C. W. Hinkle & Co. 174tf

Pay Gas Bill.

Don't forget to pay you gas bill by Nov. 12 and avoid penalty. Rushville Natural Gas Co. 260tf2.

Smoked Ham 17c, and skinned smoked Shoulder 13 1/2c. at Kramers Meat Market. 194tf

AMUSEMENTS

The Princess will show as the first picture a Lubin comedy, "The Deceivers." It is said to be a very clever comedy. "The Laird's Daughter" is a beautiful Selig drama. Tomorrow night a feature picture, "An Aeroplane Love Affair" will be shown.

The Palace will show the usual two pictures tonight. "A Question of Hair" is the title of a Solax comedy. The other is a two subject Imp. The first is an educational "U. S. Army Maneuvers." The other is called "A Piece of Ambergris."

"There could be no better medicine than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. My children were all sick with whooping cough. One of them was in bed, had a high fever and was coughing up blood. Our doctor gave them Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the first dose eased them, and three bottles cured them," says Mrs. R. A. Donaldson, of Lexington, Miss. For Sale by all dealers. (Advertisement.)

PIANO TUNING

D. E. ROBERTS,
15 Years Practical Experience
In Rushville Once Each Month
Headquarters at
Abercrombie's Jewelry Store

Our Picture Framing

is exclusive in workmanship, color, combinations and selection of fine Mouldings. Our prices cannot be excelled. Ask your neighbor about the work we did for her.

G. P. McCarty Co.

Wall Paper, Paints, Glass, Window Shades, etc.

OUR GARMENT SECTION

merits the attention and consideration of all wise and critical shoppers. The diversity of its offerings, the multitude of its styles, and the magnetism of its prices, bespeak a lively interest when you see these attractive garments. The showing is so large—so much beyond your expectations—that justice to yourself, bids your early inspection.



What is best, what is different and exclusive in tailored suits, coats, skirts, dresses, evening coats and evening gowns you will find here. One look has sufficed to convince many satisfied purchasers of this statement's truthfulness. Their appearance and the pleasure they are deriving from the wearing are a better advertisement than can be conveyed by type. The peer of the garment field—"Wooltex"—is featured here.

The month of rainy, damp, cold days is at hand, bringing with it the demand for a good, serviceable Raincoat. To emphasize the superiority of this department, we will offer for one week only, 50 Raincoats, ranging from size 6 to 44 for \$2.19

The Corner Store

THE MAUZY CO.

The Daylight Store

6% Dividends
on Savings
Building Association No. 10
Open Saturday from 6 to 8 p. m.
Office at Farmers Trust Co

WM. FLANNAGAN, AUCTIONEER



Farm sales and good stock a specialty. Call or write for sale dates at my expense.

CONNERSVILLE, INDIANA



Traction Company
March 24, 1913

AT RUSHVILLE			
PASSENGER SERVICE			
West Bound	East Bound	West Bound	East Bound
\$5.20	\$1.09	\$5.55	\$2.42
6.07	2.07	\$6.50	\$3.20
7.09	3.09	7.20	4.42
8.07	4.07	8.42	5.06
9.04	5.04	9.06	6.42
10.07	6.07	10.42	7.20
11.09	7.09	11.20	8.42
12.07	8.07	12.42	10.20
	11.00	11.20	12.50
Light face, A.M. Dark face, P.M.			
*Limited. †Connerville Dispatch.			
‡Starts from Rushville.			
Additional Trains Arrive:			
From East, 8:00; 11:57.			
From West, 9:20			
EXPRESS SERVICE			
Express for delivery at stations carried on all passenger trains during the day.			
The Adams Express Co. operates over our lines.			
FREIGHT SERVICE			
West Bound, Lv. 9:40 am ex. Sunday			
East Bound, Lv. 5:45 am ex. Sunday			

At the Time You Need It

Loans made on furniture, Pianos, Horses, etc. No delay. Some people are backward about calling for money the first time. You need not hesitate about calling on us. The same courteous treatment to everyone. All dealings confidential. If you need money for coal or winter clothing, consult us.

If you need money fill out the following blank, cut it out and mail it to us and our agent will call on you.

Your Name.....
Address.....

Loans made in all parts of the city.

We give you a written statement of your contract. We allow you extra time without charge in case of sickness or loss of work.

Richmond Loan Co.

Colonial Building, Room 8
Richmond, Ind.

* **DR. HALE H. PEARSEY** *
* has opened a new dental parlor *
* at 231 North Morgan street. *
* With Dr. R. T. Blount. *
* Phones—Office, 1440. *
* House, 1510. *

DR. J. B. KINSINGER
Osteopathic Physician
Office in Kramer Building, Rushville, Ind. Outside calls answered and treatment given in the home.
Office hours—8:30 to 11:30 a. m.
1:30 to 4:30 p. m.
Phones—Office, 1587; residence, 1281.
Consultation at office free.

EYE EAR NOSE AND THROAT GLASSES FURNISHED
KRYPTOK
DR. F. G. HACKLEMAN

THE NEW EDISON RECORDS
are indestructible and can be delivered to your home by express or mail. Send For Our Free Catalogue
LINSLEY'S MUSIC STORE
958 Main St., Indianapolis, Ind.

THE ROOT OF EVIL

BY THOMAS DIXON



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CHAPTER IV. The Forgotten Man.

THE next day Stuart called a messenger and sent a note to Nan asking her to forget the ugly memory of the night before and fulfill her promise to go to the country when the rain ceased. If it continued to rain he would call at 8. He told the boy to wait for an answer. The messenger returned promptly and handed back his note unopened.

Of course she was bluffing. She knew she had the whip hand for the moment and meant to use it. "Well, two can play this game," he muttered. "We'll see who wins!"

He turned to his work with grim resolution. For two weeks the battle between pride and love raged in silence. Each day he rose with the hope of some sign from Nan, and each day hope died in a more desperate and sullen despair. At last he began to question the wisdom of his course. Should he not fight his battle at closer range? What if he were in reality engaged in a mortal combat with Bivens' millions for Nan's soul and body? The idea was too hideous to be thinkable.

And yet the more he thought of the scene of their parting, the more sickening became the conviction that her anger at his use of an ugly word was merely a subterfuge to break their engagement. The perfidy and cruelty of such an act was too hideous for belief—yet if the thing were possible! One evening he made up his mind to go at once and fight for his old place beside her on any terms she would grant. He seized his hat and opened the door. To his amazement Bivens was leisurely ascending the steps. Stuart stepped into the parlor and sat down with resignation to await his entrance.

To his amazement he heard the maid say:

"This way, sir. Dr. Woodman asks you to wait for him in the library."

So Bivens was calling on his arch enemy by appointment. Stuart replaced his hat on the rack and returned to his room, determined to await the outcome of this extraordinary visit.

On Dr. Woodman's entrance Bivens rose to greet him with unusual animation and unmistakable good will. When the doctor grasped the outstretched hand a more striking contrast could scarcely be imagined—the one big, bluff, jovial, sunny, powerful and straight of figure as he was at ways straight in speech and manners, the financier small and weak in body, his movements sinuous, flexible, with eyes that never looked at the man he was talking to, yet always seemed to

DO IT NOW

Rushville People Should Not Wait Until It Is Too Late.

The appalling death-rate from kidney disease is due largely to the fact that the little kidney troubles are usually neglected until they become serious. The slight symptoms often give place to chronic disorders and the sufferer may slip gradually into some serious form of kidney complaint.

If you suffer from backache, headaches, dizzy spells; if the kidney secretions are irregular of passage and unnatural in appearance, do not delay. Help the kidneys at once.

Doan's Kidney Pills are especially for kidney disorders—they act where others fail. Over one hundred thousand people have recommended them. Here's a case at home:

M. Comer, 1001 N. Harrison St., Rushville, Ind., says: "I used Doan's Kidney Pills with excellent results and am glad to recommend them. I had backache and pains through my loins and my kidneys were irregular in action. Hearing about Doan's Kidney Pills, I used them. They stopped the pains and regulated the kidney action."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

(Advertisement.)

NO MORE DISTRESS AFTER EATING

It's such a simple matter to get rid of stomach distress that its great prevalence can only be accounted for by carelessness.

Keep a few MI-O-NA Stomach Tablets with you all the time and take one with or after meals. They will surely prevent fermentation, heaviness, sourness or any stomach distress.

No matter how long or how severely you have suffered from Indigestion, Gastritis, Catarrh of the Stomach or Dyspepsia, MI-O-NA Stomach Tablets if taken regularly will end your misery and put your stomach in first class shape, or money back.

Large box for 50 cents at F. B. Johnson & Co., and druggists everywhere. Free trial treatment from Booth's MI-O-NA, Buffalo, N. Y.

(Advertisement.)

bear. That is your motto. I simply refuse. To you the city is merely a big flock of sheep to be sheared, while to me its myriad sounds are the music of a divine oratorio, throbbing with tears and winged with laughter. I call the people my neighbors—these hurrying throngs who pass me daily. Because they are my neighbors they are my friends. Their rights are sacred. I will not rob, maim or kill them, and I will defend them against those who would."

Bivens merely shrugged his shoulders and answered in measured, careful tones:

"Then I suppose I'll have to fight you whether I wish it or not?"

"Yes, and you knew that before you came here tonight. You have heard that I am beginning a suit for damages against your company?"

Bivens laughed in spite of himself, bit his lips and looked at the doctor.

"I assure you I had heard nothing of



"The trust is here to stay," such a suit, and now that I have it does not even interest me."

"Then may I ask the real reason for this urgent call?"

"You may," was the cheerful response. "And I will answer frankly. I am engaged to be married to Miss Nan Primrose. The wedding is to occur in a few weeks. In some way she has learned of a possible conflict between your interests and mine and asked me to settle them."

To be continued.

SYMPTOMS OF CONSUMPTION

Yield to Vinol.

The medical profession does not believe that consumption is inherited, but a person may inherit a weakness or tendency to that disease.

A prominent citizen of Evansville, Ind., writes: "I was ill for five months with a pulmonary trouble, and had the best of doctors; I had hemorrhages and was in a very bad way. Through the advice of a friend I tried Vinol, and I feel that it saved my life. It is all you recommend it to be. I believe it is the greatest medicine on earth. I have advised others to try Vinol, and they have had the same results." (Name furnished on request.)

Vinol soothes and heals the inflamed surfaces and allays the cough. Vinol creates an appetite, strengthens the digestive organs and gives the patient strength to throw off incipient pulmonary diseases.

Try a bottle of Vinol with the understanding that your money will be returned if it does not help you. F. B. Johnson & Co., Druggists, Rushville, Ind.

(Advertisement.)

BREWERY BOSSES ARE IN CONTROL

State Legislature Makes Fake Cuts to Reduce Total of Appropriations.

Gov. Marshall and Legislature Held in Grasp of Taggart, Fleming and Other Democratic Ringsters.

That the state government of Indiana during the term of Gov. Marshall has been dominated by Tom Taggart, Steve Fleming and other ring and brewery bosses is evident in the administration of the state's affairs since the last session of the Democratic Legislature.

The Democrats have created five new circuit and superior judges each at \$3,500 a year, and three new prosecutors at \$500 a year each, all payable out of the state treasury.

In 1911 the Democrats attempted by fake cuts in appropriations to reduce the total of their appropriation bill below that of 1909. One of their "cuts," a pure fake, was in the appropriation made for judges. In spite of the fact that the salaries are fixed by law, and must be paid, the appropriation for judges was cut down \$30,000. This was merely one of the many fake cuts to reduce the total.

The Democrats put on four new bank examiners at \$2,500 a year each, and incidentally, in doing so, passed a "ripper" bill giving the Democratic auditor of state authority to remove the old examiners without cause, on political grounds.

Three building and loan examiners were created, at \$1,800 a year each, with traveling expenses attached, as in the cases of the bank examiners. Several other small jobs were created for Taggart underlings, but all with expenses attached.

The new Democratic bureau of inspection has a chief inspector at \$4,000 a year. To this job, a labor expert's place, or a factory man's work, Marshall appointed a lawyer who had but just emerged from the fattest office in Indianapolis, the prosecutor's office in Marion county. This inspector has a stenographer at \$900 a year. There is a factory inspector at \$2,000 a year, a \$900 stenographer, and five assistants at \$1,200 each, with traveling expenses. There is the mine inspector and the boiler inspector, each at \$2,000 a year, each with a \$900 stenographer, and each with five assistants at \$1,200 a year, and all with traveling expenses unlimited, and with office expenses unrestrained. It is impossible to fix the real maximum to which this unbridled department may go this year. It cost more than \$11,000 the first three months of its career, and took in for that time about \$3,000 in fees, where it was expected to collect \$75,000.

Then there were the bills forced through by Fleming, the boss brewer, on behalf of county commissioners and county auditors in big, favored wet counties. There was the bill urged by the board of accounts under which township trustees and township assessors were given two extra years of office in return for their acquiescence in the work of the rough accounting board.

There was the bill enabling the state oil inspector to name two chief deputies and enabling him to double the force of deputies in the state, all for political purposes, the jobs being notoriously and openly placed by Steve Fleming, the Fort Wayne brewer boss, and very largely placed among his saloon friends.

Also there is the scandal and infamy of the fish and game department, where a relative of Steve Fleming held sway under Commissioner Miles and deliberately nullified the seining law in an attempt to build up a Fleming-Marshall political machine to be used in making Indiana national Democratic delegates for Marshall for president. Seining permits were allowed to Democratic workers all over the state, and these seining permits were put in the hands of supervisors appointed by Steve Fleming. The "supervisors" had the power, under Marshall and Miles, to set aside a state law, to give permits to men to seine where the law said no seining should be done, and to use the favor of the Democratic administration in an effort to popularize and strengthen, politically, the Democratic governor, who itched to be promoted.

Under Democrats the number of deputy fish and game wardens was tremendously increased, and the expenses of the fish and game department, always formerly far under the receipts of the department, ran more than \$9,000 in excess of receipts in 1911. This was true in spite of the fact that the many deputies made it possible to take in more than \$60,000 in that year.

Marshall went into office demanding the abolishment of the office of state gas inspector. Was it abolished? It was not. The salary of the gas inspector was increased and it is now in the hands of a Democrat of the Fleming school. Governor Marshall cried out for the abolishment of the office of state geologist. Was that office abolished? It was not. It cost more in 1911 than ever before. Marshall demanded that the office of state statistician be done away with. Was that office abandoned? It was not. It is costing some \$4,000 more on the year than ever before and it is in notoriously incompetent hands.

REGISTRATION LAW A FARCE

Democratic Measure Without Safeguards of Any Kind—Advantage to Corrupt Machine.

In enacting a registration of voters law the Democrats attained the height of the ridiculous and made themselves obnoxious to the taxpayers all over the state. The registration law is without safeguards of any kind to prevent fraudulent registration. Already the Democrats in Vigo and some other counties have been exposed in a systematic game of registering fraudulent names to be used by hired repeaters at the November election.

In the first place, the honest public is given no protection under the law against the fraudulent or hired repeater who appears to register. There is no poll book holder, and no challenger under the law to see that only legitimate registration is permitted. The man who appears at the polls next November with a certificate of registration, has a prima facie case, and is awarded a distinct advantage over the honest electorate at the polls.

The item of expense, registration boards, appointed by precincts being paid under the Democratic law \$4 a day, whereas election board members get but \$2 a day for harder work, is one of the things for which the Democratic bosses who dictated the law, will have to answer. It is known that the statute was prepared by a Democrat who now sits on the supreme bench; that it was the work of the Taggart household; that it was not properly studied or intelligently passed upon by Governor Marshall, who turned it over unread to a Taggart committee which rushed it through without change. The law needs many amendments to make it fit for use for attaining honest ends. It is utterly unjust in the fact that it requires the voter to be present and register in person regardless of the distance he may be away from home. Sickness is not accepted as an excuse. The commercial traveler can not send in a certificate by mail. The government employee must make two trips home from Washington if his vote is to be recorded.

In connection with the travesty which is called a corrupt practices act, the Democratic registration law is a huge farce.

Under the Democratic corrupt practices act the candidate for office can not be assessed, but he may contribute to campaign funds. He may hire "political agents," and there is no limit on the number. This means, in the last analysis, that the candidate may under the law use boodle among "political agents" by the scores, so long as he calls the floaters "political agents." Under this law political clubs may incorporate, and raise money and call the fund "membership dues." This money may be disbursed by the "treasurer" of this incorporated club. He, as "treasurer," has power to pay members of the "club" for doing political work. The members of the club may be "floaters," and the "treasurer" under the law, may give them \$2 each election day, and give each floater, with his \$2 bill, the title of "political agent."

This preposterous statute already has occasioned the incorporation of scores of Democratic political clubs, largely among the foreign element in Lake, St. Joseph, and other thickly populated counties. The object of the law thus is laid bare in advance.

WHAT COMPARISONS SHOW.

Rockport Farmer Recalls Conditions in Lean Democratic Years.

Many Indiana farmers with long memories are reviving facts and figures as a basis of comparison of their personal financial condition in the last Democratic administration and during the time of President Taft, and these comparisons invariably lead the farmer to "let well enough alone" and to vote for Taft. One of these farmers lives at Rockport, and the Journal says of him:

J. M. Killian, of this city, has a record of prices of labor and farm products made during the last Democratic administration that makes very interesting reading at this time.

Jack, as he is familiarly called, was farming in Clay township at that time and kept a record of the wages paid for labor and prices received for products sold from the farm.

One of the prominent teachers of this county now worked for Mr. Killian at that time for 50 cents a day and boarded himself except for dinner. Another citizen of this county who has been successfully operating a threshing machine for a number of years worked for Mr. Killian during that distressing period for \$9 a month.

And with this cheap labor it was impossible then to make money on the farm because the laboring people in the cities were out of employment and had no money with which to buy the farmer's products, and, consequently, there was little demand for them at any price. For instance, Mr. Killian's record shows that he sold eggs at six cents a dozen and everything else at correspondingly low prices.

Mr. Killian was for Roosevelt before he bolted, but he is now for Taft. He is a Republican and believes in Republican principles. He knows by experience that they are best for the country and that the way to continue prosperity is to vote the Republican

DAILY MARKETS

The local elevators are paying the following prices for grain today, November 4, 1912.

Wheat	90c
Corn	48c
Oats	28
Rye	60c
Timothy Seed	\$1.00 to \$1.50
Clover Seed	\$7.00 to \$8.00

The following are the ruling prices of the Rushville market, corrected to date—November 4, 1912.

POULTRY	
Geese	5c
Turkeys	10c
Spring Chickens	9c
Hens on foot, per pound	9c
Ducks	8c
PRODUCE	
Butter	19c
Eggs	25c

Indianapolis Grain and Livestock.
Wheat—Wagon, \$1.03; No. 2 red, \$1.05. Corn—No. 3, 61c. Oats—No. 2 white, 33½c. Hay—Baled, \$10.00 @ 12.00; timothy, \$13.00 @ 15.00; mixed, \$10.00 @ 13.00. Cattle—\$3.00 @ 10.00. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 8.00. Sheep—\$2.00 @ 3.50. Lambs—\$4.00 @ 6.50. Receipts—6,500 hogs; 900 cattle; 600 sheep.

At Cincinnati.
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.09. Corn—No. 2, 63½c. Oats—No. 2, 33½c. Cattle—\$4.00 @ 7.50. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 7.75. Sheep—\$1.25 @ 3.65. Lambs—\$3.50 @ 7.15.

At Chicago.
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.07. Corn—No. 3, 59c. Oats—No. 2, 34c. Cattle—Steers, \$4.00 @ 11.00; stockers and feeders, \$4.00 @ 7.50. Hogs—\$5.50 @ 7.75. Sheep—\$3.25 @ 4.25. Lambs—\$6.00 @ 7.20.

At St. Louis.
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.06. Corn—No. 2, 62c. Oats—No. 2, 33c. Cattle—Steers, \$5.00 @ 11.05. Hogs—\$5.25 @ 7.85. Sheep—\$3.50 @ 4.60. Lambs—\$1.50 @ 7.40.

PRINCE CONSTANTINE.

Crown Prince of Greece at the Front With Troops.



GENERAL MENOCAL IS VICTORIOUS IN CUBA

Conservatives Carry All Provinces But One.

Havana, Nov. 4.—Though the count of the returns from the recent election is still incomplete, Secretary of State Sanghulley has cabled the Cuban ministers abroad that the Conservative candidate, General Menocal, carried five provinces, losing only Matanzas, and that by the narrowest of margins. The Conservatives will have a good majority in the house and thirteen out of twenty-five senators.

The victors held celebrations on the Prado and in Central park. Bombs were fired, "vivas" shouted, and much enthusiasm displayed. No serious disorder is reported from any point.

PICKED WRONG MAN

Chicago Highwayman Tackles a "Cub" and Is Slain.

Chicago, Nov. 4.—Rutherford B. Cook, assistant treasurer of the Chicago Cubs baseball team, shot and fatally wounded a highwayman early Sunday morning in West Jackson boulevard in a running pistol duel in which a dozen shots were exchanged. The bandit, Edward Meyer, a wagon driver, died on the operating table at the county hospital a few minutes after being taken there in a police ambulance.

Another Niagara Suicide.

Niagara Falls, Nov. 4.—Christopher Kledehn, a member of the city fire department, committed suicide by leaping into the river and going over the American falls. A note found in his coat indicated he had planned to end his life.

Samuel H. Cramp Dead.

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 4.—Samuel H. Cramp, former president of William Cramp & Son, ship and engine building company, died at his home here Sunday night in his seventy-ninth year, of apoplexy.

TERSE TELEGRAMS

President Taft is on his way to Cincinnati today to cast his vote tomorrow.

Freight clerks and freight handlers employed by the Canadian Pacific railway are on strike.

The Chicago authorities have closed the saloon conducted by Jack Johnson, champion pugilist.

A London department store was partly destroyed by fire and several waitresses who were sleeping on the premises were killed.

Ad Wolgast, world's lightweight champion, will meet Joe Mandot at New Orleans tonight. The bout will be limited to ten rounds and there will be no decision.

Attacks on strike-breakers and damage to cars operated by them mark the strike of the motormen and conductors of the street railway system at Jacksonville, Fla.

Major General Robert Maitland O'Reilly, surgeon general of the army from 1902 to 1909, is dead at his residence at Washington of Bright's disease. He was sixty-eight years old.

Mrs. John Sharpnack of Masonville, Pa., shot and killed her husband and then killed herself. It is claimed domestic discord had existed in the Sharpnack home for several months.

An official statement as to the cause of the illness of the czarvitch says that the injuries of the heir to the Russian throne were due to a fall when he attempted to spring into a boat.

So serious has the car shortage in this country become that the Interstate commerce commissioners have published an appeal to the "railroads and the shippers of the United States" to co-operate in order to avoid serious injury to numerous industries.

SUBLIME PORTE SUES FOR PEACE

Turks Make Admission of Their Defeat.

APPLICATION FOR MEDIATION

Through the Foreign Ambassadors at Constantinople, the Turkish Government is Seeking a Way to Bring the Destructive War With the Balkan Allies to a Close and of Opening Negotiations For Peace.

London, Nov. 4.—The Turks have turned to the powers with an admission that they have been beaten and a plea for mediation, according to a message from Constantinople. This application is said to have been made to the foreign ambassadors in Constantinople and to the powers through the porte's representatives in the chancelleries of Europe. Mediation with a view to the cessation of hostilities and the opening of peace negotiations with the Balkan allies is said to be the request of the porte.

The reinforced Turks are turning on their pursuers and fighting between Istrandja and Serai, while another division is heading for Tchataldja. It is doubtful if this division, so closely pressed are they by the victorious Bulgars, can reach their goal.

In the meantime the powers are recognizing the serious situation at Constantinople. The sultan's city is filling up with fugitives from the countryside and Ottoman troops who ran before the allies, and their presence serves to fan the flames of fear that run through the capital.

The Third British battleship squadron, with coal for a long voyage in the bunkers, is steaming eastward from Gibraltar. The British warships at Devonport and other places are coaled and ready. Though there is unwelcome activity in and around the foreign office here, it was officially denied that the torpedo destroyer squadron that is being overhauled for immediate action at Portsmouth is preparing for any Levant cruise.

Word has been received here that King Peter of Serbia has entered with ceremony the town of Uskub, that fell to his fighting men. In the presence of great crowds who cheered enthusiastically, he embraced his sons, who have been in the thickest of the fighting. He promised the former Turkish mayor that the Turks would not be harmed under the new regime.

The Greeks took Prevesa, on the Turkish side of the entrance to the Gulf of Arta, after capturing the heights of Nikopolis, which look down on the Turkish fortress. The Turkish garrison fled, but the Greeks captured some 400. A Turkish torpedo boat in the Gulf of Arta was burned.

Four Italian battleships which have been stationed in the Aegean sea have been ordered to be ready in an emergency to embark all Italians at Constantinople, and Catholic missionaries and nuns, irrespective of nationality, and convey them to the island of Rhodes, which is destined to be a refuge for Europeans at the first sign of disorder. It is believed that a massacre of Christians at Constantinople will surely take place if the Bulgarians enter the city.

BLOODY BATTLE

Details of Terrible Rout of the Turks Now Coming In.

London, Nov. 4.—A correspondent with the Turkish army writing from Choru confirms the previous reports of the defeat of the Turks in the big battle with the Bulgarians, which he says was "irretrievable, terrible and appalling." He says it was followed by a rout "scarcely paralleled in history." Forty thousand of the Turkish troops, says the correspondent, have fallen and 75 per cent of the artillery was captured. Abdullah Pasha had a narrow escape from capture. The army found its way back to Choru by hand. The Bulgarian artillery mowed down thousands of Turks during the battle.

It appears from this correspondent's story that the Bulgarians had a bad quarter of an hour's battle after capturing the town of Lule Burgas. They advanced from the railroad station a distance of four miles, and during this time passed through a depression between the hills. Here the Bulgars were tremendously mauled by Turkish shrapnel from the heights above, and when the confusion among them was at the worst Turkish cavalry, dashing from concealment and shouting "Allah! Allah!" swept like a tornado on the remnant of the Bulgars, who fled with the cavalry pursuing and riding them down. But the Turkish cavalry rode too far and came within range of the Bulgarian machine guns, which brought horses and riders to the ground in a torn and mangled mass from which few issued alive. The Turkish artillery from the outset was poorly supplied with ammunition, and what they had was practically all expended in the fighting in the morning. This resulted in the gunners being compelled to stand around their guns, unable to reply to the Bulgarian fire. Their arms were folded and they calmly awaited death with true Ottoman stoicism. They seldom had long to wait, either. It was this terrible Bulgarian shell fire, says the correspondent, that destroyed the Turkish morale.

PRINCE PETER.

He is the Youngest Son of the King of Montenegro.



GOVERNOR WILSON HURT IN AUTO MISHAP

Nominee Suffers From Painful Scalp Wound.

Princeton, N. J., Nov. 4.—Early Sunday morning Governor Wilson was injured by being thrown violently against the top of the touring car of Abram I. Elkus, in which he was returning to Princeton after making his speech at Red Bank Saturday night.

The governor and Captain McDonald, who was with him, were violently jolted from their seats and thrown against the top of the car. The governor's head struck one of the ribs. His injuries were on the left side of the top of his head and he fell back on his seat dazed by the shock. Captain McDonald suffered from a wrenching neck and a bruised head, but was not sufficiently hurt to incapacitate him.

A hasty investigation was made of the governor's condition, and it was decided to make for the home of the nearest physician. Dr. Titus was routed out of bed and a preliminary examination of the governor's wound convinced him it would not be necessary to resort to stitching. He first shaved off a fair-sized patch of hair, and then with plaster drew the wound together and discharged his patient.

Fills Engagements Today.

The remainder of the trip to Princeton, a distance of about twelve miles, was made at a more leisurely pace. The governor retired as soon as he had assured the members of his family that he had not been seriously hurt. He arose about noon Sunday, and during the afternoon received a number of callers, many of his neighbors, who had heard of the mishap, having come to inquire as to his condition and convey their sympathy.

The governor asked the newspaper men not to let exaggerated reports of his injuries get abroad. He said that he felt fully restored from the effects of the shaking up, and anticipated no serious consequences whatever. He will, however, wear a big patch of plaster on his head for some time to come. The governor was able to keep his engagements to speak in Passaic and Paterson today.

The Colonel's Closing Speeches.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Nov. 4.—Colonel Roosevelt spent the Sabbath quietly. In the morning he went to church for the first time since he was injured, motoring down to the village. Today Colonel Roosevelt winds up his campaigning with two speeches in this county. At 3 o'clock he went to Mineola, the county seat, for a meeting there, and this evening he will address his fellow townsmen here at what will be a packed meeting in the little theater.

PROBABLY IN TROUBLE

American Aeronauts Who Landed in Russia No Doubt in Jail.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 4.—George M. Meyers, president of the Kansas City Aero club, has received a cablegram from John Watts, American aeronaut, who has been missing since he sailed from Stuttgart, Germany, last Sunday. The message said: "Both well and free."

The cablegram was dated Pskov, capital of the Russian province of that name, situated on a large lake about midway between Riga and St. Petersburg. Mr. Meyers says the cable did not come in the code agreed upon between him and Watts, and he believes Watts and Arthur Atherholt have been imprisoned.

Thought They Were Marauders.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 4.—Miss Mabelle Dunn, twenty years old, daughter of W. E. Dunn, president of the Citizens National bank of Noblesville, Ind., was shot and probably fatally injured with a party of young folks coon hunting near Maysville, Ky. The party was passing through the farm of Best Galt, and thinking they were marauders he fired on them.

A SAILOR'S LIFE AND ITS PERILS

Here's a Man Who Wouldn't Say Die.

DESPERATE FIGHT WITH SEA

With His Ship Broken Up in a Furious Gale, His Crew Gone Overboard, and With Little Hope Left, Captain Godfrey Fought on With the Waves and Finally Was Brought to the Shore.

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 4.—Sole survivor of the crew of the three-masted schooner John Maxwell, Captain Frederick Godfrey, snatched from death just as he had given up all hope, is being cared for by the life-savers of New Inlet station on the North Carolina coast.

Captain Godfrey saw six of his crew go to their death after his ship hit the beach early Saturday morning, and he clung to first one piece of the vessel and then another as it was torn to pieces by the fury of the gale and the high seas.

He lashed himself to the one remaining mast at sundown that night, and it fell into the sea by midnight. Captain Godfrey managed to reach the crane of the ship before the mast fell and clung to this until the sea ripped it away. Then he lashed himself to the stem of the schooner and when the ship broke in two the seas pitched that part on which the brave sailor was tied, toward the shore. Life-savers on the shore burning rockets, saw the schooner breaking up and caught a glimpse of the man clinging to a part of the wreckage. They tried to launch a boat, but the high seas beat the frail craft to pieces. Then they shot a line and the half dead man grabbed it. They pulled him through the surf and when near the shore jumped into the sea up to their necks and took him in their arms.

When revived Captain Godfrey said his mate, whose name was Wallick, and five members of the crew, took to the lifeboats early Saturday morning. He saw a big wave dash their boat to pieces and the men disappeared. Alexander Pillmos, the steward, remained with the captain on the stranded vessel, and when she began to break up the two men climbed into the rigging. Pillmos, despairing of being saved, after hours of battle with the storm, became temporarily insane and leaped into the sea. Pillmos has a wife and two children residing on Long Island. Captain Godfrey's home is in Mill-bridge, Me.

THE SOS CALL

Dread Summons of the Sea Heard Off Cape Hatteras.

New York, Nov. 4.—The Panama Railroad Steamship company liner Allanca, which has just arrived, reported that she had stood by the steamship Noruega and the sailing ship Geenlul, which were in a collision south of Cape Hatteras some time between Thursday night and Friday morning. The wireless operator of the Allanca caught a S O S call at 5:45 o'clock in the morning of Friday and the vessel's course was shifted to the position given by the wireless operator of the Noruega. The weather was thick with a heavy rain falling, so that it was a matter of groping for the two damaged vessels, but presently out of the rain and mist one of the lookouts sang out that he sighted something and they came up to a full rigged ship with her foremast and bowsprit gone, and a mass of tangled rigging on her decks. They next made out the Noruega, which had the ship in tow. The steamer had two holes in her, one a large one at the water line of the starboard bow through which the running seas sloped and washed out boxes from the cargo.

The Allanca ran up the code signal "Want to abandon ship?" The Noruega replied "No," but sent a message by wireless saying that the Allanca might assist in towing if she wished, but as she carried mails, and as the vessels seemed safe enough on their way for Norfolk, it was decided to keep on for New York.

MAY BE LOST

Crew of Life Savers at Port Aransas Overdue Since Friday.

Port Aransas, Tex., Nov. 4.—Great anxiety is felt here because of the strange disappearance of almost the entire life saving crew who were engaged in an effort to take two sick men from the steamer Nicaraguan, which went aground on Padre island, Oct. 16.

Superintendent Hutchinson Wednesday telegraphed the keeper of the life saving station to get a tug and tow a large surf-boat to the Nicaraguan and take off two sick men. Captain Edward White with a crew of six men and Dr. J. A. Orr set out in a small gasoline boat with a surf-boat in tow for the grounded steamer, which lies about sixty-five miles down the coast. The party was due to return to Port Aransas Friday, but up to this time no word has been received, and it is feared that disaster has overtaken them. Most of the men are married and have families.

Want Ad Department

Advertisements under this head are charged for at the rate of one-third cent per word for each insertion. The same ad will be placed in the Indianapolis Star and Daily Republican at the combined rate of one cent per word. Found articles of small value will be advertised free of charge.

BRING BACK—My coat you borrowed in June. Bring it in when you come to city and that will save me the trouble of coming after it. J. W. Tompkins. 20216

FOR SALE—two good Globe hot blast, soft coal burners. Claude Walker, Rushville. 20212.

WANTED—to buy several dozen white plymoutheck hens. Claude Walker, Rushville. 20212.

FOR SALE—I have a new soft coal stove which I have at a bargain. Come and see this stove, if you want something good at J. W. Tompkins on First street. 20216.

TO LET—A storage room or carriage shed. Phone 1515 or call Mrs. Flora Gray, corner Fourth and Harrison. 20216

FOR SALE—An Empire soft coal heating stove, 912 North Main street. Will Alexander. 20216

FOR SALE—One brown coat suit, seven dollars; one blue voile dress with slip, two dollars; one long black wrap, five dollars; one fur collar, three dollars. Call 824 North Main or phone 3219. 20212

FOR SALE—Good Favorite base burners. B. L. Trabue. Phone 1329. 20216.

FOR SALE—1 Gas heating stove and 1 clock. Call 844 North Jackson street. Phone 3289. 20216

FOR RENT—One furnished front room. Floyd Hogsett. Phone 1248. 20016.

FOR SALE—2 years old Poland China Boar, Eligible for Registry. J. E. Miller, Rushville, R. 3. 20016

WANTED—Bull Moosers, Republicans and Democrats to try "Yellow Jacket" coal for cook stoves. Phone 3237. D. F. Matlock. 19815.

OVERCOAT EXCHANGED—Will party who exchanged overcoat at the Falmouth social last Friday night please return same to U. G. Hinchman at Fairview. Phone 38-3 Falmouth. 19716

FOR SALE—A Barn at 813 North Oliver St. See Dagler Bros. 19716

FOR SALE—One base burner. Good condition. \$5. Inquire 516 North Sexton. Phone 1693. 1941f

FOR SALE—Best Michigan Salt, \$1.20 per barrel. C. W. Hinkle & Co. 704f

FOR SALE—50 White Plymouth Rock Cockerels. Also a few choice pullets, March hatch. M. C. Dawson, Tile Factory, Rushville, Ind. Phone 1218. 179126

FOR SALE—Soft Coal. See Davis & Buell at Davis Bros. livery barn. 1381f

FOR SALE—Poland China pigs, both sexes. John F. Boyd. 1301f

Best by Test, Fair Promise 5c Cigar

Best by Test, Fair Promise 5c Cigar

PARADE IS BIGGEST SEEN HERE IN YEARS

Continued from Page 1

a band a crowd of enthusiasts. More than a hundred left the parade, because they grew tired waiting for the Shelbyville crowd.

The parade formed in Fifth street on each side of Main and moved down Main street to Second, thence west in Second to Harrison, south in Harrison to First, east in First to Main, north in Main to Second, east in Second to alley leading to the tabernacle. The Arlington band was in the last section of the parade.

WEATHER.

Generally faith tonight and Tuesday. Warmer tonight.

WILL SWEAR IN 15 DEPUTIES

Continued from Page 1

the recipient of the letter from the time he arose on the morning of election until the polls closed to see that he bought no votes.

It was a strange coincidence, too, that, so far as could be learned, all the men who received such letters were Republicans. It was not thought that the Democratic county committee would indulge in such a practice, and Sam Trabue, Democratic county chairman, denied that any unsigned letters had been sent out from Democratic headquarters.

One of the men who received one of these letters was righteously indignant because of the veiled insinuation in the letter and was anxious to know who wrote it.

MOTORBIKE AND AUTO COLLIDE

Continued from Page 1

where he was examined. His clothes were torn and dirty. He received the hardest blow on the left shoulder. A hole was torn through his coat but his shoulder was not hurt in the least.

Gunning declared that he was not wholly to blame, although he admitted that the accident was partially his fault. He said that he expected Leisure to turn in Main street and so he did not decrease his speed in order to let him pass.

Leisure said that he did not think the automobile was going straight ahead, but that it would turn. Eyewitnesses say that both men appeared to be uncertain about just what course to take and that their hesitancy caused the accident.

Gunning declared to the crowd of men which collected that he was not running his automobile more than six or eight miles an hour. Plenty of people who saw the accident said they would swear that the automobile was running from twenty to twenty-five miles an hour.

The motorcycle was damaged to the extent of fifty dollars, which Gunning agreed to pay as soon as the machine is repaired. The frame was bent, the handlebars badly twisted, the light broken, one pedal broken off and another twisted, the front fender bent and back tire punctured.

The front axle of the automobile was bent and the pipe leading to the gasoline tank was broken but Gunning was able to drive the machine away after the accident. There were three other men, one a negro, in the automobile with him.

EASTERN STAR MEETING.

Martha Poe chapter No. 143 O. E. S. will hold their regular meeting Tuesday night. A good attendance is desired.

TAFT VOTE WILL BE BIG SURPRISE

Continued from page 1.

ing their backs on him. They have come to understand that a vote for Roosevelt in half vote for Wilson and they refuse to aid any free-trader to get into the white house and bring about depressed business conditions such as were caused by the last Democratic administration."

Mr. Youse exploded that old story that all traveling men are Bull Mooseers. He said that on the contrary very few of them were for Roosevelt. He said they realized that to keep conditions as good as they have been they must have Republican tariff policy in force.

Mr. Youse declared that Marion county is not such a Bull Moose stronghold as the Indianapolis Star pictures it, and that the vote will show it. He declared Taft would carry Michigan by 85,000.

Our Choice in 1916

Many of the stores in the business district were decorated Saturday night for the Republican rally, but none has as an attractive appearance as Ben A. Cox, the shoe man. He had a picture of James E. Watson in front of an electric light, which flashed intermittently. In front of the store suspended on a banner was Watson's picture with the inscription, "OUR CHOICE IN 1916."

STILL SCREAMING.

Muncie Press: Evidently James E. Watson struck home with his shots at the yellow press of Richmond. Jim spoke in the Quaker city last Friday evening and the screaming has not yet ceased in the office of the Richmond Bedlamian.

A festival will be held at 419 East Eighth street this evening. Supper will be served at five o'clock.

Efficiency Conservatism Accommodation

Are some of the Cardinal Points upon which we Hope for a Share of your Trust Company Business.

We Appreciate the Patronage of our many Friends and solicit those who have Business that may be aided by any Department of our Trust Company.

A First Mortgage Loan A Savings Account
Your Surplus Funds Fire Insurance
A Safety Deposit Box
A Trust Fund--Executor Under Will,
Guardian, Trustee, Manager or Agent.

WE INVITE YOU TO CALL, IF INTERESTED.

**The Peoples
Loan and Trust Company**
Rushville, Indiana
"The Home For Savings"

Capital Stock, \$50,000

Surplus Fund, \$10,000

FROM JAPAN

Comes a New Line of

SMOKED BAMBOO BASKETS

They are beauties and

**MUST BE SEEN TO
BE APPRECIATED**

They cannot be duplicated and
Christmas is not far away.

WHY NOT BUY NOW

99 CENT STORE

You Want Good Bread Cake and Pastry

For Your Thanksgiving Dinner

so when you order your groceries, don't forget to include a sack of CLARK'S PURITY FLOUR, and if you don't say it is the best you ever used, call PHONE 1149, and we will refund your money.

NEW BULK KRAUT

BULK DILL PICKLES PURE MAPLE SYRUP

NEW PANCAKE FLOUR

FRESH MILK

WHEATINA

SALT RAISING BREAD

L. L. ALLEN, Grocer

Phone 1420

327-329. Main St.

DEMOCRATIC

POSITION on the "CORRUPT-PRACTICES ACT"

We insist that this Election Must be HONEST and CLEAN and we therefore Pledge Ourselves to Enforce the "CORRUPT-PRACTICES ACT." We ask all law-abiding citizens to assist us in our fight against corruption of the ballot, and we offer

\$100.00 REWARD

For information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person who buys or attempts to buy votes, or who sells or offer to sell his vote or otherwise violates said "CORRUPT-PRACTICES ACT" in this campaign and Election and we have set aside a fund to prosecute any offender.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE

Samuel L. Trabue, Chairman
James S. Casady, Vice-Chairman
James T. Arbuckle, Secretary
Virgil R. Spurgeon, Treasurer

ADVERTISEMENT

DON'T PASS
PROSPERITY UP

The Daily Republican.

DON'T PASS
PROSPERITY UP

Vol. 9. 202.

Rushville, Indiana, Monday Evening, November 4, 1912.

Single Copies, 2 Cents.

VOTE FOR TAFT TOMORROW AND KEEP PROSPERITY

JAMES E. WATSON RECEIVES THE GREATEST OVATION OF CAMPAIGN

PARADE IS BIGGEST SEEN HERE IN YEARS

Republican Demonstration Gives Vent to Pent-up Enthusiasm of Campaign in Rush.

PARADE IS TEN BLOCKS LONG

Decorated Autos and Marchers, Carrying Torches are Revelation to Thousands on Streets

People jammed the downtown streets Saturday night to witness the greatest political demonstration in years when a pageant ten blocks long moved over the streets in the business district.

Pent-up Republican enthusiasm ran riot. Thousands of people marched and rode in automobiles and many more crowded the sidewalks and the streets, leaving only a narrow line in the center for the parade to pass.

It required twenty minutes for the parade to pass a given point, and it did not move slowly either because the Rushville concert band, which led the parade, was pushed to walk fast because it was trailed by automobiles whose drivers could not keep them down to ordinary walking pace.

There were forty beautifully decorated autos in the pageant. Every person in the machines, as those marching, carried red torches, and the city was aglow with the red light. Frank Capp and Merrill Ball marched at the head of the parade and W. A. Alexander and John C. Blackledge, on horseback, acted as marshalls for the night.

The line of first voters, which followed immediately after the automobiles, was a revelation to the people on the streets. More than a hundred first voters were in line, cheering for the G. O. P. and waving the red torches above their heads. The first voters were led by the Republican drum corps, augmented by a boy's drum corps.

It was the greatest political demonstration that has been witnessed here in many a campaign. There were men in line, carrying red lights enthusiastically above their heads, that never participated in such a demonstration before.

The marchers carried banners of all sorts. A good majority of them were on white card board, with the word "TAFT" spelled out in large bold black letters. Other banners read:

"Vote for Prosperity and Happy Homes."

"Our County Ticket is a Winner."

"Before You Vote, Stop and Think"

"Why Vote for a Change? To What?"

"First Voters Club."

"Why Should You Want a Change?"

"Taft and Durbin."

In addition to these there were many other timely slogans and a number of pictures of Taft and Durbin.

The parade was delayed because of the lateness of the arrival of the Shelbyville delegation. The parade was held until the crowd of a hundred reached the scene of the formation of the pageant. Shelbyville brought

TALKS TO CHEERING AUDIENCE OF 3,000

Former Congressman Recalls Legislation of Republicans and Failures of Democrats in Speech.

PAYS ATTENTION TO MOOSE

Assails Beveridge For His Demagogic Appeals to Win Votes—Some Political History.

WATSON'S FAREWELL.

On this, my birthday, I am glad to stand in the presence of my friends and neighbors of Rushville and the surrounding counties and render to you my gratitude for all of your many acts of kindness to me; for your generous support when I was a candidate and to say to you that whatever I can do for you as an individual I will cheerfully do. And I want to say to you while my memory is as clear as it is and while my belief is as firm as it is, I will stand for the principles of the old Republican party that I believe has made this country what it is today, the wonder and admiration of the world. I bid you all good night and God speed.

James E. Watson received such an ovation as he has not received this campaign when he ascended to the platform in the tabernacle Saturday night before an audience composed of his own townspeople, those who know him best.

He was cheered for several minutes, the cheers re-echoing from one end of the immense building to the other. Mr. Watson was deeply touched by the greeting which was given him by the three thousand people assembled. They arose in their seats, waved their hats and shouted until they were hoarse. Mr. Watson appreciated the demonstration, not as a man, but as a representative of a cause, for he said:

"I should be less than human if I were not profoundly moved by this evidence of cordiality. I am not vain enough to think it was given to me as an individual but rather to the policies for which I stand."

The stage was beautifully decorated for the occasion. It was gayly bedecked with flags and pictures of Taft and Sherman and other Republican leaders—McKinley and Lincoln. The seats on the immense stage were all filled with old soldiers and women.

Will M. Sparks presided at the meeting and introduced former-congressman Watson. As soon as he could stop the applause, Mr. Sparks expressed his pleasure at being able to preside at such a meeting, one of the Republican variety.

"It is a peculiar pleasure," said Mr. Sparks "to have been defeated for office and still be a Republican." This was loudly applauded. "I am here," he continued, "to introduce one who went down with me." When



Tried And Found True

MOTORBIKE AND AUTO COLLIDE

Albert Leisure Run Over by Machine But Emerges From Under it Smiling.

HAS A MIRACULOUS ESCAPE

Hurled 25 Feet But Sustains Only Few Bruises—Motorcycle is Badly Damaged.

Albert Leisure of West Ninth street narrowly escaped death in a collision with an automobile Sunday afternoon about one o'clock at the corner of Main and Second streets. Leisure was knocked off his motorcycle, and run over by the auto, but crawled out from under it bright and smiling when spectators fully expected to have to drag his lifeless body out.

The automobile was driven by C. C. Gunning, living four miles north of Manila. He was going south in Main street and Leisure was riding west in Second street. The automobile hit the motorcycle broadside when the two were in about the center of the street.

The motorcycle and rider were hurled twenty-five feet over toward the Rush County National bank corner before Gunning could bring his auto to a stop. The front wheel of the automobile passed over Leisure and the motorcycle, but Leisure was not injured aside from a few bruises.

Eyewitnesses turned their heads when they saw the crash was inevitable. They expected the motorbike rider to be killed, and they still believed it until they saw him emerge from under the auto. He insisted that he was not hurt but Gunning finally persuaded him to go to a physician

TAFT VOTE WILL BE BIG SURPRISE

F. L. Youse, Traveling Salesman Here Today, Says Trend Toward President is Astonishing.

JUST RETURNED FROM TRIP

Declares That Protectionists Realize it Will Not be Necessary to Vote For Wilson.

"The trend is so strong toward Taft that he will surprise a lot of people when the votes are counted." That was the assertion of F. L. Youse, wholesale representative for D. H. Baldwin & Company, of Indianapolis, who spent today in this city. Mr. Youse travels through northern Indiana and Michigan.

"The turning to Taft in the last two weeks has been the most remarkable thing I ever saw in politics," said Mr. Youse today. "The vote that Taft receives is going to be a big surprise. I would not be surprised if he were elected."

"I have just finished a trip over my territory in northern Indiana and Michigan and I have been inquiring especially about the political conditions; not only to satisfy my own curiosity but because the boys in at the house wanted to know how things were."

"I believe, or at least I have found it so, that droves of Republicans are just now realizing at the last moment that Roosevelt does not have a ghost of a show and that it will not be necessary for them to vote for Wilson in order to defeat Roosevelt."

"But the trend from this class has not been near so strong as that from the Progressive party. Even many men who are still admirers of Roosevelt and are protectionists are turn-

WILL SWEAR IN DEPUTIES TO SEE THAT ELECTION TUESDAY IS CLEAN

HITS CASH DRAWER BEFORE LEAVING

Joe Robinson Gets \$100 From Till at Meat Market And Disappears From City.

POLICE FAIL TO FIND HIM

Joe Robinson, who has been managing a meat market in West Third street for the past several weeks, suddenly disappeared Saturday night and took with him about everything in sight. When Robinson left about the only thing he left behind was the building. Joe hit the cash register for about \$100 and left the city. So far he has not been located.

It is understood that Robinson was running the place on money furnished by Hyman Schatz and Schatz is said to be the heavy loser. It is reported that Robinson took all the money in sight amounting to about \$100. The police were notified but have not found the man Carl Dausch of New Salem, who has been working for Robinson, it is understood is out about \$75 the amount he loaned Robinson. Dausch will continue to run the place.

FILES SUIT FOR DIVORCE

Mrs. Mary B Brown Asks Separation From Omer Brown.

Mary B. Brown filed suit for divorce this afternoon from Omer Brown. Mrs. Brown demands \$500 alimony and asks the custody of their two children. The complaint alleges that he is an habitual drunkard and that he failed to provide for his family. Mrs. Brown also charges cruel and inhuman treatment. They were married in 1892 and separated April 1, 1912. Walter E. Smith is the attorney for Mrs. Brown.

W. L. King, who sustained a severe injury to his left eye several days ago when a wire on a bale of hair hit him, was able to be in the city today for the first time.

McFarlan Urges Support of Republican County Ticket

TO THE PROGRESSIVE VOTERS OF RUSH COUNTY.

Gentlemen: The campaign just ended has been a remarkable one in many respects. It has seen the Republican party in nation and state torn to pieces by machinepoliticians, who refused to listen to the voice of the people. It has been a campaign of personalities and vilification. The Progressive cause has been the main point of attack, but it has grown steadily.

In our own county, the Republican ticket was nominated at a time when no break was dreamed of. We assisted in nominating the men, whose names are on the Republican ticket. Some of our Progressives

Sheriff Clata Bebout Warns That Vote Buying Will Not be Countenanced.

ANXIOUS FOR CLEAN ELECTION

Says Every Effort Will be Made to Detect Any Attempts to Debauch Ballots.

ANONYMOUS LETTERS SENT OUT

It States That Man Has Been Assigned to Watch Recipient Until Polls Close.

Sheriff Clata Bebout stated that he would swear in fifteen deputy sheriffs to see that the corrupt practice act is not violated in any respect tomorrow.

"I am just as anxious as anyone," said the sheriff, "to see that we have a clean election and debauchers of the ballot may as well beware of election day. I stated the other day, as county chairman, I favored a clean election, and the county central committee stood behind me in that assertion."

"There has never been any assumption that the election in Rushville and Rush county tomorrow would be other than clean. But if there are men who expect to buy votes tomorrow, they may as well close up shop right now because I intend, with the aid of my deputies, to see that the law is not violated in any respect."

"It would also be well for all voters who have not registered to remember that they can not vote. The law is the law. It requires that in order to vote one must have registered at one of the three registration days in the precinct in which he votes. Some men have made the assertion that they will vote regardless of the registration but they will find that they are mistaken in this."

Several men in Rushville Saturday received anonymous letters warning them against buying votes. The letters were written in long hand and were unsigned. They were written on plain white paper. The anonymous communications stated that a man had been appointed to watch

Continued on Page 2

were delegates to that convention, and hence, we, who were Republicans at that time are bound morally to support that ticket. The candidates accepted the responsibility of making the campaign as a representative of the entire Republican party as it was then. So strongly do I feel this responsibility, that I feel it a duty we owe ourselves as well as a greater duty we owe these candidates to support them as strongly at tomorrow's election, as we would have done if no division in the party had taken place. No statement made in the Republican meeting on Saturday night should be permitted to prevent us doing our duty on the morrow.

BEN L. MCFARLAN,
Chairman Progressive County Com.

Sick Room Needs

Many useful, unique and unusual articles are to be found in our stock that make for the comfort and convenience of the patient. Waiting on the sick becomes a pleasure when you have the many helps that we carry.

Air cushions, bedside tables, rubber douche pans, rubber sheeting, feeding cups, thermometers, icecaps, bandages, cotton.

And many other useful and necessary helps to lighten your care and the inconvenience of the patient.

Our Telephone Works
1038 USE IT 1038

The *Rexall* Store

: Lytle's Drug Store :

LORD ALVERSTONE

Chief Justice of England
May Never Resume Bench.



London, Nov. 4.—Lord Alverstone sustained a stroke of apoplexy not long ago, and, although the matter has been kept quiet, his condition has become so much more grave of late that, even if his days are prolonged, which is improbable in the extreme, he will never be able to resume his seat on the bench as lord chief justice of England.

"SILENT TREATMENT" TOO MUCH FOR HIM

Kramer Confesses Murder of Sophia Singer.

Chicago, Nov. 4.—Charles N. Kramer, broken by hours of "silent treatment" confessed that he killed Sophia Singer, the Baltimore heiress found murdered here.

Kramer, whose stage name is Conway, added a new feature to the statement made by his wife, Beatrice Ryall-Kramer, known on the variety stage as the "Burlesque Queen." He said that he knocked Miss Singer down in self-defense when she attacked him with a razor after he had rebuked her for making, he said, a suggestion to Mrs. Kramer to go out and meet some men. Kramer exonerated his wife from all blame in connection with the crime.

Kramer, the former clown, high diver and circus acrobat, broke into tears and begged to be allowed to tell his story. "Don't send me back to that black cell," he cried. "I'll tell it all."

Kramer's story differed only from his wife's in the detail that he claimed self-defense in justification. He said that he never meant to kill Miss Singer and that he bound and gagged her to prevent her making an outcry. He said that he took \$35 from Miss Singer's purse and two suits of clothes belonging to W. R. Worthen, Miss Singer's fiancé, because he was penniless and was shabbily clad.

He and his wife fled through the alley, he said, hoping to get away before Miss Singer revived, believing that she would not want to come into publicity by prosecuting them. The man told his life history from the time he ran away from his home to join a circus. He said that he had been convicted of horse stealing and that he had served eighteen months' sentence in a reformatory.

MAY BE MURDER

Shelbyville Youth Said to Dying From Effects of Blow.

Shelbyville, Ind., Nov. 4.—Harvey Chappelov, aged nineteen, was probably fatally injured when he was assaulted with a heavy club by Thomas Hogan, thirty-five years old, who is held in jail awaiting the outcome of Chappelov's injuries. It is said the victim cannot recover, as his skull is fractured. Hogan assaulted the young man after accusing him of insulting Mrs. Hogan. In a moment of consciousness Chappelov stated that the trouble started when Mrs. Hogan tried to pick a quarrel with him and a companion as they were passing her home. Hogan confessed that he struck the blow. Chappelov's character is above reproach.

A Constantinople dispatch represents that city as being on the brink of anarchy.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather.
New York.....	93	Clear
Boston.....	34	Clear
Denver.....	36	Cloudy
San Francisco..	50	Cloudy
St. Paul.....	28	Pt. Cloudy
Chicago.....	44	Clear
Indianapolis...	41	Clear
St. Louis.....	42	Pt. Cloudy
New Orleans...	58	Clear
Washington...	36	Clear

Probably fair, warmer.

A VOTE FOR TAFT IS A VOTE TO WIN

Republican State Committee Sends Message to the Democrats of Indiana.

THEY WON'T VOTE FOR WILSON

Thousands of Democrats Willing to Support Taft and are Assured That He Will be Elected.

"A vote for Taft is a vote to win" is the message that has been sent over Indiana from headquarters of the Republican State Central Committee at Indianapolis, and it is especially directed to thousands of Democrats who do not intend to vote for Wilson and Marshall, who will vote for either Taft or Roosevelt to help bring about the defeat of the Democratic candidates, but who are undecided for whom their votes should be cast. These Democrats would like to help elect Taft, yet are withholding their decision for fear that by some chance Roosevelt will be the winning candidate and will need the support of these Democrats who are far from satisfied with their party's presidential candidate.

Reports from over Indiana to the State Committee say that there are many thousands of other men, too, who are wavering between Taft and Roosevelt—men who have never voted for a Democratic president and never intend to. These men are apparently awaiting assurances from some source that Taft will be elected, when they will at once make up their minds to vote for him. The Republican State Committee is giving this assurance—that if the men who really want to see him elected will vote for him, Taft will succeed himself as President.

Out of all the issues and all the arguments, and the present campaign has been unusually prolific in the development of political facets, comes this one conspicuous fact; throughout Indiana, as well as throughout the land, there are voters by the tens of thousands who are entirely satisfied with business conditions as they have prevailed in recent years and who fear that tampering with the future by making a change in the presidential administration will cause a reversal of prosperity, which may run as far backward under a Democratic or Progressive President as it has run forward under a Republican administration. While Democrats and Progressives have been disposed to belittle the prosperity of the country, as it has advanced during the term of Taft, there is no doubt but "let well enough alone" has become the slogan of millions of business men, farmers and workmen, who are not willing to take chances against their own interests by voting for Wilson or Roosevelt. This attitude has brought about the hesitancy of thousands of Democrats who have decided they will not vote for their party candidate, and has caused the Republican State Committee to spread the word that "a vote for Taft is a vote to win."

DURBIN FOR TAX EXEMPTION

Republican Candidate Favors a Law That Would Be of Far Reaching Benefit to the Poor.

Col. W. T. Durbin, Republican candidate for Governor of Indiana, is applauded by the Indiana Labor Bulletin, the organ of organized labor in this State, which says:

"Col. Durbin's stand for a \$600 tax exemption for the poor is the most practical and far-reaching of benefits ever proposed for the benefit of labor in this state. It is not like most of the so-called labor laws, which at best only benefit a few. This provision will protect the homes of the many. Most all states have the exemption law. As Col. Durbin well says, such a law is founded on justice. He deserves great credit for his courageous advocacy of this much needed law. He is the first public man to advocate this law for Indiana."

"This speaks well for the practical side of Col. Durbin and it shows the difference between a practical governor and our present incumbent. Mr. Marshall did not think of a tax exemption in his now famous hand-me-down constitution. Instead of providing for the relief of the poor taxpayer, he added to his burden by compelling him to show three paid-up poll tax receipts in order to exercise his sovereign right to vote."

"This stand of Col. Durbin for the relief of taxation on personal property up to say six hundred dollars is a strong appeal to the wage worker and should cause every wage man to vote for him for this proposition is tangible and practicable and of vital importance to the many homes which have been harassed by the tax collector who adds a fee for every time he serves notice that your taxes are due. In most cases these fees amount to much more than the original bill. Few are the homes which have not been threatened to sell their furniture on the courthouse steps. We know of no proposed law that would be such a boon to labor. Now is our time to strike for it at the ballot box."



Coming DR. J. A. WALLS

THE SPECIALIST,
Will be at the Windsor Hotel,
Rushville, Ind.

Wed., Nov. 6, until 3:30 p. m.

CONSULTATION AND ONE MONTH'S TREATMENT FREE.

HE TREATS SUCCESSFULLY

Diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Kidneys, Liver and Bladder, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and all Diseases of the Blood, Epilepsy (or falling fits), Cancer, Scrofula, Private and Nervous Diseases, Female Diseases, Night Coughs, Loss of Vitality from Indiscretions in youth or mature years, Piles, Fistula, Fissure and Ulceration of the Rectum, without detention from business.

SUFFERERS POSITIVELY CURED AND GUARANTEED.
It will be to your interest to consult the Doctor if you are suffering from disease, and if he cannot cure you, he will tell you so at once.
Remember the time and place.
OFFICE, NO. 21 SOUTH TENTH STREET, RICHMOND, IND.

MOTHERS WILL GET TOGETHER

First Meeting Will Be Held at Huntington.

GENERAL OBJECTS OF SESSION

Indiana Branch of the National Congress of Mothers and Parent-Teachers' Association is Pledged to Carry Mother Love and Mother Thought into All That Touches Childhood in Its Various Relations.

Huntington, Ind., Nov. 4.—The Indiana branch of the National Congress of Mothers' and Parent-Teachers' association will hold its first meeting here Nov. 11 and 12. Mrs. Frederick Hoke of Indianapolis, president of the organization, will preside over the meetings, and National President Mrs. Frederick Schoff of Philadelphia, Pa., will be present and take part in the sessions.

The general objects of the congress are "to carry mother love and mother thought into all that connects or touches childhood in home, school, church or state; to raise the standard of home life; to develop wiser, better trained parenthood and to bring into closer relationship the home and the school."

To bring about these conditions legislation affecting the scope of juvenile courts will be sought and a concerted effort made to promote higher ideals of marriage and the maintenance of its sacredness and permanency, and to teach young persons the proper care of children, to make them better fitted for the duties of parenthood.

The general purposes of the state branches of the congress are to promote the organization of the affiliated clubs in all parts of the state and to co-operate with the educative and the legislative branches of the government to secure the best method of physical, mental and moral training of the young; to uplift and improve the conditions of mothers in all walks of life.

The conference at Huntington is open to all interested in the welfare of the child and representatives of parent-teacher associations, mothers' clubs or child study clubs will be welcomed as delegates.

HELD FOR CONSPIRACY

Terre Haute Registration Frauds Get Into Federal Court.

Terre Haute, Ind., Nov. 4.—Arrests of three precinct registration officials by deputy United States marshals brought the local charges of illegal work in recent registrations before the federal court in Indianapolis. Andrew C. Berkley, Joseph Jeffers and Theodore Swickard were arrested on federal warrants, charging conspiracy to deprive James C. Leasure of the right guaranteed him by the constitution of the United States. The arrests were made by D. C. Rankin and Tom Martin of Indianapolis. The men were sent to jail in default of bond and will be given a hearing before Orph M. Hall, United States commissioner. The accused men served as registration officials in the recent registration periods, and, when Leasure appeared to register, it is said he was assaulted and thrown out of the polling place. Federal officers also arrested Fred Tossner on a similar charge. He was locked up.

An Appeal Is Probable.

Marion, Ind., Nov. 4.—A jury in the Grant circuit court returned a verdict of guilty in the case of William A. Thompson of Marion, a chiropractor, charged with practicing medicine and surgery without a license, and fixed his punishment at a fine of \$25 and costs. Chiropractors were present from all parts of the state to attend the trial, as it was regarded as a test case, the general contention of the

prosecution being that chiropractors cannot practice their profession legally in this state. It is likely the case will be appealed to the supreme court.

Intruder Slain by Negress.

Brazil, Ind., Nov. 4.—Blaine McGrew, colored, forty years old, is dead as the result of five bullet wounds inflicted by a revolver in the hands of Mrs. Mamie Downing, also colored, who shot McGrew when he attempted to force an entrance into her home here. The woman has not been arrested.

Tail Caught in Shredder.

Newcastle, Ind., Nov. 4.—Al Western, a Henry county farmer, lost a valuable horse when the animal, which was standing near a corn shredder, switched its tail into a belt. The tail was carried to a shaft and jerked out by the roots. The horse was shot.

Lower Court Affirmed.

Indianapolis, Nov. 4.—The supreme court has affirmed the judgment of the Knox circuit court in its conviction of Will Hall of perjury. Hall signed an affidavit for a new trial of a case. It was later found that the affidavit was false.

Used Bottle For Weapon.

Rensselaer, Ind., Nov. 4.—Ed Frawley is in jail here charged with a murderous assault on John Stowers, an old soldier, at Fair Oaks. Frawley struck Stowers on the head with a beer bottle.

Pay Telephone Toll

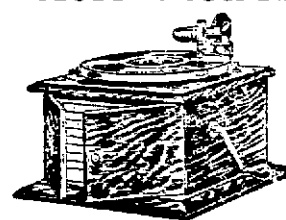
Don't overlook to pay your telephone toll before Nov. 12 if you wish to avoid paying 12 cents extra for collection. No notice will be given by telephone.

200t12. W. T. JACKSON, Sec'y.

Smoke FAIR PROMISE 5c Cigars

\$15

for this genuine Victor-Victrola



bearing the famous Victor trademark



—a guarantee of quality

Come in and hear this instrument play your favorite music. Other style Victor-Victrolas \$25 to \$200. Victors \$10 to \$100. Easy terms, if desired.

Geo. C. Wyatt & Co.

ANYONE DESIRING THE SERVICES OF AN AUCTIONEER

can reach me by calling New Salem Phone or calling on my son Hal Pike at John B. Morris' Hardware Store for dates.

J. H. PIKE

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REPAIR WORK IS OUR SPECIALTY

Have your old Machinery repaired and made good as new. Steam and Gas Engine Repairing a Specialty. Call and see our St. Mary's Semi-Automatic Gas and Gasoline Engines before you buy. 2½, 4 and 7 horse power. BUILT FOR HARD SERVICE ON THE FARM.

We Grind and Sharpen Lawn Mowers, Mowers, Sickles, Picaw Points, Cutter Knives, Etc.
Phone 1632. 517 to 519 West Second Street.

6% Tax Exempt 6%

If You Want First Class Bank or Trust Co. Stocks, Gravel Road or School Bonds or Preferred Stock that net 5½% to 6% and Tax Exempt.

SEE ME BEFORE THEY ARE ALL SOLD

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Office Phone 1637 Over Aldridge's Grocery Residence Phone 1296

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J. B. SCHRICHTE SONS

MONUMENTS, MAUSOLEUMS,

EXAMINE OUR LARGE DISPLAY.

WE ARE PREPARED TO SAVE YOU MONEY.

MONTELLO MILLSTONE

And All Popular Granites in our Large Stock. We Can Please You Come and See us and be convinced.

117-121 South Main Street, RUSHVILLE, INDIANA.

AUCTIONEERS

Col. Alf. Vanderbeck and Glen Miller

Col. Vanderbeck having established a reputation as being one of the best auctioneers in Indiana you will have the assurance of getting good service.

Give Us a Trial and Be Convinced. For Dates

See Glen Miller

or Phone 1611

Farm Loans

In making farm loans the undersigned is a long way ahead

WHY?

Because he offers by far the BEST TERMS for the BORROWER. This is an Ad. but it is the TRUTH. He will be pleased to talk with those desiring loans. He is Financial Correspondent for the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co., and has unlimited amount of MONEY to loan at Five per cent. and upon better terms than can be offered by any other party in Rush County.

B. F. MILLER

TAGGART HAS WHIP HAND

SHAMEFUL CONDITIONS MARK MARSHALL'S ADMINISTRATION.

Lawyer Friends Favored in Parole Cases—Taggart's Gambling Resort Protected—State Money Wasted.

If the decent citizen wishes to go to the polls with eyes open to the Marshall administration, he should study the record of pardons and paroles under the existing Democratic regime. It is notorious that certain of Marshall's lawyer friends and close associates in politics have been especially active in the "parole" business, and that marked success has attended the efforts of certain especially favored attorneys in this line of endeavor. This situation is one of the lasting shames of the Marshall term of office.

Another matter which has attracted general attention among self-respecting citizens, is the fact that Marshall has made no attempt of any kind to stop or to prevent gambling at the Indiana Monte Carlo, conducted brazenly by Thomas Taggart at French Lick Springs. The Casino is running night and day, and Marshall does nothing to stop it. Why?

Thomas Taggart is Democratic national committeeman, and absolute dictator in Indiana Democratic politics. Taggart financed and managed Marshall's candidacy for the vice presidency. Then Taggart said he would withdraw from the position of Democratic national committeeman from Indiana. Governor Marshall asked Taggart to stay on the job. Publicly he surrendered to the boss. This was what Taggart most wanted. It meant the Casino could go on without danger of interference by Governor Marshall. It meant Taggart would be the dispenser of Indiana patronage in the event of a national Democratic victory in November. It meant Taggart would be the mentor of the state house in the event of Democratic victory in Indiana in 1912. It meant that after four years in power, Marshall had abjectly given Indiana Democratic leadership into Taggart's hands.

So it is that the Marshall administration draws to its close under a cloud. Where economy was promised extravagance and flagrant waste, deficits and maladministration have been the rule. Where law enforcement was the preachment, there has been a record for non-enforcement, inefficiency, evasion, dodging and petty politics. Where it was promised that the will of the majority would rule in the matter of liquor legislation Marshall has openly and brazenly betrayed the people into the hands of the liquor men, and today is branded as the tool of the brewers in every state in the Union.

So completely is Marshall allied with the brewing interests that protests have been made to the Democratic national committee by good citizens in many states against the sending of Marshall into the various states to make campaign speeches for the Democratic party.

Indiana taxpayers know the Democratic record. The people know how Marshall betrayed them into the power of the brewers headed by Fleming. November gives the people their opportunity to go on record in disapproval of the Marshall administration.

MONEY SAFE IN BANK.

Republican Prosperity in Evidence in Reports of State Banks.

Republican prosperity as it has reached the people of Indiana is vividly shown in the official reports of 320 state banks made to the Auditor of State on Sept. 4. These banks on this date held a total of \$71,576,654.13 in time and demand deposits. This money is owned by people of all degrees—does not belong to Wall street, trust

magnates or individuals outside the state—and it does not include the immense sums on deposit in the national banks, trust companies and building and loan associations. The report shows that the deposits on Sept. 4 had increased \$2,000,000 over the previous statement of June 14. On Sept. 4 the total resources of the state banks alone amounted to \$9,534,270.55, an increase of \$3,000,000 since June 14.

At the convention of the Indiana Bankers' Association in Indianapolis a few days ago, reports made to the trust company section showed these financial institutions have had enormous growth in the last year, another evidence that boundless prosperity prevails in city, town and rural districts throughout the state.

The time deposits of banks and trust companies represent the profits which are piling up in the hands of individual depositors and business concerns, and it is only in times of prosperity that people can put away money for the proverbial "rainy day." It was not done in the panic years of the Democratic administrations, when bank deposits ran down until they were as low as the supply of meal in the widow's barrel back in Bible times.

With the greatest crops in the history of Indiana, with prices good for everything producers have to sell, there is but one reason why a period of depression may be expected. The election of a Democratic president may bring it about. The history of this party shows that such a result as this may be expected.

PEOPLE TRIED IT TWICE

BUSINESS SUFFERED UNDER DEMOCRATIC RULE.

History Shows That American People Erred Seriously in Depriving Republicans of Administrative Power.

To change a national administration is a more serious matter than one might imagine. Twice since 1860 the American people have tried the experiment of depriving the Republican party of power, once in 1884 when Cleveland defeated Blaine and again in 1892 when he defeated Harrison, and in both cases the event was fraught with disaster which was apparent almost before the change was effected, says the Logansport Tribune.

These changes taught the people lessons they were long forgetting, but from 1897, when the last Democrat sat in the President's chair, to 1912, is a long time in national affairs and many are now voters, who were not old enough in the nineties to feel the sting of Democratic hard times, while others have forgotten. It is a fact which any thinking, fair man who remembers will attest, such hard times as this country knew under Cleveland were never known under a Republican administration.

As soon as the Democrats were in office they began tinkering with the tariff, a thing that can not be done without disaster, and by the time the Wilson bill became a law business was demoralized and paralyzed. The protective tariff is peculiarly American and Republicans believe that its use is for protection. No sooner was McKinley elected and the Dingley law passed than business took on new life and an era of prosperity began such as the world had never known.

Under McKinley the people were satisfied because they were prosperous. Every manufacturing establishment in the land was running full time and both capital and labor prospered.

Under Taft times have grown better and business has resumed its prosperous course. Today the country is in fine condition. A firm executive in the person of President Taft has been able to resist the onslaughts of a Democratic Congress and keep in force beneficial laws. This has saved the country, but of late there has grown up a class of complainers, who disregard the lessons of history, throw party allegiance to the wind and preach doctrines which can result in nothing but evil.

Roosevelt is running for the expressed purpose of defeating Taft. He knows and his followers know that there is no chance for him to succeed in this race. Every vote cast for him is half vote for Wilson and an encouragement to the Democrats.

"It is a pleasure to tell you that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the best cough medicine I have ever used," writes Mrs. Hugh Campbell of Lavonia, Ga. "I have used it with all my children and the results have been highly satisfactory."

For Sale by all dealers. (Advertisement.)

The boy's appetite is often the source of amazement. If you would have such an appetite take Chamberlain's Tablets. They not only create a healthy appetite, but strengthen the stomach and enables it to do its work naturally.

For Sale by all dealers. (Advertisement.)

Is your husband cross? An irritable, fault finding disposition is often due to a disordered stomach. A man with good digestion is nearly always good natured. A great many have been permanently cured of stomach trouble by taking Chamberlain's Tablets.

For Sale by all dealers.

WHY RUN THE RISK?

A QUESTION WHICH PERSONALLY CONCERNS EVERY WORKINGMAN.

PLAIN STATEMENT OF FACT

Why Should Men Who are Now Getting Good Wages on Steady Jobs Vote to Overthrow Good Times and Invite Idleness for Themselves?

Do not make a target of your dinner pail.

This is good advice to every workingman. Why should the man who is working at a good job and drawing good wages regularly every week run the risk of throwing himself out of employment? He knows conditions are good now under a Republican administration. If a Democratic administration should be elected the distressing times of 1893 will be repeated.

A splendid condition now prevails in the building and other trades throughout the entire country. In every section building is active and the prospect for the future most promising. So far from there being a lack of demand for labor, the almost universal complaint is of a dearth of laborers. This is particularly true in the structural iron trades, where the contractors complain that they are unable to get men enough to carry forward the work they have on hand. It is also a gratifying fact that at no point in the country is there any dispute between contractors and workmen regarding hours, wages or working conditions. This is a situation which has rarely existed in the past, and is one of the results of the safe, stable and businesslike administration of the government by President Taft.

Is it wise to take the chance of changing these conditions and becoming involved in the troubles which inevitably accompany a change of political administration? It is well to remember the conditions which were brought about by a political change in 1892. In that year, as in this, business was active everywhere up to election day; but when it became known that there was to be a change in public policy, there was an immediate contraction in undertakings of all sorts which speedily brought about a condition of panic, the worst the country had ever known. And the very first to suffer in that panic were the building trades. New construction ceased almost completely and thousands of men were compelled to abandon their trades and work at any odd job they could find to make a living for their families.

The causes which produced such dire effects from 1893 to 1897 would produce similar effects now. The continuance in power of the present administration could not possibly disturb business, for everybody would know what to expect and things would move right on. To place in power another administration pledged to different policies would bring about a condition of doubt and uncertainty which is always disturbing to business.

Men with money to invest would be sure to wait until they could see what the new administration was going to do. Workingmen cannot afford to wait. Labor cannot be put into cold storage. Workingmen must cash in a day's work every day or they lose it. A change which would adversely affect the business of the country would hit the workingman first and hardest. Do they want to take any chances?

Ambition.

Ambition becomes displeasing when it is once satiated. There is a reaction, and as our spirit till our last sigh is always aiming toward some object it falls back on itself, having nothing else on which to rest, and, having reached the summit, it longs to descend.—Cornelle.

Cruel.

"Now, I could be happy with a nice little flat," began Aramantha. "Take me, Aramantha," said little Jinks. "Oh, I don't mean a nice little flat of that kind," replied the heartless one.—Harper's Weekly.

His Belief.

"Does old Skinnim believe in his fellow man?" "Yes—in his fellow man's infallible cullibility."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Don't waste your money buying strengthening plasters. Chamberlain's Liniment is cheaper and better. Dampen a piece of flannel with it and bind it over the affected parts and it will relieve the pain and soreness.

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ROOSEVELT CANNOT BE ELECTED

IMPOSSIBLE FOR HIM TO RECEIVE LARGE ENOUGH PERCENTAGE OF REPUBLICAN VOTE.

FACT IS BEYOND DISPUTE

Question at Issue is Whether Country Wants Taft and Protection or Wilson and Free Trade. Because Either Taft or Wilson Will Be Elected.

Theodore Roosevelt cannot possibly be elected president of the United States.

This is not a mere statement. It can be demonstrated by figures. It can be shown that he cannot secure the voting support which would be necessary to give him a successful showing in Republican states.

As the popular vote for Bryan in 1905 was 6,409,104 and for Taft was 7,678,908, it is a mathematical fact—assuming that the relative strength of the two parties in this election will remain the same—that Mr. Roosevelt will have to get the vote of eight out of every ten Republicans in the nation in order to be elected. No one believes that he can do this. It does not avail to say that he will make up the difference in Democratic votes, for this will not be the case. The information received at Democratic headquarters shows that for every Democratic vote going to Roosevelt four or five will go to Taft.

In Illinois it will take seven out of every ten Republicans to vote for Roosevelt in order to give him the state. In Kansas it will take eight out of ten, in Indiana nine out of ten. It is an apparent fact that he cannot secure this large proportion of Republican votes. The percentage of votes in all the Republican states necessary to elect Roosevelt and which he cannot get is as follows:

	1908	% To Elect Roosevelt
California	Bryan, 127,492; Taft, 214,398	59-1/2
Connecticut	68,255; 112,915	60-1/2
Delaware	22,071; 26,014	84-9/10
Idaho	36,162; 52,621	68-4/5
Illinois	450,795; 629,929	71-3/5
Indiana	338,263; 348,993	97
Iowa	200,771; 275,210	73
Kansas	161,209; 197,216	81-8/10
Maine	35,403; 66,987	52-9/10
Maryland	115,908; 116,513	99-1/10
Mass.	155,543; 265,996	58-9/10
Michigan	175,771; 335,580	52-4/10
Minnesota	109,401; 196,843	57-8/10
Missouri	346,574; 347,203	99-9/10
Montana	29,226; 32,333	90-8/10
New Jersey	182,567; 265,326	68-9/10
New Hampshire	33,655; 53,149	63-4/10
New York	667,468; 870,070	76-8/10
North Dakota	32,885; 57,680	74-4/10
Ohio	502,721; 572,121	87-9/10
Oregon	38,049; 62,530	60-9/10
Pennsylvania	448,778; 745,779	60-4/10
Rhode Island	25,706; 43,942	56-5/10
South Dakota	40,268; 67,536	59-7/10
Utah	42,601; 61,015	69-9/10
Vermont	11,496; 39,552	50-1/10
Washington	58,691; 106,062	55-4/10
W. Virginia	111,418; 137,869	80-9/10
Wisconsin	166,632; 247,747	66-9/10
Wyoming	14,918; 20,846	71-2/10

But, while it is mathematically impossible for Roosevelt to be elected, it is possible, unfortunately, for Wilson to win, because of Republican votes cast for Roosevelt. In the country at large, it would require but 16 Republican votes out of every hundred to be cast for Roosevelt to give Wilson a popular majority.

It follows, therefore, that the only way to defeat Wilson in the nation is to vote for Taft. The only way to keep Wilson from carrying any state, and thus contributing materially to his election, is to vote for Taft. A vote for Roosevelt helps Wilson; it cannot by any possibility elect Roosevelt.

The voters of the nation, therefore, have but one question to answer at the coming election, so far as national politics is concerned, and that is "Taft or Wilson?" Do they want Taft and the Republican party, or Wilson and the Democratic party? Do they want a continuation of the policies under which the present condition of universal prosperity has been attained, which would call for no business readjustment, and therefore would result in no business derangement; or do they want new and different policies, the result of which nobody could foresee, which therefore would force upon the country a period of uncertainty and waiting, inevitably inviting stagnation, distress and disaster? Do they want to exchange an assured good for a nearly certain evil? They have prosperity now; do they want to risk losing it?

That is the only question, and the whole question, in this national campaign. Roosevelt is a demonstrated impossibility. It is Taft or Wilson. It is the Republican party or the Democratic party. It is a certain good or an almost equally certain evil.

Be thrifty on little things like buying. Don't accept water for bluing. Ask for Red Cross Ball Blue, the extra good value blue. (Advertisement.)

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but we believe like some of our politicians that profits are legitimate only where they come from service. You must under present conditions pay a little more for your shoes, but be sure that the price is legitimate, that you get the full value for the money you spend. You will remember where the shoes were unsatisfactory much longer than you will the price you paid for them. We sell them from \$3.00 to \$5.00, and every pair is worth the price. Why sacrifice your legitimate earnings by buying them elsewhere. COME AND SEE US.

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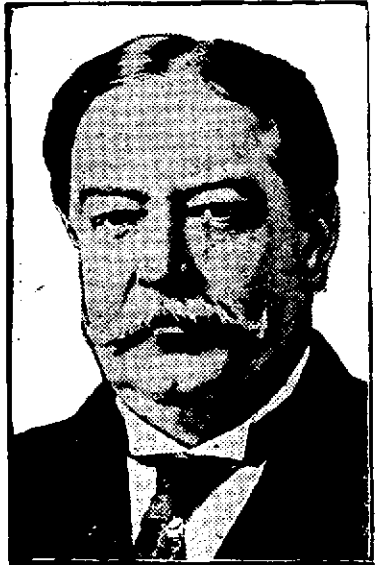
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J. FREUDER, Editor.
ROY E. HARROLD, News Editor. ALLEN C. MINER, City Editor.

TELEPHONE NUMBER, 1111.

Monday, November 4, 1912.



William H. Taft.

Republican Ticket

NATIONAL
For President
WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT of Ohio.
For Vice-President
JAMES S. SHERMAN of New York.

STATE.
Governor
WENFIELD T. DURBIN of Anderson
Lieutenant Governor
THOMAS T. MOORE of Greencastle
Secretary of State
FRED J. KING of Wabash
State Treasurer
JOE FREEMAN of Terre Haute.
Auditor of State
L. NEW T. BROWN of Franklin.
Attorney General
F. H. WURZER of South Bend.
Superintendent of Public Instruction
SAMUEL C. FERRELL of Ft. Wayne.
State Statistician
J. L. PEETZ of Indianapolis
Reporter of Supreme Court
WARWICK H. RIPLEY of Indianapolis
Supreme Judge, First District
WOODFIN D. ROBINSON of Evansville
Supreme Judge, Fourth District
LEANDER J. MONKS of Winchester
Appellate Judge, Southern District
DAVID A. MYERS of Greensburg.

CONGRESSIONAL
Congressman, Sixth District
WILLIAM L. RISK of Newcastle

JUDICIAL.
For Prosecuting Attorney,
ALBERT C. STEVENS.

COUNTY.
Joint Senator
CHAUNCEY DUNCAN.
Representative
WILLIAM R. JINNETT.
Auditor
WILL H. McMILLIN
Clerk
GEORGE B. MOORE, Jr.
Treasurer
FRED R. BEALE
Sheriff
J. K. JAMISON
Coroner
DR. LOWELL M. GREEN
JAMES BENNETT
Surveyor
Com. Northern Dist.
JOHN T. BOWLES
Com. Southern Dist.
JOHN E. HARRISON

Good Business.

The first essential for advancement in the United States is material prosperity. The factories have got to run before charitable societies or churches can be supported.

No economic reforms can be instituted until the people are given work and are fed.

Under William H. Taft, the United States has been prosperous. The clouds of financial doubt that hung

around four years ago are all dispelled. Business has steadily grown better.

The only way to judge of the future is by the past. If Mr. Taft shall be re-elected, his second administration should naturally be a duplicate of the first. The factories will run full time. The workingman will have bread for his family, and something for the savings bank and the church.

Mr. Wilson is an unknown quantity. Just how far he and the Democratic party will go in the direction of free trade no man can precisely tell.

Economic reform was set back many years when the Democratic party tipped over the dinner pail in 1893. The result of any such business depression is to let loose a flood of freak notions about finance. The business men of the country were unable to do a thing toward reforming our defective currency system, because the Democratic party filled the land with their crusade for cheapening the dollar, thereby lowering the workingman's purchase power and increasing his cost of living. It took all the power of sound finance for 10 years to fight a defensive battle against the free silver howlers.

Since that time Democratic opposition has persistently expressed itself to a currency reform that would have prevented the needless depression of 1907.

The Democratic party has a bad record on financial matters, and has followed every freak will of the wisp which scatterbrain thinkers have lighted. A vote for the Democratic party is a vote for a party that does not understand how to handle the country's business and keep the factories running.

Senator LaFollette, in his Weekly, says there is no basis whatever for the Roosevelt theft outcry concerning the Chicago convention. He says there never was a moment, granting even Roosevelt's own claims as to delegates, that he had a chance of nomination except through the seizure of delegates that did not belong to him. Colonel Roosevelt's complaint, according to Senator LaFollette, is that he was not permitted to steal the nomination himself.

Modern Voting.

Whatever faults there may be in our political methods, the machinery of voting has been brought to a point closely approaching perfection.

Before the days of the secret ballot, it took some little moral courage for many men to act out their own conviction. Many employers felt that when they had bought a workman's time, they paid for his opinions along with it. The ballot was thrown in as a kind of trading stamp.

There are a great many voters who would never have the courage to vote publicly on the losing side. They would quickly vote against their own pocketbook and their own judgment,

Sam Sanderson Says:



That some people just found out Saturday night how many Republicans there really are.

than have their friends know that they failed to pick the winner.

The new methods of voting came hard to the bosses. They valued the privilege of having a checker stand by the ballot box and make a list of the political sheep and goats, discernible by the form or color of the tickets that they bore.

The vote buyer plies his trade under adverse circumstance now. The man who is low enough to sell out to one party might just as well sell to both while he is about it, and half the time he does.

Fall House-Cleaning.

Occasional comments in contemporary newspapers show a state of unrest due to this semi-annual festival. Journalistic thinkers wobble a little when the dust cloths get over the writing desk, when you have to eat from a packing case in the laundry, while the whacks of the carpet sound intermittently from the back yard.

The newspapers have never upheld the function of house-cleaning. As the majority of newspaper offices are only cleaned up twice a year when the insurance man comes around, the weekly sweeping day in the home seems adequate to the writer people without a semi-annual revolution.

At the risk of offending the traditions of the craft, this newspaper will venture a word on the side of the housewife.

It is certainly a dirty age. Many towns that once had as pure air as a mountain top are now a smutch of soft coal. Five hundred times a day a passing motor car sends its baptism of street dust through every opening. Perhaps after all, when you consider that the family clothes have a bath once a week, the housewife may be right in feeling that a human dwelling should have its semi-annual scrub.

Wherefore brethren, chasten your hearts and accept the handout meekly in the laundry.

Borah's Tribute.

Senator Borah, of Idaho, who was one of Col. Roosevelt's strongest supporters, but who refused to follow the Colonel into the third term party, recently paid the following tribute to the President:

"President Taft is a safe, sound, conscientious and honest executive. His frankness is the opposite of cuteness to mislead the public and begot the issues. Calm reflection upon his administration will show the President to have been fearless, progressive and thoughtful of the people's interest.

"If the voters in their wisdom, now in time of so great prosperity, feel that they can risk a change from this condition by casting their ballots for a Democratic administration they have the power to do so.

"The sober second thought of a great people of this most prosperous country should bring about the serious reflection that a change of administration from the party of progress and prosperity is undesirable and unwarranted."

No, dear reader, smoke consumers were not invented until after the Cleveland administration. In those days the stacks on factories did not emit enough smoke to smudge a handkerchief. Notice the difference today?

The New York Sun says Senator Mr. Roosevelt is the first president of the United States to characterize as "liars" most of the public men with whom he has been associated.

At any rate, the defeated candidates who toured the country in a windmill campaign will have one grand satisfaction. There will always be room for them in vaudeville.

True, the cost of living is high, but not high enough to induce American

workingmen to emigrate to Europe, where nothing is lower except wages.

Now that the two great conventions are things of the past you do not hear the cry for a third party—or a third term either.

If you are becoming tired of the bustle and whirl of the mills, and factories, and railroads try Dr. Wilson's favorite antidote.

It is the workingman that can least afford a change of administration of national affairs at such a time as this.

Let's all be good boosters for the grand old party. The knockers' place is in the dump of the Bull Moosers.

The Democratic party is making the election in two divisions. Let's lick 'em in detail, like we used to do.

The Democrats are absolutely certain of one thing; they want the offices, and they want 'em quick.

Another sign of prosperity is the increasing seriousness of the car shortage.

TALKS TO CHEERING AUDIENCE OF 3,000

Continued from Page 1

Mr. Watson arose to speak he was again cheered for some time.

"At the Beginning," said the former congressman, "I should remember and refer to the services of the vice-president of the United States whose funeral was held today (Saturday.) In the midst of the political rancor of this campaign, it becomes us to pause and remember the usefulness of him who has been taken by the angel of death. Regardless of party affiliation, all of us can proclaim him an excellent official, a good man and a good citizen.

"It has been said that this party of ours is not progressive. When I see the first voters here tonight in front of me and the old soldiers, who went out from homes and loved ones they never expected to see again to preserve the union, clasping hands across the chasm of fifty years of almost uninterrupted prosperity, I can but recall some of the progressiveness of the Republican party.

"The Republican party was progressive when it assailed slavery; it was progressive when it demanded its promises should be redeemed with good money; it was progressive when it stood for the gold standard and saved the country from repudiating itself; it was progressive when it launched into the war with Spain. History affords no parallel in the world of nations when it took on itself the burden of that war, not because of any war but because it was the will of God. It was progressive when it made sure the Panama canal. All the progress of the last fifty years has come about through the legislative, executive and judicial power of the Republican party.

"The Republican party this year can prove its right to win in the coming election just as it has in former campaigns," said Mr. Watson by way of beginning. "And I will try to give this proof to you this evening. I want to talk to your judgment not your passion. We should view this campaign in the light of patriotism and not prejudice.

"This year the Republican party as usual is assailed by the Democrats on one side and socialists on the other as in days gone by. But there is a new party attacking us from the rear, and for the first time we are having to fight a three cornered battle.

"But one real issue separates us from the Democratic party, and that is the tariff issue as of old. Either William Howard Taft or Woodrow Wilson will be the next president of the United States. Please bear that in mind. No other man can win.

"So the principal question is that of tariff policy. It costs us a billion dollars a year to pay the expenses of this government, and it is a billion dollar country, made so great by the policies of the Republican party."

Mr. Watson then launched into a discussion of the difference between a tariff for revenue only, and a protective tariff showing that protec-

tion keeps the American laborer out of competition with the cheaply paid labor of Europe.

"Protective tariff is to protect the laborer," he continued. "Capital needs no protection. It can take care of itself. You never heard of a million dollars going over the hills to the poor house, did you?

"In fifty years the wealth of the country under Republican rule has increased from sixteen billions to 141 billions of dollars, and the average wage of the American laborer has more than doubled from \$286 to \$526 a year.

"The United States as a nation is the wonder and admiration of the entire world. We are prosperous, labor is employed, wages are high, and prices are good, why should we want a change?

"In 1892 when we were in a tidal wave of prosperity we wanted a change and got it. The Wilson law enacted in 1892 cost us more in reduction of prices and value than the civil war. Do you want us to do it over again? Today the democratic party has the same policy, the same platform and another Wilson.

"In 1892 we were on the purple heights of power, the wonder and admiration of the world. In another year we were down in the bogs of despair. And nothing was changed but the tariff policy.

"My friends, our Democratic brethren blow hot in the country and cold in the city. They tell the farmer he pays too much for his manufactured goods and they will lower the price. They tell the man in the city he pays too much for his farm products and they will cut the cost. You cannot lower the price of one commodity without affecting all. We depend on one another.

"When things were cheap we did not have the money to buy them with. The farmers couldn't make a living and left their crops unharvested in the fields. The laborers walked the highways unemployed and could not earn enough to keep them from starvation. Clothing was cheap, yet many were unclad. Why the men even had to back around when they walked.

"Tonight there is not a Coxey's or a soup house under the flag. And yet we kick. These troubles of ours always come in prosperous times. It was so in 1892. All of us couldn't get the postoffice, some of us had run for office and been defeated.

"Isn't it strange that every four years we have to go around and hit people on the heads to get them to eat beefsteak instead of soup for the next four years.

"It's a question of labor from core to skin and from skin to core, it's a question of wages.

"In 1900 the Democrats said it was not the tariff; we needed a change in the money system. Then that man stood on his vineyard porch at Canton, O., and talked to the multitudes that came to hear him, and his voice echoed across the hills of the continent. William McKinley of sacred memory said open the mills and not the mints."

Mr. Watson was talking of the coincidence that another Wilson-similar in every respect to the Wilson who wrote the tariff measure that brought despair to this country in 1892—was at the head of campaign when someone in the audience yelled for Wilson.

"Wilson, that's all you should say," replied Mr. Watson and the crowd set up a cheer for Watson and Taft.

"Why in those days we sold corn for eighteen cents," he continued.

"Fourteen," yelled a man in the audience, and another said twelve.

"And we sold rye for fifteen," continued the speaker.

"For ten," interrupted a man in the crowd.

"I didn't know it was that bad," said Mr. Watson. "And we sold steers for \$3.50 to \$4.00"

"I sold some for two," said another farmer in the audience.

"Horses were cheap as dirt," he continued, "and mules, look what the Democrats did to their own emblem.

"I remember that my friend George Young had a farm to sell. He begged me to take it at forty dollars an acre. It has since sold for \$200. I could give you the name of the farm if you desire it. I would have bought it, but, confound it, I didn't have the forty.

"What's wrong with this country? All conditions of prosperity are present yet there is disturbance, uneasiness and unrest. It is not a material condition, it is a mental condition. There has been too much muckraking, too much yellow journalism, too much

stirring up of the multitudes and tramping down of principles to get into office.

"Brother Democrat, if we gave you undisputed possession of the government tonight what could you do to give us greater prosperity or add greater honor and glory to the flag?

"Brother bull mooser, what would you do tonight to give us greater prosperity? You say you would not change the tariff, money or trust policy. Initiative, referendum, recall, universal primaries, these are means and not an end, they are not policies of government.

"What's the matter? Because some fellows are in office and others are not. Beveridge says pass prosperity around. God said let there be light but I can not see the connection."

"He means pass it to him," shouted a man in the crowd.

"Not if I can help it," replied Mr. Watson. "Passing prosperity around consists of electing Beveridge to office."

Mr. Watson then read a statement made by Beveridge in a speech during this campaign, clipped from the Indianapolis Star, his official organ. It is as follows:

"The nation's wealth is great, but it is in the hands of the few who stole it. Because you do not wear purple and fine linen, and fare sumptuously every day, it is not your fault, but of those who have despoiled you. You are as much entitled as any one to automobiles and yachts and palaces by the sea, and retinues of servants, and assuredly these things would be yours if you had your dues. These good things belong to you, and if our party is successful we shall despoil the Egyptians who have despoiled you, and you will come into your own."

"If we elect Beveridge," he commented, "we are told everyone will have yachts and palaces by the sea and automobiles and retinues of servants. But friends, if we all have these things, who are going to be the servants? That's not Republicanism, not Democracy, that's anarchy. Never was there made a statement that was so calculated to stir up the envy of man. Never has there been such a lot of guffmudgery spend out on an audience as there was in that assertion."

Mr. Watson continued to ridicule that statement during the rest of his speech. He assailed Beveridge for his demagogic appeals for free school books, change in the road tax law and child legislation.

Mr. Watson recalled that Elmer Bassett forced Beveridge to say during a speech at Shelbyville, in order to justify his position, that it would be constitutional to make railroads pay their road taxes in cash and farmers work out the same tax. That, Mr. Watson declared, is class legislation and known by Beveridge to be unconstitutional.

"Over at Greenfield this afternoon," he continued, "my friend Chauncey Duncan, candidate for the State senate, put the same question to Beveridge and he evaded answering it by chiding the questioner about the red tie he wore. If we had a few more days we would make him take that assertion back or show he is not a fit man to be governor."

Mr. Watson said there was no need for child legislation in Indiana because we now have a good law. He said Beveridge wanted to raise the age from 14 to 16 and declared his opposition to it for just reasons he stated.

In regard to free school books he asked if it were not better for each parents to buy school books where they are able, rather than every taxpayer being taxed for pay for school books. There is now a law providing for the trustee not only to buy books but to clad children whose parents can not send them to school.

Mr. Watson pointed out Beveridge was as big a boss as ever thrived in any State, citing the 1910 campaign when he dominated the party to the exclusion of all other. The former congressman said his offers to speak for the ticket then were spurned, and that a man was sent here to try to prevent him from closing the campaign in Rushville the last Saturday before election as he did this year.

Mr. Watson briefly summed up the charge that Taft's nomination was stolen, recalled that he had defied Beveridge or any other Moose to debate the question before any audience, but they had ignored it because they know they had no case. He referred to Roosevelt's attitude, how all of his leaders, with a few exceptions, had left him.

High Standards

One reason why this bank has become a large factor in the important financial and commercial affairs of Rushville is that

It has always maintained a high standard of ideals.

It has confined its business to strictly legitimate channels, and has always sought stability before profit.

It has won the confidence of banks and business men.

It welcomes accounts with business men and individuals who recognize the value of high standards in business.

The Rush County National Bank

Rushville, Indiana

Capital\$100,000.00
Surplus.....\$100,000.00

L. LINK, President.
W. E. HAVENS, Vice Pres.
L. M. SEXTON, Cashier.
V. R. SPURGEON, Ass't Cashier.

PERSONAL POINTS

—Mrs. Harriet Plough visited in Indianapolis today.

—Denning Havens was a visitor in Indianapolis today.

—Mrs. Blanche Wolverton of Connersville spent Sunday in this city.

—Thomas Madden, Sr., of Indianapolis spent Sunday here with relatives.

—Miss Zama Rakestraw of Indianapolis spent Sunday here with friends.

—Miss Gladys Lockhart of Connersville was the guest of friends here over Sunday.

—Perry Oneal of Indiana University is here to attend the funeral of his grandfather, James Oneal.

—Clarence Smallwood of Connersville was the guest of friends and relatives here over Sunday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Hilary Haydon have returned from Bloomington where they have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Smith, who accompanied them home for a visit here with Mrs. Smith's mother, Mrs. J. Feudner.

TONIGHT

"A Question of Hair"
Solax Comedy

"U.S. Army Maneuvers"

"A Piece of Ambergris"
(IMP)

"Maud Muller," Tomorrow

Palace Theatre

New Princess

W. F. Easley Owner and Mgr.

Orma Hawley in
"The Deceivers"
A Dandy Comedy Drama
(LUBIN)

"The Laird's Daughter"
A Beautiful Drama
(SELIG)

Tomorrow
"An Aeroplane Love Affair"

5c ADMISSION 5c

—Miss Alice Winship and Buford Winship will leave Wednesday for an extended stay in Orchard Park, New Mexico.

—Miss Nettie Clark returned to Indianapolis this morning after spending Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Clark.

—Mr. and Mrs. Will Doyle and daughter and Mrs. Mary Mellwain returned to Indianapolis last evening after a brief visit here with relatives.

—Louis Mauzy, a student in Indiana University, is home from Bloomington to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Mauzy until after the election.

—Mr. and Mrs. Sherman and Mrs. Mary Ford returned last evening from a short visit with Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Black in Muncie. Mrs. Black was formerly Miss Nina Ford of this city.

—Miss Alma Green was brought home Sunday from Oxford, O., where she has been a student in Western College for Women, on account of a severe illness from which she has been suffering several days. Her brother, Dr. Lowell M. Green, went after her.

—Mrs. Margaret I. Bussell and two granddaughters, the Misses Grace and Lois Bussell have returned from an extended trip through the west. While in Granger, Wash., they visited Mrs. Bussell's sister. They brought back with them some specimens of fruit raised in the Maehnae valley in Washington by their relatives there. They stopped off at points in Nebraska, Iowa, North Dakota, and were as far west as Seattle, Wash. They have been away since Aug. 12.

SOCIETY NOTES.

The Elite club was entertained this afternoon by Mrs. Sarah Giffin at her home in North Morgan street.

The Ladies Aid Society of the St. Paul M. E. church will be entertained tomorrow afternoon by Mrs. Pinkney Derringer, Mrs. Rebecca Johnson and Mrs. Cora Humes at the home of Mrs. Humes.

The engagement of Miss Ruth S. Harrison, daughter of Mrs. Pauline Harrison of Evansville, and Myron R. Green of Indianapolis, son of Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Green of this city, was announced at a party in Evansville last Friday evening, given by one of the bride-elect's friends. The wedding will take place in December. Miss Harrison is well known by a number of young women in Rushville by reason of having attended Indiana University at the same time they did. Mr. Green is now dramatic editor of the Indianapolis Star.

"Antony and Cleopatra" was the subject of Mrs. May W. Donnan's lecture Saturday afternoon. Shakespeare admittedly is inexhaustible but there is so much original force and feeling in Mrs. Donnan's treatment of these familiar themes that her subjects always appear fresh and interesting. This Mrs. Donnan said, is one of Shakespeare's most powerful plays and one in which he is supposed to have revealed something of his own experience though he has portrayed the Antony and Cleopatra of tradition deriving his Roman history, characterization and description from Plutarch. Mrs. Donnan's criticism of Cleopatra is well taken that while we must condemn her grievous faults without being puritanical, she never loses her eternal fascination for us and it is the combination of splendid qualities with base ones that makes her the wonderful creation she is and puts the play in a different class from any one of the great tragedies.

Discussing present literary tendencies Mrs. Donnan said that of all the forms in which the day's problem are brought to our consideration none is so popular as plays; plays of all sorts, but most of them serious and sociological. One of the most notable books of the year is "The Promised Land" by the young Russian Jewess, Mary Antin. It is the life story of an eager, observant, aspiring and always original young woman whose formative years have been divided between the stifling restrictions of her own country and the glorious freedom of America. Educational advantages and the intellectual and spiritual opportunities enjoyed by the children of new-comers to America is strikingly in contrast with the cruelty, hardship and injustice of this our land.

Test by Test, Fair Promise 5c Cigar

SEASON STARTED WITH BIG VICTORY

Shelbyville Easterns Easy For Independents, Who Win by Score of 34 to 0.

STRAIGHT FOOT BALL USED

The Rushville Independent football teams started the season yesterday with a 34 to 0 victory over the Shelbyville Easterns. The game was devoid of any sensational plays and straight foot ball was used for the most part. The Rushville team surprised even the most ardent supporters by the kind of game they put up and with a little practice the team will develop into a wonderful machine.

After the first few minutes of play Braum scored on a long run around left end. Before the quarter was over Braum repeated the trick. Gunning kicked both goals. The Shelbyville line failed to hold and the Rushville backs had easy sailing. In the second quarter Todd got away for a long run and scored. The half ended 20 to 0.

At the beginning of the second half Shelbyville took a brace and displayed the best foot ball, holding the locals scoreless in the third quarter. During this period Shelbyville's line held and they made first down more often than all the rest of the game. In the final period Todd added two more touchdowns and the game ended 34 to 0.

POLICE RUN DOWN SUPPOSED ROBBERY

Story Coming From Jersey City Concerning Burglars Proves to be Only a Grapevine.

HIRED HAND ENTERS HOME

The police steered on to a grapevine Saturday night and put in an hour hunting for a "burglar." Word came to the officers that the home of John Boyd in Jersey City was being robbed and as Mr. and Mrs. Boyd were known to be out of the city the story seemed reasonable. Securing two automobiles, and a number of assistants the officers hurried to the scene.

The house was dark and seeing nothing of the robber the police started in pursuit. After an hour's search they returned to this city and in the meantime it developed that the "burglar" was a man employed by Mr. Boyd, who had entered the house to secure some of his possessions and the whole affair was a grapevine.

FIRST FOOT BALL ACCIDENT

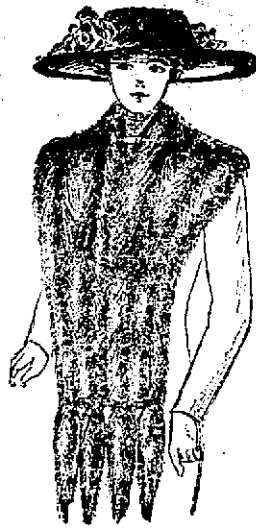
Bert Osborn Sustain Dislocated Shoulder in Game Yesterday.

Bert Osborn, living south of the city, sustained a dislocated shoulder yesterday, while playing foot ball at the South main street grounds. The accident occurred near the close of the game and was the second time during the contest that his shoulder had been out of place. The first time it caused him no trouble the final dislocation required the attention of a physician. It was his left shoulder and the arm will be useless for probably ten days.

ELECTION RETURNS.

Election returns will be received tomorrow night at the sheriff's office. The Republican central committee has contracted with the Western Union for a special wire to be run to the court house and the returns will be posted as soon as received. Besides the state and national election, returns from Rush county will also be given.

If You Have Furs To Get By All Means Buy Them Now



If you want something exclusive in style and thoroughly dependable in quality and at the lowest prices of the season you should come here now.

You'll see an unusually fine display of all the most wanted furs at particularly inviting prices, if you come here now.

Notice these special prices, then come and inspect the furs.

Many sets of Furs in natural colors, which are very good this season, \$20 to \$60 a set.

Fur Coats, excellent new style \$50.00 and up

Jap Mink Sets, \$25 up to \$50
Separate Muffs and Collars, \$2.00 up to \$35.00

You Must Come and See For Yourself the Advantages of Buying Now

PHONE 1143.

223 NORTH MAIN ST.

PICTORIAL REVIEW PATTERNS.

Kennedy & Casady

MAGAZINE SUBSCRIPTIONS

Do Not Wait Too Late

If you are going to renew your subscription to your favorite magazine, "Do it Now."

Subscriptions placed in December and January are longer in starting than those placed in other months. The publishers handle more subscriptions in these two months than any time during the year and subscribers should

SUBSCRIBE AT ONCE

We handle subscriptions for any periodical published, either foreign or domestic.

Subscriptions placed with us are sent to the publishers the same day and are filed and started to you by the publishers just as soon as possible.

HARGROVE & MULLIN

News Dealers.

We give you a receipt which is a copy of your subscription and guarantee your satisfaction. 196t26

FOR SALE

Best Michigan Salt, \$1.20 per barrel. C. W. Hinkle & Co. 174tf

Pay Gas Bill.

Don't forget to pay you gas bill by Nov. 12 and avoid penalty. Rushville Natural Gas Co. 260t22

Smoked Ham 17c. and skinned smoked Shoulder 13 1/2c. at Kramers Meat Market. 194tf

AMUSEMENTS

The Princess will show as the first picture a Lubin comedy, "The Deceivers." It is said to be a very clever comedy. "The Laird's Daughter" is a beautiful Selig drama. Tomorrow night a feature picture, "An Aeroplane Love Affair" will be shown.

The Palace will show the usual two pictures tonight. "A Question of Hair" is the title of a Solax comedy. The other is a two subject Imp. The first is an educational "U. S. Army Maneuvers." The other is called "A Piece of Ambergris."

"There could be no better medicine than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. My children were all sick with whooping cough. One of them was in bed, had a high fever and was coughing up blood. Our doctor gave them Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the first dose eased them, and three bottles cured them," says Mrs. R. A. Donaldson, of Lexington, Miss. For Sale by all dealers. (Advertisement.)

PIANO TUNING

D. E. ROBERTS:
15 Years Practical Experience
in Rushville Once Each Month
Headquarters at
Abercrombie's Jewelry Store

Our Picture Framing

is exclusive in workmanship, color, combinations and selection of fine Mouldings. Our prices cannot be excelled. Ask your neighbor about the work we did for her.

G. P. McCarty Co.

Wall Paper, Paints, Glass, Window Shades, etc.

OUR GARMENT SECTION

merits the attention and consideration of all wise and critical shoppers. The diversity of its offerings, the multitude of its styles, and the magnetism of its prices, bespeak a lively interest when you see these attractive garments. The showing is so large—so much beyond your expectations—that justice to yourself, bids your early inspection.



What is best, what is different and exclusive in tailored suits, coats, skirts, dresses, evening coats and evening gowns you will find here. One look has sufficed to convince many satisfied purchasers of this statement's truthfulness. Their appearance and the pleasure they are deriving from the wearing are a better advertisement than can be conveyed by type. The peer of the garment field—"Wooltex"—is featured here.

The month of rainy, damp, cold days is at hand, bringing with it the demand for a good, serviceable Raincoat. To emphasize the superiority of this department, we will offer for one week only, 50 Raincoats, ranging from size 6 to 44 for \$2.19

The Corner Store THE MAUZY CO. The Daylight Store

6% Dividends on Savings

Building Association No. 10
Open Saturday from 6 to 8 p. m.
Office at Farmers Trust Co.

WM. FLANNAGAN, AUCTIONEER



Farm sales and good stock a specialty. Call or write for sale dates at my expense.

CONNERSVILLE, INDIANA



Traction Company

March 24, 1912

AT RUSHVILLE			
PASSENGER SERVICE			
West Bound	East Bound	West Bound	East Bound
5:20	5:55	6:40	7:15
6:07	6:32	7:27	8:02
6:44	7:19	8:04	8:39
7:09	7:44	8:29	9:04
7:34	8:09	8:54	9:29
7:59	8:34	9:19	9:54
8:24	8:59	9:44	10:19
8:49	9:24	10:09	10:44
9:14	9:49	10:34	11:09
9:39	10:14	10:59	11:34
10:04	10:39	11:24	12:04
10:29	11:04	11:49	12:29
10:54	11:29	12:04	12:54
11:19	11:54	12:29	1:29
11:44	12:19	12:54	2:04
12:09	12:44	1:19	2:29
12:34	1:09	1:44	3:04
12:59	1:34	2:09	3:29

Light face, A. M. Dark face, P. M.
*Limited. †Connerville Dispatch.
‡Starts from Rushville.
Additional Trains Arrive:
From East, 9:00; 11:57.
From West, 3:30

EXPRESS SERVICE
Express for delivery at stations
carried on all passenger trains
during the day.
The Adams Express Co. operates
over our lines.

Freight Service
West Bound, Lv. 9:49 am ex. Sunday
East Bound, Lv. 5:46 am ex. Sunday

At the Time You Need It

Loans made on furniture, pianos, horses, etc. No delay. Some people are backward about calling for money the first time. You need not hesitate about calling on us. The same courteous treatment to everyone. All dealings confidential. If you need money for coal or winter clothing, consult us.

If you need money fill out the following blank, cut it out and mail it to us and our agent will call on you.

Your Name.....

Address.....

Loans made in all parts of the city.

We give you a written statement of your contract. We allow you extra time without charge in case of sickness or loss of work.

Richmond Loan Co.

Colonial Building, Room 8
Richmond, Ind.

DR. HALE H. PEARSEY

has opened a new dental parlor at 231 North Morgan street. With Dr. R. T. Blount.
Phones—Office, 1440.
House, 1510.

DR. J. B. KINSINGER

Osteopathic Physician
Office in Kramer Building, Rushville, Ind. Outside calls answered and treatment given in the home.

Office hours—8:30 to 11:30 a. m.

1:30 to 4:30 p. m.

Phones—Office, 1587; residence, 1281.

Consultation at office free.

EYE EAR NOSE AND THROAT GLASSES FURNISHED



DR. F. G. HACKLEMAN

THE NEW EDISON RECORDS

are indestructible and can be delivered to your home by express or mail. Send For Our Free Catalogue.
L. S. LEVY'S MUSIC STORE
Indianapolis, Ind.

THE ROOT OF EVIL

BY
THOMAS DIXON



Copyright, 1911.

by Thomas Dixon

CHAPTER IV. The Forgotten Man.

THE next day Stuart called a messenger and sent a note to Nan asking her to forget the ugly memory of the night before and fulfill her promise to go to the country when the rain ceased. If it continued to rain he would call at 8. He told the boy to wait for an answer. The messenger returned promptly and handed back his note unopened.

Of course she was bluffing. She knew she had the whip hand for the moment and meant to use it. "Well, two can play this game," he muttered. "We'll see who wins!"

He turned to his work with grim resolution. For two weeks the battle between pride and love raged in silence. Each day he rose with the hope of some sign from Nan, and each day he died in a more desperate and sullen despair. At last he began to question the wisdom of his course. Should he not fight his battle at closer range? What if he were in reality engaged in a mortal combat with Bivens' millions for Nan's soul and body? The idea was too hideous to be thinkable.

And yet the more he thought of the scene of their parting, the more sickening became the conviction that her anger at his use of an ugly word was merely a subterfuge to break their engagement. The perfidy and cruelty of such an act was too hideous for belief—yet if the thing were possible!

One evening he made up his mind to go at once and fight for his old place beside her on any terms she would grant. He seized his hat and opened the door. To his amazement Bivens was leisurely ascending the steps. Stuart stepped into the parlor and sat down with resignation to await his entrance.

To his amazement he heard the maid say: "This way, sir. Dr. Woodman asks you to wait for him in the library."

So Bivens was calling on his arch enemy by appointment. Stuart replaced his hat on the rack and returned to his room, determined to await the outcome of this extraordinary visit.

On Dr. Woodman's entrance Bivens rose to greet him with unusual animation and unmistakable good will. When the doctor grasped the outstretched hand a more striking contrast could scarcely be imagined—the one big, bluff, jovial, sunny, powerful and straight of figure as he was always straight in speech and manner; the financier small and weak in body, his movements sinuous, flexible, with eyes that never looked at the man he was talking to, yet always seemed to

DO IT NOW

Rushville People Should Not Wait Until It Is Too Late.

The appalling death-rate from kidney disease is due largely to the fact that the little kidney troubles are usually neglected until they become serious. The slight symptoms often give place to chronic disorders and the sufferer may slip gradually into some serious form of kidney complaint.

If you suffer from backache, headaches, dizzy spells; if the kidney secretions are irregular of passage and unnatural in appearance, do not delay. Help the kidneys at once.

Doan's Kidney Pills are especially for kidney disorders—they act where others fail. Over one hundred thousand people have recommended them. Here's a case at home:

M. Conner, 1001 N. Harrison St., Rushville, Ind., says: "I used Doan's Kidney Pills with excellent results and am glad to recommend them. I had backache and pains through my loins and my kidneys were irregular in action. Hearing about Doan's Kidney Pills, I used them. They stopped the pains and regulated the kidney action."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

NO MORE DISTRESS AFTER EATING

It's such a simple matter to get rid of stomach distress that its great prevalence can only be accounted for by carelessness.

Keep a few MI-O-NA Stomach Tablets with you all the time and take one with or after meals. They will surely prevent fermentation, heaviness, sourness or any stomach distress.

No matter how long or how severely you have suffered from Indigestion, Gastritis, Catarrh of the Stomach or Dyspepsia, MI-O-NA Stomach Tablets if taken regularly will end your misery and put your stomach in first class shape, or money back.

Large box for 50 cents at F. B. Johnson & Co., and druggists everywhere. Free trial treatment from Booth's MI-O-NA, Buffalo, N. Y. (Advertisement.)

bear. That is your motto. I simply refuse. To you the city is merely a big flock of sheep to be sheared, while to me its myriad sounds are the music of a divine oratorio, throbbing with tears and winged with laughter. I call the people my neighbors—these hurrying throngs who pass me daily. Because they are my neighbors they are my friends. Their rights are sacred. I will not rob, maim or kill them, and I will defend them against those who would."

Bivens merely shrugged his shoulders and answered in measured, careful tones:

"Then I suppose I'll have to fight you whether I wish it or not?"

"Yes, and you knew that before you came here tonight. You have heard that I am beginning a suit for damages against your company."

Bivens laughed in spite of himself, bit his lips and looked at the doctor.

"I assure you I had heard nothing of



"The trust is here to stay." such a suit, and now that I have it does not even interest me."

"Then may I ask the real reason for this urgent call?"

"You may," was the cheerful response. "And I will answer frankly. I am engaged to be married to Miss Nan Primrose. The wedding is to occur in a few weeks. In some way she has learned of a possible conflict between your interests and mine and asked me to settle them."

To be continued.

SYMPTOMS OF CONSUMPTION

Yield to Vinol.

The medical profession does not believe that consumption is inherited, but a person may inherit a weakness or tendency to that disease.

A prominent citizen of Evansville, Ind., writes: "I was ill for five months with a pulmonary trouble, and had the best of doctors; I had hemorrhages and was in a very bad way. Through the advice of a friend I tried Vinol, and I feel that it saved my life. It is all you recommend it to be. I believe it is the greatest medicine on earth. I have advised others to try Vinol, and they have had the same results." (Name furnished on request.)

Vinol soothes and heals the inflamed surfaces and allays the cough, Vinol creates an appetite, strengthens the digestive organs and gives the patient strength to throw off incipient pulmonary diseases.

Try a bottle of Vinol with the understanding that your money will be returned if it does not help you. F. B. Johnson & Co., Druggists, Rushville, Ind.

BREWERY BOSSES ARE IN CONTROL

State Legislature Makes Fake Cuts to Reduce Total of Appropriations.

Gov. Marshall and Legislature Held in Grasp of Taggart, Fleming and Other Democratic Ringsters.

That the state government of Indiana during the term of Gov. Marshall has been dominated by Tom Taggart, Steve Fleming and other ring and brewery bosses is evident in the administration of the state's affairs since the last session of the Democratic Legislature.

The Democrats have created five new circuit and superior judges each at \$3,500 a year, and three new prosecutors at \$500 a year each, all payable out of the state treasury.

In 1911 the Democrats attempted by fake cuts in appropriations to reduce the total of their appropriation bill below that of 1909. One of their "cuts," a pure fake, was in the appropriation made for judges. In spite of the fact that the salaries are fixed by law, and must be paid, the appropriation for judges was cut down \$30,000. This was merely one of the many fake cuts to reduce the total.

The Democrats put on four new bank examiners at \$2,500 a year each, and incidentally, in doing so, passed a "ripper" bill giving the Democratic auditor of state authority to remove the old examiners without cause, on political grounds.

Three building and loan examiners were created, at \$1,800 a year each, with traveling expenses attached, as in the cases of the bank examiners. Several other small jobs were created for Taggart underlings, but all with expenses attached.

The new Democratic bureau of inspection has a chief inspector at \$4,000 a year. To this job, a labor expert's place, or a factory man's work, Marshall appointed a lawyer who had but just emerged from the fattest office in Indianapolis, the prosecutor's office in Marion county. This inspector has a stenographer at \$900 a year. There is a factory inspector at \$2,000 a year, a \$900 stenographer, and five assistants at \$1,200 each, with traveling expenses.

There is the mine inspector and the boiler inspector, each at \$2,000 a year, each with a \$900 stenographer, and each with five assistants at \$1,200 a year, and all with traveling expenses unlimited, and with office expenses unrestrained. It is impossible to fix the real maximum to which this unbridled department may go this year. It cost more than \$11,000 the first three months of its career, and took in for that time about \$3,000 in fees, where it was expected to collect \$75,000.

Then there were the bills forced through by Fleming, the boss brewer, on behalf of county commissioners and county auditors in big, favored wet counties. There was the bill urged by the board of accounts under which township trustees and township assessors were given two extra years of office in return for their acquiescence in the work of the rough accounting board.

There was the bill enabling the state oil inspector to name two chief deputies and enabling him to double the force of deputies in the state, all for political purposes, the jobs being notoriously and openly placed by Steve Fleming, the Fort Wayne brewer boss, and very largely placed among his saloon friends.

Also there is the scandal and infamy of the fish and game department, where a relative of Steve Fleming held sway under Commissioner Miles and deliberately nullified the sealing law in an attempt to build up a Fleming-Marshall political machine to be used in making Indiana national Democratic delegates for Marshall for president. Seining permits were allowed to Democratic workers all over the state, and these seining permits were put in the hands of supervisors appointed by Steve Fleming. The "supervisors" had the power, under Marshall and Miles, to set aside a state law, to give permits to men to seine where the law said no seining should be done, and to use the favor of the Democratic administration in an effort to popularize and strengthen, politically, the Democratic governor, who itched to be promoted.

Under Democrats the number of deputy fish and game wardens was tremendously increased, and the expenses of the fish and game department, always formerly far under the receipts of the department, ran more than \$9,000 in excess of receipts in 1911. This was true in spite of the fact that the many deputies made it possible to take in more than \$60,000 in that year.

Marshall went into office demanding the abolishment of the office of state gas inspector. Was it abolished? It was not. The salary of the gas inspector was increased and it is now in the hands of a Democrat of the Fleming school. Governor Marshall cried out for the abolishment of the office of state geologist. Was that office abolished? It was not. It cost more in 1911 than ever before. Marshall demanded that the office of state statistician be done away with. Was that office abandoned? It was not. It is costing some \$4,000 more on the year than ever before and it is in no danger of being abolished.

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REGISTRATION LAW A FARCE

Democratic Measure Without Safeguards of Any Kind—Advantage to Corrupt Machine.

In enacting a registration of voters law the Democrats attained the height of the ridiculous and made themselves obnoxious to the taxpayers all over the state. The registration law is without safeguards of any kind to prevent fraudulent registration. Already the Democrats in Vigo and some other counties have been exposed in a systematic game of registering fraudulent names to be used by hired repeaters at the November election.

In the first place, the honest public is given no protection under the law against the fraudulent or hired repeater who appears to register. There is no poll book holder, and no challenger under the law to see that only legitimate registration is permitted. The man who appears at the polls next November with a certificate of registration, has a prima facie case, and is awarded a distinct advantage over the honest challenger who may attempt to purge the precinct of fraud. In short, the law, as it is made, gives the corrupt machine an advantage over the honest electorate at the polls.

The item of expense, registration boards, appointed by precincts being paid under the Democratic law \$4 a day, whereas election board members get but \$2 a day for harder work, is one of the things for which the Democratic bosses who dictated the law, will have to answer. It is known that the statute was prepared by a Democrat who now sits on the supreme bench; that it was the work of the Taggart household; that it was not properly studied or intelligently passed upon by Governor Marshall, who turned it over unread to a Taggart committee which rushed it through without change. The law needs many amendments to make it fit for use for attaining honest ends. It is utterly unjust in the fact that it requires the voter to be present and register in person regardless of the distance he may be away from home. Sickness is not accepted as an excuse. The commercial traveler can not send in a certificate by mail. The government employee must make two trips home from Washington if his vote is to be recorded.

In connection with the travesty which is called a corrupt practices act, the Democratic registration law is a huge farce. Under the Democratic corrupt practices act the candidate for office can not be assessed, but he may contribute to campaign funds. He may hire "political agents," and there is no limit on the number. This means, in the last analysis, that the candidate may under the law use boodle among "political agents" by the scores, so long as he calls the floaters "political agents." Under this law political clubs may incorporate, and raise money and call the fund "membership dues." This money may be disbursed by the "treasurer" of this incorporated club. He, as "treasurer," has power to pay members of the "club" for doing political work. The members of the club may be "floaters," and the "treasurer" under the law, may give them \$2 each election day, and give each floater, with his \$2 bill, the title of "political agent."

This preposterous statute already has occasioned the incorporation of scores of Democratic political clubs, largely among the foreign element in Lake, St. Joseph, and other thickly populated counties. The object of the law thus is laid bare in advance.

Under the Democratic corrupt practices act the candidate for office can not be assessed, but he may contribute to campaign funds. He may hire "political agents," and there is no limit on the number. This means, in the last analysis, that the candidate may under the law use boodle among "political agents" by the scores, so long as he calls the floaters "political agents." Under this law political clubs may incorporate, and raise money and call the fund "membership dues." This money may be disbursed by the "treasurer" of this incorporated club. He, as "treasurer," has power to pay members of the "club" for doing political work. The members of the club may be "floaters," and the "treasurer" under the law, may give them \$2 each election day, and give each floater, with his \$2 bill, the title of "political agent."

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WHAT COMPARISONS SHOW.

Rockport Farmer Recalls Conditions in Lean Democratic Years.

Many Indiana farmers with long memories are reviving facts and figures as a basis of comparison of their personal financial condition in the last Democratic administration and during the time of President Taft, and these comparisons invariably lead the farmer to "let well enough alone" and to vote for Taft. One of these farmers lives at Rockport, and the Journal says of him:

J. M. Killian, of this city, has a record of prices of labor and farm products made during the last Democratic administration that makes very interesting reading at this time.

Jack, as he is familiarly called, was farming in Clay township at that time and kept a record of the wages paid for labor and prices received for products sold from the farm.

One of the prominent teachers of this county now worked for Mr. Killian at that time for 50 cents a day and boarded himself except for dinner. Another citizen of this county who has been successfully operating a threshing machine for a number of years worked for Mr. Killian during that distressing period for \$9 a month.

And with this cheap labor it was impossible then to make money on the farm because the laboring people in the cities were out of employment and had no money with which to buy the farmer's products, and, consequently, there was little demand for them at any price. For instance, Mr. Killian's record shows that he sold eggs at six cents a dozen and everything else at correspondingly low prices.

Mr. Killian was for Roosevelt before he bolted, but he is now for Taft. He is a Republican and believes in Republican principles. He knows by experience that they are best for the country and that the way to continue prosperity is to vote the Republican ticket.

DAILY MARKETS

The local elevators are paying the following prices for grain today, November 4, 1912.

Wheat	.....90c
Corn	.....48c
Oats	.....28c
Rye	.....60c
Timothy Seed	.....\$1.00 to \$1.50
Clover Seed	.....\$7.00 to \$8.00

The following are the ruling prices of the Rushville market, corrected to date—November 4, 1912.

POULTRY	
Geese	.....50c
Turkeys	.....10c
Spring Chickens	.....9c
Hens on foot, per pound	.....9c
Ducks	.....8c
PRODUCE	
Butter	.....15c
Eggs	.....25c

Indianapolis Grain and Livestock.
Wheat—Wagon, \$1.03; No. 2 red, \$1.05. Corn—No. 3, 61c. Oats—No. 2 white, 33½c. Hay—Baled, \$10.00 @ 12.00; timothy, \$13.00@15.00; mixed, \$10.00 @ 13.00. Cattle—\$3.00 @ 10.00. Hogs—\$5.00@8.00. Sheep—\$2.00@3.50. Lambs—\$4.00@6.50. Receipts—6,500 hogs; 900 cattle; 600 sheep.

At Cincinnati.
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.09. Corn—No. 2, 63½c. Oats—No. 2, 33½c. Cattle—\$4.00@7.50. Hogs—\$5.00@7.75. Sheep—\$1.25@3.65. Lambs—\$3.50@7.15.

At Chicago.
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.07. Corn—No. 3, 59c. Oats—No. 2, 34c. Cattle—Steers, \$4.00@11.00; stockers and feeders, \$4.00@7.50. Hogs—\$5.50@7.55. Sheep—\$3.25@4.25. Lambs—\$6.00 @ 7.20.

At St. Louis.
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.06. Corn—No. 2, 62c. Oats—No. 2, 33c. Cattle—Steers, \$5.00@11.05. Hogs—\$5.25 @ 7.50. Sheep—\$3.50@4.60. Lambs—\$1.50@7.40.

PRINCE CONSTANTINE.

Crown Prince of Greece at the Front With Troops.



GENERAL MENOCAL IS VICTORIOUS IN CUBA

Conservatives Carry All Provinces But One.

Havana, Nov. 4.—Though the count of the returns from the recent election is still incomplete, Secretary of State Sanguilly has cabled the Cuban ministers abroad that the Conservative candidate, General Menocal, carried five provinces, losing only Matanzas, and that by the narrowest of margins. The Conservatives will have a good majority in the house and thirteen out of twenty-five senators. The victors held celebrations on the Prado and in Central park. Bombs were fired, "vivas" shouted, and much enthusiasm displayed. No serious disorder is reported from any point.

PICKED WRONG MAN

Chicago Highwayman Tackles a "Cub" and Is Slain.

Chicago, Nov. 4.—Rutherford B. Cook, assistant treasurer of the Chicago Cubs baseball team, shot and fatally wounded a highwayman early Sunday morning in West Jackson boulevard in a running pistol duel in which a dozen shots were exchanged. The bandit, Edward Meyer, a wagon driver, died on the operating table at the county hospital a few minutes after being taken there in a police ambulance.

Another Niagara Suicide.

Niagara Falls, Nov. 4.—Christopher Kledehn, a member of the city fire department, committed suicide by leaping into the river and going over the American falls. A note found in his coat indicated he had planned to end his life.

Samuel H. Cramp Dead.

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 4.—Samuel H. Cramp, former president of William Cramp & Son, ship and engine building company, died at his home here Sunday night in his seventy-ninth year, of apoplexy.

TERSE TELEGRAMS

President Taft is on his way to Cincinnati today to cast his vote tomorrow.

Freight clerks and freight handlers employed by the Canadian Pacific railway are on strike.

The Chicago authorities have closed the saloon conducted by Jack Johnson, champion pugilist.

A London department store was partly destroyed by fire and several waitresses who were sleeping on the premises were killed.

Ad Wolgast, world's lightweight champion, will meet Joe Mandot at New Orleans tonight. The bout will be limited to ten rounds and there will be no decision.

Attacks on strike-breakers and damage to cars operated by them mark the strike of the motormen and conductors of the street railway system at Jacksonville, Fla.

Major General Robert Maitland O'Reilly, surgeon general of the army from 1902 to 1909, is dead at his residence at Washington of Bright's disease. He was sixty-eight years old.

Mrs. John Sharpnack of Masonville, Pa., shot and killed her husband and then killed herself. It is claimed domestic discord had existed in the Sharpnack home for several months.

An official statement as to the cause of the illness of the czarvitch says that the injuries of the heir to the Russian throne were due to a fall when he attempted to spring into a boat.

So serious has the car shortage in this country become that the Interstate commerce commissioners have published an appeal to the "railroads" and the shippers of the United States to co-operate in order to avoid serious injury to numerous industries.

SUBLIME PORTE SUES FOR PEACE

Turks Make Admission of Their Defeat.

APPLICATION FOR MEDIATION

Through the Foreign Ambassadors at Constantinople, the Turkish Government is Seeking a Way to Bring the Destructive War With the Balkan Allies to a Close and of Opening Negotiations For Peace.

London, Nov. 4.—The Turks have turned to the powers with an admission that they have been beaten and a plea for mediation, according to a message from Constantinople. This application is said to have been made to the foreign ambassadors in Constantinople and to the powers through the porte's representatives in the chancelleries of Europe. Mediation with a view to the cessation of hostilities and the opening of peace negotiations with the Balkan allies is said to be the request of the porte.

The reinforced Turks are turning on their pursuers and fighting between Istranjia and Seral, while another division is heading for Tchataldja. It is doubtful if this division, so closely pressed are they by the victorious Bulgars, can reach their goal.

In the meantime the powers are recognizing the serious situation at Constantinople. The sultan's city is filling up with fugitives from the countryside and Ottoman troops who run before the allies, and their presence serves to fan the flames of fear that run through the capital.

The Third British battleship squadron, with coal for a long voyage in the bunkers, is steaming eastward from Gibraltar. The British warships at Devonport and other places are coaled and ready. Though there is unwanted activity in and around the foreign office here, it was officially denied that the torpedo destroyer squadron that is being overhauled for immediate action at Portsmouth is preparing for any Levant cruise.

Word has been received here that King Peter of Serbia has entered with ceremony the town of Uskub, that fell to his fighting men. In the presence of great crowds who cheered enthusiastically, he embraced his sons, who have been in the thickest of the fighting. He promised the former Turkish mayor that the Turks would not be harmed under the new regime.

The Greeks took Prevesa, on the Turkish side of the entrance to the Gulf of Arta, after capturing the heights of Nikopolis, which look down on the Turkish fortress. The Turkish garrison fled, but the Greeks captured some 400. A Turkish torpedo boat in the Gulf of Arta was burned.

Four Italian battleships which have been stationed in the Aegean sea have been ordered to be ready in an emergency to embark all Italians at Constantinople, and Catholic missionaries and nuns, irrespective of nationality, and convey them to the Island of Rhodes, which is destined to be a refuge for Europeans at the first sign of disorder. It is believed that a massacre of Christians at Constantinople will surely take place if the Bulgarians enter the city.

LOODY BATTLE

Details of Terrible Rout of the Turks Now Coming in.

London, Nov. 4.—A correspondent with the Turkish army writing from Chiorli confirms the previous reports of the defeat of the Turks in the big battle with the Bulgarians, which he says was "irrevocable, terrible and appalling." He says it was followed by a rout "scarcely paralleled in history." Forty thousand of the Turkish troops, says the correspondent, have fallen and 75 per cent of the artillery was captured. Abdullah Pasha had a narrow escape from capture. The army found its way back to Chiorli by hand. The Bulgarian artillery moved down thousands of Turks during the battle.

It appears from this correspondent's story that the Bulgarians had a bad quarter of an hour's battle after capturing the town of Lule Burgas. They advanced from the railroad station a distance of four miles, and during this time passed through a depression between the hills. Here the Bulgars were tremendously mauled by Turkish shrapnel from the heights above, and when the confusion among them was at the worst Turkish cavalry, dashing from concealment and shouting "Allah! Allah!" swept like a tornado on the remnant of the Bulgars, who fled with the cavalry pursuing and riding them down. But the Turkish cavalry rode too far and came within range of the Bulgarian machine guns, which brought horses and riders to the ground in a torn and mangled mass from which few issued alive. The Turkish artillery from the outset was poorly supplied with ammunition, and what they had was practically all expended in the fighting in the morning. This resulted in the gunners being compelled to stand around their guns, unable to reply to the Bulgarian fire. Their arms were folded and they calmly awaited death with true Ottoman stoicism. They seldom had long to wait, either. It was this terrible Bulgarian shell fire, says the correspondent, that destroyed the Turkish morale.

PRINCE PETER.

He is the Youngest Son of the King of Montenegro.



GOVERNOR WILSON HURT IN AUTO MISHAP

Nominee Suffers From Painful Scalp Wound.

Princeton, N. J., Nov. 4.—Early Sunday morning Governor Wilson was injured by being thrown violently against the top of the touring car of Abram I. Elkus, in which he was returning to Princeton after making his speech at Red Bank Saturday night.

The governor and Captain McDonald, who was with him, were violently jolted from their seats and thrown against the top of the car. The governor's head struck one of the ribs. His injuries were on the left side of the top of his head and he fell back on his seat dazed by the shock. Captain McDonald suffered from a wrenching neck and a bruised head, but was not sufficiently hurt to incapacitate him.

A hasty investigation was made of the governor's condition, and it was decided to make for the home of the nearest physician. Dr. Titus was routed out of bed and a preliminary examination of the governor's wound convinced him it would not be necessary to resort to stitching. He first shaved off a fair-sized patch of hair, and then with plaster drew the wound together and discharged his patient.

Fills Engagements Today.

The remainder of the trip to Princeton, a distance of about twelve miles, was made at a more leisurely pace. The governor retired as soon as he had assured the members of his family that he had not been seriously hurt. He arose about noon Sunday, and during the afternoon received a number of callers, many of his neighbors, who had heard of the mishap, having come to inquire as to his condition and convey their sympathy.

The governor asked the newspaper men not to let exaggerated reports of his injuries get abroad. He said that he felt fully restored from the effects of the shaking up, and anticipated no serious consequences whatever. He will, however, wear a big patch of plaster on his head for some time to come. The governor was able to keep his engagements to speak in Passaic and Paterson today.

The Colonel's Closing Speeches.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Nov. 4.—Colonel Roosevelt spent the Sabbath quietly. In the morning he went to church for the first time since he was injured, motoring down to the village. Today Colonel Roosevelt winds up his campaigning with two speeches in this county. At 3 o'clock he went to Mincola, the county seat, for a meeting there, and this evening he will address his fellow townsmen here at what will be a packed meeting in the little theater.

PROBABLY IN TROUBLE

American Aeronauts Who Landed in Russia No Doubt in Jail.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 4.—George M. Meyers, president of the Kansas City Aero club, has received a cablegram from John Watts, American aeronaut, who has been missing since he sailed from Stuttgart, Germany, last Sunday. The message said: "Both well and free."

The cablegram was dated Pskov, capital of the Russian province of that name, situated on a large lake about midway between Riga and St. Petersburg. Mr. Meyers says the cable did not come in the code agreed upon between him and Watts, and he believes Watts and Arthur Atherholt have been imprisoned.

Thought They Were Marauders.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 4.—Miss Mabelle Dunn, twenty years old, daughter of W. E. Dunn, president of the Citizens National bank of Noblesville, Ind., was shot and probably fatally injured with a party of young folks coon hunting near Maysville, Ky. The party was passing through the farm of Beat Galt, and thinking they were marauders, he fired on them.

A SAILOR'S LIFE AND ITS PERILS

Here's a Man Who Wouldn't Say Die.

DESPERATE FIGHT WITH SEA

With His Ship Broken Up in a Furious Gale, His Crew Gone Overboard, and With Little Hope Left, Captain Godfrey Fought on With the Waves and Finally Was Brought to the Shore.

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 4.—Sole survivor of the crew of the three-masted schooner John Maxwell, Captain Frederick Godfrey, snatched from death just as he had given up all hope, is being cared for by the life-savers of New Inlet station on the North Carolina coast.

Captain Godfrey saw six of his crew go to their death after his ship hit the beach early Saturday morning, and he clung to first one piece of the vessel and then another as it was torn to pieces by the fury of the gale and the high seas.

He lashed himself to the one remaining mast at sundown that night, and it fell into the sea by midnight. Captain Godfrey managed to reach the crane of the ship before the mast fell and clung to this until the sea ripped it away. Then he lashed himself to the stem of the schooner and when the ship broke in two the seas pitched that part on which the brave sailor was tied, toward the shore. Life-savers on the shore burning rockets, saw the schooner breaking up and caught a glimpse of the man clinging to a part of the wreckage. They tried to launch a boat, but the high seas beat the frail craft to pieces. Then they shot a line and the half dead man grabbed it. They pulled him through the surf and when near the shore jumped into the sea up to their necks and took him in their arms.

When revived Captain Godfrey said his mate, whose name was Wallick, and five members of the crew, took to the lifeboats early Saturday morning. He saw a big wave dash their boat to pieces and the men disappeared. Alexander Pillmos, the steward, remained with the captain on the stranded vessel, and when she began to break up the two men climbed into the rigging. Pillmos, despairing of being saved, after hours of battle with the storm, became temporarily insane and leaped into the sea. Pillmos has a wife and two children residing on Long Island. Captain Godfrey's home is in Mullbridge, Me.

THE SOS CALL

Dread Summons of the Sea Heard Off Cape Hatteras.

New York, Nov. 4.—The Panama Railroad Steamship company liner Allianca, which has just arrived, reported that she had stood by the steamship Noruega and the sailing ship Geentui, which were in a collision south of Cape Hatteras some time between Thursday night and Friday morning. The wireless operator of the Allianca caught a S O S call at 5:45 o'clock in the morning of Friday and the vessel's course was shifted to the position given by the wireless operator of the Noruega. The weather was thick with a heavy rain falling, so that it was a matter of groping for the two damaged vessels, but presently out of the rain and mist one of the lookouts sang out that he sighted something and they came up to a full rigged ship with her foremast and bowsprit gone, and a mass of tangled rigging on her decks. They next made out the Noruega, which had the ship in tow. The steamer had two holes in her, one a large one at the water line of the starboard bow through which the running seas sloped and washed out boxes from the cargo.

The Allianca ran up the code signal "Want to abandon ship?" The Noruega replied "No," but sent a message by wireless saying that the Allianca might assist in towing if she wished, but as she carried mails, and as the vessels seemed safe enough on their way for Norfolk, it was decided to keep on for New York.

MAY BE LOST

Crew of Life Savers at Port Aransas Overdue Since Friday.

Port Aransas, Tex., Nov. 4.—Great anxiety is felt here because of the strange disappearance of almost the entire life saving crew who were engaged in an effort to take two sick men from the steamer Nicaraguan, which went aground on Padre island, Oct. 16.

Superintendent Hutchinson Wednesday telegraphed the keeper of the life saving station to get a tug and tow a large surf-boat to the Nicaragua and take off two sick men. Captain Edward White with a crew of six men and Dr. J. A. Orr set out in a small gasoline boat with a surf-boat in tow for the grounded steamer, which lies about sixty-five miles down the coast. The party was due to return to Port Aransas Friday, but up to this time no word has been received, and it is feared that disaster has overtaken them. Most of the men are married and have families.

Want Ad Department

Advertisements under this head are charged for at the rate of one-third cent per word for each insertion. The same ad will be placed in the Indianapolis Star and Daily Republican at the combined rate of one cent per word. Found articles of small value will be advertised free of charge.

BRING BACK—My coat you borrowed in June. Bring it in when you come to city and that will save me the trouble of coming after it. J. W. Tompkins. 20216

FOR SALE—two good Globe hot blast, soft coal burners. Claude Walker, Rushville. 20212.

WANTED—to buy several dozen white plymouthrock hens. Claude Walker, Rushville. 20212.

FOR SALE—I have a new soft coal stove which I have at a bargain. Come and see this stove, if you want something good at J. W. Tompkins on First street. 20216.

TO LET—A storage room or carriage shed. Phone 1515 or call Mrs. Flora Gray, corner Fourth and Harrison. 20216

FOR SALE—An Empire soft coal heating stove, 912 North Main street. Will Alexander. 20216

FOR SALE—One brown coat suit, seven dollars; one blue voile dress with slip, two dollars; one long black wrap, five dollars; one fur collar, three dollars. Call 824 North Main or phone 3219. 20212

FOR SALE—Good Favorite base burners. B. L. Trabue. Phone 1329. 20216.

FOR SALE—1 Gas heating stove and 1 clock. Call 844 North Jackson street. Phone 3289. 20216

FOR RENT—One furnished front room. Floyd Hogsett. Phone 1248. 20016.

FOR SALE—2 years old Poland China Boar, Eligible for Registry. J. E. Miller, Rushville, R. 3. 20016

WANTED—Bull Moosers, Republicans and Democrats to try "Yellow Jacket" coal for cook stoves. Phone 3237. D. F. Matlock. 19815.

OVERCOAT EXCHANGED—Will party who exchanged overcoat at the Falmouth social last Friday night please return same to U. G. Hinchman at Fairview. Phone 38-3 Falmouth. 19716

FOR SALE—A Barn at 813 North Oliver St. See Dagler Bros. 19716

FOR SALE—One base burner. Good condition. \$5. Inquire 516 North Sexton. Phone 1693. 19411

FOR SALE—Best Michigan Salt, \$1.20 per barrel. C. W. Hinkle & Co. 7011

FOR SALE—50 White Plymouth Rock Cockerels. Also a few choice pullets, March hatch. M. C. Dawson, Tile Factory, Rushville, Ind. Phone 1218. 179126

FOR SALE—Soft Coal. See Davis & Buell at Davis Bros. livery barn. 13811

FOR SALE—Poland China pigs, both sexes. John F. Boyd. 13011
Best by Test, Fair Promise 5c Cigar
Best by Test, Fair Promise 5c Cigar

FOR RENT—North side house. Corner Fourth and Morgan. Also furnished rooms. Phone 1071. 20211

LOST—Scotch collie pup. Liberal reward if returned to 724 North Harrison street. 20214.

WANTED—to buy a good favorite hard coal burner. Claude Walker, Rushville, Ind. 20212.

FOR RENT—A very desirable home of eight rooms with all modern conveniences and centrally located. Call at shoe store of V. C. Bodine, Monday or Tuesday. 20112

LOST—A ten dollar bill between the Norris Garage and Golden Rule store. Reward. Finder please return to Mrs. Michael Glaska 417 N. Jackson. 20116.

WANTED—Position as housekeeper in Rushville. See Mrs. Halterman at Flora Gray's. Phone 1100. Corner Fourth and Harrison. 20116

FOR SALE—A part of a car load of great western Manure Spreaders which I will sell on long time or for cash cheaper. This is the best chance of your life to get you one of the best one made today for the money, and this is no lie. Best made of any spreader on the market. Come and look this over soon. South of Court House. J. W. Tompkins. 20216.

FOR SALE—Kitchen Cabinet, iron bedstead, mattress and springs and several minor articles. Phone 1515 or call Mrs. Flora Gray, corner Fourth and Harrison. 20216

LOST OR STOLEN—My gray Iver Johnson bicycle, value \$45. Reward for recovering. John S. Abnerombie. 19916.

WANTED—Two experienced band sawyers, steady work and good wages. Apply Central Mfg. Co., Connersville, Ind. 20113

LOST—A ruby set ring in Rushville on Monday night, Oct. 28, 1912. Finder please notify, Mrs. Pearl Addison, Carthage, Ind. 19914.

FOR SALE—Choice Plymouth Rock Roosters. Mrs. Joe Winship, R. R. 2, Rushville. 198112.

FOR RENT—Two rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Modern. Phone 1338. 18711.

MAGAZINE SUBSCRIPTION—"Do it now." Don't wait until publishers get busy. Hargrove & Mullin, news dealers. 19611mo

INDIAN RUNNER DRAKES—White eggs strainer. \$1.00 each. Silver Laced Wyandotte hens. \$1.00 each. \$1.00 per dozen. Mrs. M. L. Pratt, Mays, Ind. 19616

FOR SALE—Solid oak sideboard and table. Splendid condition. Both for \$25. 601 West Fifth 19816.

WANTED—To Rent house with 7 or 8 rooms west of Main street. Phone 1418. 18911

OLD PAPERS—Nice clean newspapers—5 cents a large bundle at The Daily Republican office. 11

FIGURING PADS—For the desk and counter, 4½x7, for sale at the Republican office at 5c. per pound.

PARADE IS BIGGEST SEEN HERE IN YEARS

Continued from Page 1

a band a crowd of enthusiasts. More than a hundred left the parade, because they grew tired waiting for the Shelbyville crowd.

The parade formed in Fifth street on each side of Main and moved down Main street to Second, thence west in Second to Harrison, south in Harrison to First, east in First to Main, north in Main to Second, east in Second to alley leading to the tabernacle. The Arlington band was in the last section of the parade.

WEATHER.

Generally faith tonight and Tuesday. Warmer tonight.

WILL SWEAR IN 15 DEPUTIES

Continued from Page 1

the recipient of the letter from the time he arose on the morning of election until the polls closed to see that he bought no votes.

It was a strange coincidence, too, that, so far as could be learned, all the men who received such letters were Republicans. It was not thought that the Democratic county committee would indulge in such a practice, and Sam Trabue, Democratic county chairman, denied that any unsigned letters had been sent out from Democratic headquarters.

One of the men who received one of these letters was righteously indignant because of the veiled insinuation in the letter and was anxious to know who wrote it.

MOTORBIKE AND AUTO COLLIDE

Continued from Page 1

where he was examined. His clothes were torn and dirty. He received the hardest blow on the left shoulder. A hole was torn through his coat but his shoulder was not hurt in the least.

Gunning declared that he was not wholly to blame, although he admitted that the accident was partially his fault. He said that he expected Leisure to turn in Main street and so he did not decrease his speed in order to let him pass.

Leisure said that he did not think the automobile was going straight ahead, but that it would turn. Eyewitnesses say that both men appeared to be uncertain about just what course to take and that their hesitancy caused the accident.

Gunning declared to the crowd of men which collected that he was not running his automobile more than six or eight miles an hour. Plenty of people who saw the accident said they would swear that the automobile was running from twenty to twenty-five miles an hour.

The motorcycle was damaged to the extent of fifty dollars, which Gunning agreed to pay as soon as the machine is repaired. The frame was bent, the handlebars badly twisted, the light broken, one pedal broken off and another twisted, the front fender bent and back tire punctured.

The front axle of the automobile was bent and the pipe leading to the gasoline tank was broken but Gunning was able to drive the machine away after the accident. There were three other men, one a negro, in the automobile with him.

EASTERN STAR MEETING.

Martha Poe chapter No. 143 O. E. S. will hold their regular meeting Tuesday night. A good attendance is desired.

TAFT VOTE WILL BE BIG SURPRISE

Continued from page 1.

ing their backs on him. They have come to understand that a vote for Roosevelt in half vote for Wilson and they refuse to aid any free-trader to get into the white house and bring about depressed business conditions such as were caused by the last Democratic administration."

Mr. Youse exploded that old story that all traveling men are Bull Mooseers. He said that on the contrary very few of them were for Roosevelt. He said they realized that to keep conditions as good as they have been they must have Republican tariff policy in force.

Mr. Youse declared that Marion county is not such a Bull Moose stronghold as the Indianapolis Star pictures it, and that the vote will show it. He declared Taft would carry Michigan by 85,000.

Our Choice in 1916

Many of the stores in the business district were decorated Saturday night for the Republican rally, but none has as an attractive appearance as Ben A. Cox, the shoe man. He had a picture of James E. Watson in front of an electric light, which flashed intermittently. In front of the store suspended on a banner was Watson's picture with the inscription, "OUR CHOICE IN 1916."

STILL SCREAMING.

Muncie Press: Evidently James E. Watson struck home with his shots at the yellow press of Richmond. Jim spoke in the Quaker city last Friday evening and the screaming has not yet ceased in the office of the Richmond Bedlamian.

A festival will be held at 419 East Eighth street this evening. Supper will be served at five o'clock.

Efficiency Conservatism Accommodation

Are some of the Cardinal Points upon which we Hope for a Share of your Trust Company Business.

We Appreciate the Patronage of our many Friends and solicit those who have Business that may be aided by any Department of our Trust Company.

A First Mortgage Loan A Savings Account
Your Surplus Funds Fire Insurance

A Safety Deposit Box

**A Trust Fund---Executor Under Will,
Guardian, Trustee, Manager or Agent.**

WE INVITE YOU TO CALL, IF INTERESTED.

**The Peoples
Loan and Trust Company**

Rushville, Indiana

"The Home For Savings"

Capital Stock, \$50,000

Surplus Fund, \$10,000

FROM JAPAN

Comes a New Line of

SMOKED BAMBOO BASKETS

They are beauties and

**MUST BE SEEN TO
BE APPRECIATED**

They cannot be duplicated and
Christmas is not far away.

WHY NOT BUY NOW

99 CENT STORE

You Want Good Bread Cake and Pastry

For Your Thanksgiving Dinner

so when you order your groceries, don't forget to include a sack of CLARK'S PURITY FLOUR, and if you don't say it is the best you ever used, call PHONE 1149, and we will refund your money.

NEW BULK KRAUT

BULK DILL PICKLES PURE MAPLE SYRUP

NEW PANCAKE FLOUR

FRESH MILK WHEATINA

SALT RAISING BREAD

L. L. ALLEN, Grocer

Phone 1420

327-329, Main St.

DEMOCRATIC

POSITION on the "CORRUPT-PRACTICES ACT"

We insist that this Election Must be HONEST and CLEAN and we therefore Pledge Ourselves to Enforce the "CORRUPT-PRACTICES ACT." We ask all law-abiding citizens to assist us in our fight against corruption of the ballot, and we offer

\$100.00 REWARD

For information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person who buys or attempts to buy votes, or who sells or offer to sell his vote or otherwise violates said "CORRUPT-PRACTICES ACT" in this campaign and Election and we have set aside a fund to prosecute any offender.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE

Samuel L. Trabue, Chairman
James S. Casady, Vice-Chairman
James T. Arbuckle, Secretary
Virgil R. Spurgeon, Treasurer

ADVERTISEMENT